SELECTIVE SEARCH 149 THE COMPUTER CHESS MAGAZINE!

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Rybka 4/Deep Rybka 4 is out and tops the Rating Lists as well as winning at **Leiden** on a 128-Core Cluster. Above: Programmer **Vasik Rajlich** watches it at work!

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SELECTIVE SEARCH is produced by ERIC HALLSWORTH

All CORRESPONDENCE and SUBSCRIPTIONS please to: Eric Hallsworth, 45 Stretham Road, Wilburton, Cambs CB6 3RX. Or E-MAIL: eric@elhchess.demon.co.uk

All COMPUTER CHESS PRODUCTS are available from COUNTRYWIDE COMPUTERS LTD, Victoria House, 1 High Street, Wilburton, Cambs CB6 3RB. Tel: <u>01353 740323</u> for INFO or to ORDER.

Free COLOUR CATALOGUE. Readers can ring ERIC at COUNTRYWIDE, Mon-Fri, 10.15am-4.45pm

CHESS COMPUTERS AND PC PROGRAMS... THE BEST BUYS!

The **RATINGS** for these computers and PC programs are on the back pages. This is not a complete product listing - they are what I think are the **BEST BUYS** bearing in mind price, playing strength, features and quality.

Further info/photos are on my website and in Countrvwide's colour CATALOGUE, available free if you ring or write to the address/phone no. shown on the front page. Postage: portable £6, table-top £7.50, software £2.

- SPECIAL SUBSCRIBER'S OFFER: 5% OFF all DEDICATED COMPUTERS on this page and 5% OFF all SOFTWARE prices shown here.
- but please mention 'SS' when you order to remind our salesperson to do the discount for you!

PORTABLE COMPUTERS [port

ADVANCED TRAVEL £36 - Saitek's smaller Club plug-in set 160 ECF. Scrolling info display. Great value! MAESTRO touch screen travel £55 - fine Saitek product, incl. Leatherette case. Backlight switch on side for ease of use. Decent chess, est'd 130 ECF

NEW YORK de luxe touch chess £72 - best graphics of all the touch screens, with backlight, incl. stylus, protective carry pouch. Batteries only, est'd 125 ECF

EXPERT £92.50 - top value! 41/2"x41/2" plug-in board, strong Morsch program. Multiple levels, good info display & coach system. From Saitek, 175 ECF

TABLE-TOP PRESS SENSORY [ps]

where you see ** the price includes the adaptor!

STAR AQUAMARINE £59.95 - lovely Novag chess computer with the Carnelian1 program in a very attractive press-sensory board. Nice 130 ECF program, display for moves, plenty of levels, low price

EXPLORER PRO £72.95** - the 170 ECF Challenger program in very attractive Explorer board, and now with adaptor included. Excellent value, smart design. Mains or Batteries, with info display and 170 ECF program

CHALLENGER £65** - Cougar '2100' program in standard design board, Staunton style pieces. A very good value-for-money buy and 170 ECF rated

MASTER £145** - the Mephisto Milano Pro/Senator program and features, in attractive 13"x10" board with Staunton style pieces. Very strong at blitz and tournament or in analysis, with good info display, and incl. plastic carry case.

CARNELIAN 2 £79 - lovely Novag unit, with wood pieces - looks really good on the table. Nice 140 ECF program, display for moves, plenty of levels.

OBSIDIAN £129 - 170 ECF with a nice carry case! Good looking Novag board with decent wood pieces. Plays good chess and has an excellent range of features and levels, info display etc

TABLE-TOP AUTO SENSORY [as]

CITRINE £229** - New 180 ECF all wood auto-sensory with improved, faster Obsidian program, and bigger 24,000+ opening book. Nice wood felted Staunton pieces, 64 leds, wide range of playing levels + separate info display system to access excellent range of features. With serial port cable for PC connection.

PC PROGRAMS from CHESSBASE on CD

All run INDEPENDENTLY + will interact with other ChessBase engines + ChessBase9/10. Great graphics, big databases + opening books, analysis, top features.

For info.... £42.95 less 5% = £40.50 !

- and...... £84.95 less 5% = £80.50 |

FRITZ 12 dvd £42.95 - by Franz Morsch, 40 Elo stronger than Fritz11, with new search methods and extra chess knowledge - a marvellous program! Superb Interface, 'net connection, great Graphics incl. amazing 3D. Excellent new features for analysis, study and play. Game/diagram printing, good hobby levels, set your own Elo, many helpful features, includes big Games database, 13 hours of Chess Media video training excerpts, and Beginners Course!

DEEP FRITZ 12 £84.95 for single/dual/multi PCs HIARCS 12 dvd £36.95 - Mark Uniacke's GREAT new program. Top opening theory, a very dangerous opponent and clever in quieter positions with knowledge improvements + faster searching. Excellent as always DEEP HIARCS 12 £75 for single/dual/multi PCs!

SHREDDER 12 dvd £42.95 - Stefan Meyer-Kahlen's latest in its great, new ChessBase Interface. Featurepacked & knowledge-based, with new 'deeper search' routines to play fast, high power and stylish chess. 60/80 Elo stronger than Shredder 10!

DEEP SHREDDER 12 £84.95 for single/dual/multi PCs. **JUNIOR 10 £35** - the *ChessBase* version of the 2004 World Champion program by Ban & Bushinsky. DEEP JUNIOR 10 £65 - for single/dual/multi PCs

POWERBOOKS dvd £44.50 - turn your ChessBase playing engine into an **openings expert!** 20 million opening positions + 1 million games!!

ENDGAME TURBO 3 with 9 dvds (!) £44.50 - turn your ChessBase playing engine into an endgame expert with this 9 dvd Nalimov tablebase set!

RYBKA 4 for PC on dvdl

RYBKA 4... IM Vasik Railich's RYBKA uci engine, the Computer Chess World Champion which tops every Rating List. Incredibly strong, a remarkable program.

- CHESSBASE version in latest interface, with exciting new RYBKA analysis features.
- SP Rybka4 £43.50, MP Deep Rybka4 £85
- Convekta's AQUARIUM version in new Chess Assistant interface, again with full features.
- SP single Rybka4 £43.50. MP Deep Rybka4 £85

IPC DATABASES on CDI

CHESSBASE 10 STARTER on dvd £125

The best Games Database system, with the top features. 3.9+ million games, players encyclopaedia, multimedia presentations, fast search trees and statistics, + opening books and reports, engine analysis, printing, Internet access for automatic game collection updates and much more! MEGA version 10 £225









NEWS AND RESULTS

KEEPING YOU UP-TO-DATE IN THE COMPUTER CHESS WORLD

Welcome to another new issue of **Selective Search**... no. 149. If your sub. is due for renewal, **please** subscribe again! There will be at least 6 more issues of the magazine!

The label on your envelope shows the number of the last issue you will receive of your current subscription, so it's easy to check that, as well as make sure it's been updated after you've made a renewal payment!

If you renew by credit card, please note that I <u>must</u> have the **security code** (last 3 numbers on the back) as well as the card number and expiry date - thanks!

SELECTIVE SEARCH, A SUB RISE :-(

I'm truly sorry, but I really have to do something about the subscription prices with yet another UK postal increase a few months ago. It is the 3rd increase since the subs were last changed in 2007, and that was the first increase for about 4 years and 3 previous postage increases I think. The printing costs haven't changed much, but that's partly because I don't have as many subscribers as I used to, so the actual printing cost per issue has in fact risen slightly.

The editorial of the current issue of BCM says, "The past few years have been challenging times for printed media of all kinds, as the growth of the Internet has changed the face of traditional journalism. Every magazine needs to respond to these challenges".

At present I estimate that each issue takes around 60 'Human+PC' hours to produce, and then another few hours labelling and stamping, with extra labels and customs declarations for my readers abroad. A 40 page issue such as this one - I really must keep to 36 pages! - probably earns me, from the look of my 2009 Tax Return, not much more than £60, so that's £1.00 an hour!

There is an added advantage of the magazine in that some readers buy things from Countrywide. That doesn't actually earn me anything, but it does help to support our future here.

Can I make some changes, to improve the magazine, to make it more interesting or attractive? Could I produce a version that can be downloaded, like an eBook from off the Internet? How many readers would go for that, and how many would still need or prefer to have a printed copy? How much would it cost me to make my website secure and foolproof to enable that? Is there any way I can reduce the amount of time I spend on the magazine each issue, or would new ideas actually have the reverse effect?! I will be 68 in just a few months time so I'm after simplification and a bit less work if anything, but I do enjoy doing the magazine... I must do (I tell myself!), I've been doing it single handedly since 1985!

Anyway to earn for myself a little financial reward from the magazine, and to enable occasional 40 page issues when, like this time, there's too much going on to squeeze into 36 pages, the new prices will be:

- UK subscribers £24
- European address subscribers: £30
- ■Rest of the World subscribers: £34

These prices are based on my postage costs of 6 UK issues = £1.92, 6 Europe issues = £7.86 and 6 Rest of the World issues = £10.92. I guess these costs will go up again next April, but hopefully the new subscription prices can be maintained until 2012 and then I'll have another look at where we're at!

And yes... if you've any ideas for new articles or production improvements that will save me time (but not cost me more money!), or will save me money (but not cost me more time!), then please do write!

CHESS: NEWS SECTION

HIARCS 13 AND RYBKA 4

Both HIARCS 13.1 uci for PC, and RYBKA

4 in *ChessBase* and *Chess Assistant* versions duly came out just as issue 148 was going out. I somehow knew that would happen!

You get Hiarcs 13.1 from the Hiarcs' website

· http://www.hiarcs.com

... but you get Rybka from me! As well as the Rybka 4 and Deep Rybka 4 versions there is also a new Rybka 4 Book tournament opening book by I.M Jiri Dufek. Of course you do get an opening book with your basic Rybka 4 purchase, but Dufek's is compiled to give an objective representation of all openings. The Rybka Cluster set-up has been used to extend the range and improve the accuracy.

Readers probably already know from our last issue that Topalov used Rybka's help for his openings, and Anand used Hiarcs' help. While you're at the Hiarcs website look out for downloadable super tournathe ment Hiarcs book! This book is also compiled by adding all the latest openings used in top GM and Computer games, and then getting them analysed by computer engines for maximum accuracy, with New lines [TN's] added and extended by the engines where improvements or interesting new ideas are found. When you buy it you get a subscription which enables you to download bimonthly Hiarcs Book upgrades for the next 12 months so you stay seriously up-to-date!

Mark Uniacke played the **Rybka Dufek** book v the **Hiarcs Tournament** book in a 300 game match at G/3+2, with Deep Rybka 4 playing both sides so that it was a true Book test and not an engine test. The Hiarcs Book won by 152-148, which is what you'd call close! I doubt that there's anywhere you can get better all-round Opening help than these two Books can give you!

CHESS: RESULTS SECTION

FRANK HOLT

In our recent issues Frank had been busy testing various new engines in their 64-bit

versions on his new Quad PC! Each engine plays 2 games against the same 12 top opponents, so their total scores can be easily compared. Results so far are:

■ FIREBIRD 1.0.1	21/24
■ ROBBOLITO 0.085e4	181/2/24
■ STOCKFISH 1.7.1	171/2/24

This time he's done the same with an **Ivanhoe** version, **63Mod5a**, and **Rybka** 3!

IVANHOE 63 MOD5A

■ v Hiarcs12	11/2-1/2
■ v Rybka3 Dynamic	11/2-1/2
■ v Robbolito 85e4	1-1
■ v Rybka3 Human	2-0
■ v Zap Zanzibar	2-0
■ v Stockfish 1.7.1	2-0
■ v Shredder11	2-0
■ v Fritz11	2-0
■ v Bright0.4a3	11/2-1/2
■ v Togall 1.4beta5c	1-1
■v FireBird 1.1	1/2-11/2
■v Rybka2.2n2	11/2-1/2
■ IVANHOE 63Mod5a TOTAL	181/2/2

RYBKA 3

■ v Hiarcs12	11/2-1/2
■ v Rybka3 Dynamic	2-0
■ v Robbolito 85e4	11/2-1/2
■ v Rybka3 Human	2-0
■ v Zap Zanzibar	2-0
■ v Ivanhoe 63Mod5a	11/2-1/2
■v Shredder11	2-0
■ v Fritz11	11/2-1/2
■ v Bright0.4a3	2-0
■v Togall 1.4beta5c	11/2-1/2
■v FireBird 1.1	11/2-1/2
■v Stockfish 1.7.1	1-1
■ RYBKA 3 TOTAL	20/24

The Stockfish score drops by 2 pts because of its results against the new engines, so our totals now are:

■FIREBIRD 1.0.1	21
■RYBKA 3	20
■ IVANHOE 63Mod5a	181⁄2
■ ROBBOLITO 0.085e4	181⁄2
■STOCKFISH 1.7.1	151/2

There's now a new Stockfish 1.8 out as well, of course, as Rybka 4 itself, so it will very interesting to see how they fare in these tests which differ a little to the usual methods used

PETER GRAYSON

Peter has played Stockfish 1.7.1 against both the **Rybka**'s in his 50 game Silversuite, and this is the comparison for that:

- Rybka 3 v Stockfish 1.7.1 46½-53½
- Rybka 4 v Stockfish 1.7.1 651/2-341/2

A massive performance difference for Rybka 4, though results from most testers are finding something more like a 40 or 50 Elo gap. Peter's suggest around 120 Elo and he agrees surely exaggerating must be the improvement! However there is a debate on about the Rybka4 time control settings, and they appear to have been aimed for users playing against them on one PC so that Thinking In Opponent's Time (Ponder On) is enabled, or for playing on 2 separate computers or any arrangement where Ponder is on, as Peter does it. There is a definite tendency for Rybka4 to use up a little too much time too soon when it is playing with Ponder Off.

Since then **Stockfish 1.8** has come out - "it seems to play safer and doesn't do as well on the Test Suites such as WM-100" says Peter, a bit disappointed, but results have improved:

■ Rybka 4 v Stockfish 1.7.1 59-41

Peter remains unconvinced that "more hash is always best", and hopes to produce some definitive figures for our next Issue!

ERIC HALLSWORTH

I've been pretty busy at the office, trying to work out how to sell stuff on Amazon and eBay, and at home trying to smarten up our website whilst keeping up with some Hiarcs testing. In between all that and *Selective Search* production I walk the dog and say the occasional "hello" to my wife!

But I also tested the new **Stockfish 1.8**:

- Stockfish 1.8 v Stockfish 1.7.1 321/2-271/2
- Stockfish 1.8 v Rybka 3 35½-24½
- Stockfish 1.8 v Rybka 4 30-30

I don't believe Stockfish1.8 is as strong as these results suggest! Most testers are only getting between as low as a 10 Elo improvement up to around 20-25 Elo maximum, so the latest changes must suit the new engine on my slower dual core hardware I think, and it doesn't improve as much at longer time controls or on fast 64-bit hardware. It searches deeper but with the inevitable side effect of it playing a little more cautiously, but there's no doubt that Stockfish is a name to watch out for. I may replay it's matches v Rybka 3 and Rybka 4 at a longer time control and see if there's much of a change... I'll let you know!

I did try out some of the recommended changes to the Time Control settings in Ryb-ka4, but my Ponder Off results actually dropped off, though only slightly. Also I've seen on the IPON site, which uses Ponder On in its tests, that their rating after 1,800 Rybka 4 games shows Rybka 4 to be 45 Elo above Rybka 3, so maybe there's actually nothing in the time control issue after all?!

One final thing re **Rybka4**. I'm not so keen to publish results from 'clone matches'. Though I am sharing those sent in by readers, I have no great desire to encourage them. So certain is everybody that the 'clones' are using stolen code that none of the major Rating Lists on the Internet, such as CEGT, CCRL, SSDF etc. are willing to include them, and they aren't allowed in authorised Tournaments at all. Houdini does appear on the IPON list (where it's behind Rybka4) and that's about it! So you'll have to take my word for this, but in my matches against FireBird, IvanHoe and Houdini, where Rybka3 was getting around 40%, Rybka4 averages around 50%, that's a good improvement! I reckon the Rvbka3->4 difference is somewhere between 40-80 Elo. I know that's a huge gap which you wont find terribly helpful, but it's hard to be more specific as yet. The CCRL gap is only 16, but the CEGT show a 66 Elo improvement!

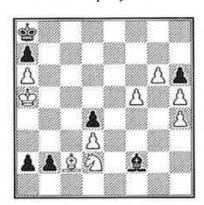
Vasily SMYSLOV - A SMALL SELECTION OF HIS EXCELLENT STUDIES AND PROBLEMS

To mark the sad passing from this life of the great Chess Grandmaster Vasily Smyslov I included, in the last issue, 6 of his marvellous Studies for my readers and their computers to have a go at. If you did you will have found some of them to be pretty difficult - as did our top chess engines!

Here are the Studies again with, as promised, the Solutions. Built into the solutions are my report on the efforts of 5 top engines: **Rybka4**, **Fritz12**, **Hiarcs13**, **Shredder12** and **Stockfish1.8**, all running in MP mode on my Dual2Core/2600 Laptop.

Finally, before we start, it's hats off to Mr. Smyslov - to create these Studies so many years before today's "mighty" PC engines, and to give the engines such a hard time, and NOT have even one of the Studies become suspect, never mind broken, by the engines is nothing short of brilliant.

1. White to play and win



I mentioned that the key is knowing about under-promotions.

1.臭b1!

The engines choose this, they think other moves lose but that this at least gets the draw. Not 1.包b1 a1營+ 2.全b5 營a2-+

Nor 1.g7 a1增+ 2.db5 增g1 3.f6=

1...a1營+ 2.全b5 皇g3

If 2... \mathref{\mathref{M}}\ a3 3.g7+-

3.g7 臭b8!

Now comes the key move!

The engines have got everything right so far, which is strange because they don't all manage to find the next, vital move... which

is why they still think the game will be drawn of course!?

4.g8臭!!

Not found by R4, Sfish1.8, F12 or S12, which all still think the game is drawn. But found by H13 in 1m25.

The popular choice 4.g8豐 is no good as 4...豐a4+5.堂xa4 is stalemate

4...**单f**4

4... 全e5 is the R4 choice and it thinks it has saved the game as it shows b0.17. But after 5. 全ga2! it was showing w5.96 and knew it was lost. 5... 全b8 (5... 全f6 6. 包e4 全d8 7. 全c6 wins) 6. 包e4

5.\(\mathbb{Q}\)ga2 \(\mathbb{Q}\)xd2

Or 5.... 2e5 6. 2e4! 如b8 7. 2c6 2g7 (=7... 如c8 8.f6 如d8 9. 如b7+-) 8.f6 2f8 9. 2d6! 豐xb1 10. 2xb1 如a8 11. 2c7 2e7 12. 2c8 2d8 13. 2a2 b1 24. 2d5+ 2b7+ 15. axb7#

6.f6! **\$f4 7.f7 \$d6 8.\$c6 \$f8 9.\$c7 1-0**

2. White to play and win



An easier one!

1.单d8+

H13 instant, F12 7secs, S12 1sec, R4 11secs, Sfish1.8 6secs. A 100% score!

1...**⊈b**4

If 1...\subseteq xd8 the fork 2.\subseteq xc6+

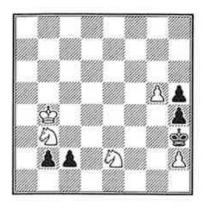
2.a3+ **⊈**c5

If 2...党xa3 3.置f1 (3. **a**5 followed by 置f1 also wins) 3...党b4 4.置a1 營xd8 (anything else and White mates quickly) 5.②xc6+ 党b5 6.②xd8 1-0

3. **axf6 gxf6 4. ac3 d5 5.e5 fxe5 6. ac7 增xc7** 6...exd4+ 7.exd4+ **b**5 8.a4#

7.②xe6+ **설d6 8.**②xc7 **설xc7 9.h5! 1-0**. The engines got full marks for that one!

3. White to play and win



This one is quite easy, but as soon as I saw what the winning move was for some reason it still amused me and brought a smile to my face. Chess can be fun!

1.**夕ec1**

For both Sfish1.8 and H13 the instant choice, and both see the under—promotion and win in 12/13secs. F12, R4 and S12 also choose the move instantly, but don't see the coming under—promotion, so only think it draws

1...b1營 2.查c3 查g4 3.g6 h3 4.g7 查h4

Well now, do the engines which failed see the under-promotion earlier now find it here?

5.g8臭

R4 no, it plays g8\mathbb{H} which is a draw, F12 finds the under-promotion in 1min6, S12 finds it in 4secs but isn't convinced that it's a win even after a couple of minutes. Hiarcs and Stockfish understood what was going on at move 1 so have it instantly and with big evaluations

5.g8曾? 曾b2+ 6.含xb2 stalemate

5... 空g4 6. 息h7 空f3

If 6... 查f4 7. 毫xc2 徵xc2+ 8. ₾xc2 查e3
9. ②d2 查f2 10. 查d3 查g2 11. 查e2 h4
(11... 查xh2 12. 查f2 h4 13. ②f1+ 查h1
14. ②e2 h2 15. ②fg3+ hxg3+ 16. ②xg3#)
12. 查e1 查g1 13. ②f3+ 查g2 14. ②xh4+ 登xh2
15. 查f2 查h1 16. ②e2 查h2 17. ②f3+ 查h1
18. ②g3#

But not 7. ②xc2? 營xc2+ 8. 查xc2 查g2 draws

7... 查g2 8. 包xb1 1-0

4. White to play and draw



How can White stop the a3/pawn from queening without Black's king charging down the board to win the game?!

1.b6!

Sfish1.8 finds this in 15secs and showing -3.00 at first but the evaluation starting to tumble after 1min. F12 has it after 8secs and eval already dropping <1.00 so that was good. The other three were slower: S12 takes 1m46 to find the move but when it finds it knows it's a draw, H13 takes 1min3 but eval is tumbling a few secs later, and R4 similarly finds it in 54secs and eval tumbling just after 1min

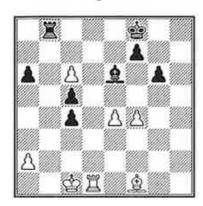
Not 1. 空e2? 空c7! (1...a2 2. 罩a1 罩a3 (2... 空c7 3. 空d3 空b6 4. 空e4! (4. 空c4? g4!) 4... 罩a5 5. 空f5 罩xb5+ 6. 空g4 罩a5 7. 空h5) 3. 空d1 空c7 4. 空c1! (4. 空c2? 罩xg3) 4... 空b6 5. 空b2 罩a5 6. 罩xa2) 2. 空d3 空b6 3. 空c4 (3. 空e4 罩a5!) 3... g4! 4. 空d4 a2 5. 罩a1 空xb5 6. 空e4 空b4 7. 空f4 空b3 8. 空xg4 空b2 9. 罩xa2+ 空xa2

Once the engines have found the secret to b6 they get the rest without any trouble 1...a2 2.罩a1 堂c8 3.g4 堂b7 4.g3 堂xb6 5.堂g2 堂b5 6.堂h3 堂b4 7.鼍xa2 鼍xa2

Not 7...\(\mathbb{G}\)c8 8.\(\mathbb{G}\)b2+\(\pm\)

I enjoyed that one, it's very clever the way it works. Even 2 or 3 moves into Smyslov's solution (I didn't use an engine first time through) I thought "this can't work"... but of course it does!

5. White to play and win



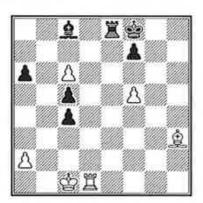
This one is getting harder! It's one thing to find the first move, but we/they have to find the 4th move, 4.f6, as well in order to get the win.

1.f5

All the engines find 1.f5 very quickly, which is good. But none of them have seen 4.f6 in their forward analysis, so they only have low + evals.

This is okay, of course, they are headed in the right direction... but they'll have to find the correct 4th move when they get there or they'll have failed.

1...gxf5 2. &h3 罩e8 3.exf5 &c8



The next move is also key. Can they find the vital move when they reach this position? **4.f6!**

Greatly restricting the Black king's escape options and making the back rank a very dangerous place to be!

R4, F12 and Sfish1.8 want to play c7 which only draws as Black responds with f6 himself, gaining freedom squares for its king. S12 and H13 have 4.\mathbb{\mathbb{H}}d5 and again the reply f6 draws

So a total PC failure here. Perhaps Smyslov's got it wrong? No way!

4...\(\delta xh3\)

and now...

5.c7!

F12 thinks this is a mistake and that Black is now definitely winning, as does H13 for about 30secs?! The other engines think the game is heading for a draw.

5...c3 6.\mathbb{\mathbb{E}}d8!

After this both R4 and Sfish1.8 see that White wins, so this pair get the best PC marks this time. Even so not all that great having missed the 4th move. Still left behind are F12, H13 which have just joined S12 in thinking it's 0.00

6...\$f5 7.a4

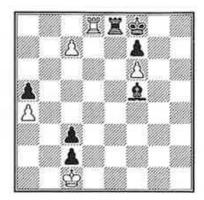
H13 just manages to join R4 and Sfish in seeing that White is winning 7...a5

Here S12 sees that a5 loses, instead choosing 7...c2 which it thinks is a draw. But 8.堂b2! a5 9.堂c1 transposes to the main line in which, as we shall see, wins for White.

8.**설d1 c2+ 9.垫c1 c4 10.垒d2 c3+** 10...c1**当+** 11.**空**xc1 c3 12.**全**d1! **2**e6 13.**全**c2 **2**h3 14.**2**xc3 **2**c8 15.**2**d4 is 1-0

F12 has 10... 全8 and still believes it's 0.00, but 11. 空xc2 全b7 12. 空c3 皇a6 13. 空d4 全b7 14. 空xc4 wins of course

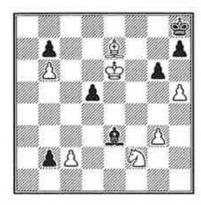
11.**⊈c1**



and Black must make a move he doesn't want to, with either the king to g8 (losing his rook) or the bishop (losing either the c2/△ heralding the start of White's king advance or, worse still allowing \(\exists xe8 + \div xe8 \) c8=Qmate). All the engines now know it's 1-0, but three of them, especially Fritz, certainly took their time!

Frank Holt used a wide range of 3 top commercial and 4 very strong uci engines, and did all the tests. Thanks for the results Frank! They got 100% (!) on tests 1-5, but on test 6 only Rybka3 64-bit got the correct solution! Top marks!

6. White to play and win



I asked last time "Will any engine find this". It is certainly the toughest one and I think both White's 1st and 2nd moves have to be found. Even then (and they had to be shown the moves on my laptop) some of the engines think that Black is the one with an easy win!

It takes quite a while for them to see the power of the threat to g7 then, when they see that Black's queen and bishop can both cover g7, I think they must give the line up without realising that White's knight can interfere with this situation. Perhaps that has helped you to solve it before you switch your engines on again?! Go on, have a go!

1.空f7!

After showing the engines this winning move, here are their evaluations: F12 -5.93, S12 -4.04, H13 -4.71, R4 -4.57. However having been at around -6.00 Sfish1.8 starts an evaluation tumble at 2mins as it alone now sees White's next (2.h6!). At 2m41 the eval is 0.00 and at 3m42 it is +10.34

As they are all convinced at the outset that $2^{\circ}f$?! loses, they all look for the best saving line they can find. In fact in choosing $1.2^{\circ}f$ 6+they do see slight chances of a White win after $1...2^{\circ}g$ 8 $2.2^{\circ}x$ 5 $2.2^{\circ}x$ 6 $2.2^{\circ}x$ 7 $2.2^{\circ}x$ 7 $2.2^{\circ}x$ 8 $2.2^{\circ}x$ 8 $2.2^{\circ}x$ 8 $2.2^{\circ}x$ 9 $2.2^{\circ}x$ 9

But now let us return to the line which definitely wins, whatever the PC engines think!

1....**拿d4**

Okay, the next move HAS to be found as well. Can they find it now they are here

2.h6!

F12, H13 and R4 all choose 2.c3 and have White -4.00 or so. So it's a thumbs down for them, but S12 finds h6! in 10secs and jumps to a +4.49 evaluation at 56secs. Well done!

Obviously Sfish1.8, once it found h6 at Black's move 1 it would stay in hash tables and be there for White instantly. So that takes top marks, but I did switch the engine off and then back on again just to see how quickly it found h6 from here, and it took 1min15 searching from scratch. The eval jumped to a startling +20.00 at 1m42!

2...b1營

Another 'only hope' move, but if I show you the line 1...g5? 3.皇f8 b1營 4.皇g7+ 皇xg7 5.hxg7# you can see the mating net Black is fighting to avoid

3.皇f8 營a1



4.包d1!

Sfish1.8 and S12 already know this wins of course. F12 chooses it quickly and realises it is winning at 41secs. H13 has it instantly and is +3.00 at 8secs while R4 has it almost instantly but needs 2mins to be certain that it wins

4...\delta e5

4... **增**xd1?? 5. **皇**g7+ **皇**xg7 6.hxg7# **5.g4**

One of my engines was showing m/17 here

5...增d4 6.包e3 增f4+

In his pre-PC days Smyslov shows here a line that has allowed a slightly quicker mate than was necessary. 6... b2 would last longer but there is still a m/15 announcement with 7.g5

7.20f5 gxf5

Again 7... who makes the game last longer, but 8. 2xh6 is m/7 anyway 8.2g7+ 2xg7 9.hxg7# 1-0. Truly great stuff!

RYBKA RISING FROM THE ASHES?!

To celebrate RYBKA4's arrival in early June, Martin Thoresen ran a 12 engine double round all-play-all Event, adding to the excitement by maintaining daily updates of the scores on the Internet. The strange title comes from Rybka3's struggles with the clones!

The tournament was run on very fast i7/4000 MHz hardware, using Win7 and 64-bit, and the time control was 40/17mins to simulate the time control used by the CCRL. All the engines used exactly the same Opening Book, Modern SGM v3, but the use of it was limited to 8 moves so that it was a test of engine strength with the programs having to make opening and development decisions, thus it would be a real test of all round engine strength.

The list of entrants was mouth watering, containing a wide sample of top commercial and strong free uci engines able to run within the Deep Fritz 12 gui.

- Rybka 4 64-bit, 4cpu
- Stockfish 1.7.1 64-bit, 4cpu
- Naum 4.2 64-bit, 4cpu
- Shredder 12 64-bit, 4cpu
- Critter 0.70 64-bit, 4cpu
- Zappa Mexico II 64-bit, 4cpu
- Sieng WC2000 64-bit, 4cpu
- Onno 1.2.7 64-bit, 4cpu
- Thinker 5.4 Inert 64-biy, 4cpu
- Spark 0.4 64-bit, 4cpu
- Hiarcs 13.1 32-bit, 4cpu
- Komodo 1.2 64-bit, 1cpu

Hiarcs and Komodo are listed at the end only because their use of the i7/4000MHz was limited... Hiarcs because it only runs in 32-bit mode at present, and Komodo because it only runs in [S]ingle [P]rocessor at present.

There was a shock as early as round 2 with Stockfish beating Rybka in just 32 moves, but Komodo was finding life difficult running in SP mode and lost its first 3 games quite quickly until it beat Onno in round 4. Hiarcs made a good 3/4 start but lost to Stockfish in round 5, and the latter had become a runaway leader at this early stage.

Scores after 5 rounds:

- 5 Stockfish
- 3½ Rybka
- 3 Hiarcs, Naum, Zappa, Critter
- 2 Thinker
- 1 Onno, Sjeng, Shredder, Komodo, Spark

There were quite a few draws in the next few rounds, including Komodo v Stockfish, and when Naum beat Stockfish in round 7 the whole thing became a lot tighter. Even so, after 10 rounds Stockfish was still the clear leader:

Leaders after 10 rounds:

- 8 Stockfish
- 7 Rybka
- 6½ Critter
- 6 Naum
- 5 Komodo, Zappa
- 4½ Shredder, Hiarcs

Did the sight of SP Komodo there on 5/10 make you blink for a moment? It had recorded wins v Sjeng and Zappa, and a draw with Rybka! I guess it will be rather strong when it goes MP!

Onno, which was near the bottom, then beat Rybka in round 11, so Stockfish was 2 pts clear of Naum, Critter and Rybka at the half-way stage. We'll have to look at the Onno v Rybka game, it only lasted 26 moves!

Оnno 1.2.7 х64 4сри - Rybka 4 х64 4сри

Opening B92 1.e4 c5 2.ହାf3 d6 3.d4 cxd4 4.ହxd4 ହାରେ 5.ହc3 a6 6.ஓe2 e5 7.ஹb3 ĝe7 8.0-0 ĝe6 The book they are using is limited to 8 moves either side, so it is interesting to see how the engines fare in seeking to find 'book' moves! 9.f4! 0.32/19 33 9... 曾c7! 0.31/17 43 10.4h1! 0.54/18 33 10...0-0! 0.20/19 70 11.f5! 0.63/19 24 11... 2c4! 0.14/18 31 12.g4! 0.46/19 27 12...h6! 0.41/17 25 13.g5! 0.89/20 31 13...hxg5! 0.44/18 21 14.\(\hat{2}\)xg5! 0.91/19 24 14...**公bd7!** 0.58/17 7 15.罩g1! 0.91/19 36 15... \(\begin{aligned} \) 15... \(\begin{aligned} \) 16.\(\begin{aligned} \) 26 16.\(\begin{aligned} \) 26 16.\(\begin{aligned} \) 26 16.\(\begin{aligned} \) 27 16.\(\begin{aligned} \begin{aligned} \) 27 16.\(\begin{aligned} \begi 0.92/19 31 16... **曾xc4!** 0.36/14 4 17. **曾f3!** 0.92/19 24. (Bh6). Astonishing and an excellent example of the quality of modern PC play, which is why the moves all have an ! - every move is marked 'green for playable' in the Fritz12 book



17... **≜f8?!** 0.60/16 33. Here 17... **₫**f8 18.a3 b5 19. 2 d2 is in the F12 book 18.a3 1.23/19 151 (Qg2). Rybka's problem is that White has a heavy kingside attack, but its major pieces are on the queenside and having little effect 18...b5 0.52/17 99. 18...a5 seems to run into the same 19.\mathbb{Z}g3! though Black's queen has more freedom with this Black needed to threaten something, which this does. Anything else and White plays the deadly 国ag1! 20.句d2 1.26/19 24 (axb4) 20... **当d4** 0.81/15 23. 20... Wc7 would reposition the queen a little, and after 21.axb4 d5, but 22.\(\mathbb{L}\xf6\) 23. \(\Delta xd5 \) \(\Delta xd5 \) 24.exd5 leaves White well on top 21.axb4 1.51/18 28 21... 豐xb4 0.81/15 21 22.\(\precent{a}\)xf6 3.57/19 97 (b3) 22...\(\precent{a}\)xf6 2.55/14 8 23.国aq1 3.61/21 23 23...曾b7 2.65/15 10. The R4 eval seems a little low for the mess it's in! 24. 2d5! 7.39/19 53 (Qg2) 24... 2xd5 5.39/13 14 25.exd5 7.79/19 22 25...\(\mathbb{Z}\)c4 7.57/14 12 (f6). Throwing the rook away to delay ♠e4. If 25...f6 26. De4 threatening Dxf6 and wins 26. Dxc4 11.18/19 20. After 26...f6 27.₺d2 with ₺e4 to follow wins easily. What an amazing game! 1-0

The engines were now playing their return games with opposite colours, and Rybka got its revenge over Stockfish after 82 moves. Also Naum was closing in after getting 3 wins, against Hiarcs, Shredder and Komodo.

Leaders after 15 rounds:

- 11 Stockfish
- 10½ Rybka, Naum
- 8½ Komodo, Critter
- 8 Zappa
- 7 Hiarcs

There were plenty of folk following all of this on the Internet - over 9,000 pages were visited by the end, and many onlookers thought that Rybka would eventually catch Stockfish. After all, surely Rybka3 would

have won this tournament, so it seemed hardly credible that Rybka4 could fail. After 17 rounds it seemed that they would be right as Stockfish was beginning to collect draws.

Scores after 17 rounds:

- 12 Stockfish, Rybka
- 11½ Naum
- 10 Critter
- 9 Komodo, Zappa
- 8 Hiarcs
- 7½ Shredder
- 6½ Onno, Thinker
- 5 Spark, Sjeng

But while Stockfish now returned to winning ways, Rybka, after beating Shredder in 32 moves, then lost to Hiarcs in round 19, while Naum lost to Sjeng in the same round. Then a Rybka draw v Komodo, followed by a loss to Naum in round 21, ended all its chances.

Rybka created a wonderful attack in its win v Shredder. Well worth looking at, and we have a quickie v Hiarcs for next time!

Rybka 4 x64 4cpu - Shredder 12 x64 4cpu

After 24...a4 with the game appearing quite even



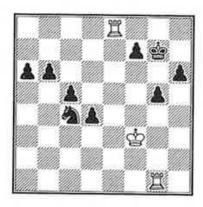
25.**国g1** Shredder expected bxa4 but this is the only chance for a win which goes to the side that grabs the g-file 25...axb3 26.皇xh6! 0.81/16 19 26...**Exh6** 27.f3! 0.85/16 12. Just recovering the pawn with 27.營xb3 would get nothing after 27...營h4! 28.營f3 宣f6= 27...營h4 27...營f6!? 28.宣g3 公f8 29.營xb3 公xe6 30.dxe6 doesn't turn out much better 28.宣g3 1.15/15 6 28...b2? 0.70/18 206 (Nf6). 28...公f6, as expected by Rybka, had to be better, at least it's relevant! Then probably 29.公g5 宣f8 though I'd expect 30.宣ag1 is still winning for White 29.營xb2 2.63/14 9. Or 29.宣ag1! b1營 30.豆xb1 宣g8 31.宣bg1+— 29...公a4? Shredder's evaluation slumps... 3.21/17 24. I imagine

29...公xc4 had to be better... but even then 30.凹b5 国g8 31.罝xg8+ 含xg8 32.罝g1+ 含h8 33.罝g3+-30.凹b5 4.21/15 11 30...凹e7 31.凹xb7 包ab6 7.51/15 18 32.罝ag1! 6.73/14 5. After 32...凹f7 33.罝g7 凹e8 34.凹c7 and Black is helpless. 1-0

Although Rybka4 won some games quite quickly, like this one, it's 4 losses were in 32, 26, 33 and 62 moves, suggesting that the more active playing style that Vasik Rajlich has aimed for also causes it to make mistakes we are not used to seeing in a Rybka engine!

Shredder finally found some form at the end, winning its last 3 games to create a better final impression, just in time!

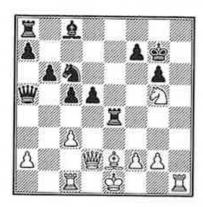
There was also an astonishing round 19 game between Spark and Thinker in which, after the 47th move, Spark had 2 rooks against Thinker's knight and 7 pawns. I've never seen anything quite like that before and, for the record, Spark's rooks won!



Finally I must include a game by the Tournament winner. I've chosen this one from round 2 which we join after White's 19th move...

Sтоскгіsh 1.7.1 х64 4сри - Rybka 4 х64 4сри

19.₺g5 0.36/24 26 (R4 had been expecting Qxd5)



Well everything looks okay here to me. 19... \alphaxe2+

should be a fairly equal game. But Rybka doesn't like sacrificing the exchange on this occasion... 19... Ee7?! 0.16/16 37 (Rxe2+). After 19... Exe2+ White can recapture with 曹 or 也, but probably using the queen is best, so 20.曾xe2 臭a6 21.曾e3 图a3 and perhaps White's 国 looks a tad stronger than Black's @+2A, but there's not much in it after 22.萬c2 營a4 23.萬d2 d4± 20.萬h7+! 2.30/22 32 The ! is as much for the evaluation as the move, Stockfish sees what this means much quicker than Rybka 20... 查g8 0.16/17 6 21. 其xf7 豐a4 1.38/16 52 22. 其xe7 ②xe7 23. 曾e3 曾d7 24. 全d2! Clearing the way for \\mathbb{\mathbb{G}}h1, nothing else wins! 24...\\mathbb{\mathbb{G}}d6 24... �f5 was the only hope it seems, but then 25.e5! and Black's queen is overloaded: if e7 營xd5+, and if 營d6 營e8+. Finally if 臭b7 so that the ፱a8 protects e8, then ፱h1! threatening ፱h8 mate wins outright 25. Zh1! 3.71/25 22 25... 世f6 2.30/15 10 26.4h7 增d6 27.g4! 4.04/25 29 27...c4 28.g5 7.95/23 21 28...d4 29. #f3 12.44/23 28. The Stockfish eval says it's all over 29...dxc3+ 4.53/13 7 30. 空e1 營d2+ 10.08/14 87 31. 空f1 was even better, but; 32.\dd wins easily enough as now Black must defend against #f8 mate. So 32...皇f5 33.豐xa8+ 杏f7 34.杏g2 鬯f4 35.鬯f8+ 杏e6 36.營f6+ dd5 37.身f3+ dc5 38.營xe7+ and it's quite hopeless for Black. 1-0

THE RYBKA RISING FROM THE ASHES TOURNY

Pos	Engine	/22
1	STOCKFISH 1.7.1	151/2
2=	Naum 4.2 Rybka 4	141/2
4	CRITTER 0.70	12
	Коморо 1.2	
5=	SHREDDER 12 HIARCS 13.1	_ 11
	ZAPPA MEXICO II	
9=	SJENG WC2008 ONNO 1.2.7	81/2
11	THINKER 5.4D INERT	71/2
12	Spark 0.4	7

Congratulations then to **Stockfish**, a remarkable win in such high quality company.

And also to another free UCI engine in Critter, and of course to Komodo for a 5= place running on just 1cpu!

THE 20TH CSVN GEBRUIKERS (USERS) TOURNAMENT

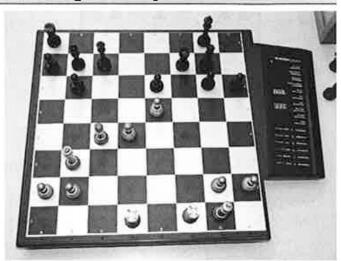
The REVIVAL OF THE OLDIES! by ROB VAN SON, game analysis Eric Hallsworth

In the early morning of Friday 28th May, I arrived at Amsterdam Schiphol Airport after a nearly three hour's flight from the south of Spain. Normally I should arrive on Thursday evening at about 11.00 pm. Due to a strike of the French air traffic control; I had a delay of some hours. It's not the first time that I was confronted with delays, but nowadays it's normal that, even with European flights, I catch a Jet lag for free without travelling from the other side of this planet.

But, I promised to participate in the 20th gebruikers tournament on the next Saturday, the 29th of May, so I hoped to sleep well and rest to be in good shape at the gebruikers. On Saturday at 9.00 am, I took my car to go to my good friend Peter Schimmelpennink, who also lives in Amsterdam and we drove together to the tournament. First I landed up in a traffic jam and driving on the highway, which I drove many times before, I took the wrong turning and got lost for some time. Normally, I use my navigation unit, but I thought I didn't need it this time...

Well, finally Peter and I arrived at the tournament at 10.30 hours while we should have been there at 10.00 hours. What a shame and I didn't want to tell them that I lost the way, so I told the competition leader Ries van Leeuwen and some other participants that I had a flat tyre! Eric, they know me for several years, so I heard a burst of laughing instead of sympathy. Now you see what a Jet lag can do to a very motivated person like me!

To compensate for the loss of time, Ries had already classified Peter with the Mephisto Milano in the first round against me with the CXG Sphinx Galaxy. The Milano with an Ed Schröder program plays normally a bit stronger than the Galaxy with a Frans Morsch program. I was very curious to know how the Galaxy should play during the tournament, because I bought the computer in November last year. I had never participated with this computer in a former gebruikers tournament.



I already did participate with his older and weaker playing brother, the CXG Super Enterprise, usually operated by Peter. The Super Enterprise has, unlike the Galaxy, a program of Kaare Danielsen from Denmark. The Galaxy won quite easily from the Milano in only 29 moves. I couldn't believe my eyes, what a brilliant game! I think this result is even better if you realise that the Galaxy runs on an 8 bit 6502 – 4 MHz processor!

SPHINX GALAXY, CXG - MILANO, MEPHISTO

D97: Grünfeld: Russian System: 7 e4, replies other than 7...Bg4

1.d4 **\Delta**f6 2.c4 g6 3.**\Delta**c3 d5 4.**\Delta**f3 **\Delta**g7 5.\Deltab b3 dxc4 6.\Deltaxc4 0-0 7.e4 **\Delta**a6 8.\Deltab b6

This isn't new, but probably our dedicated friends were now out of their Books anyway. However it is worth noting that Black usually plays the aggressive 8...c5 and with some success! The main line goes 9.d5 e6 10.\(\preceq\)xa6 bxa6 11.0-0 exd5 12.exd5=

9.\(\preceq\)e3N

This is new, 9.\(\frac{1}{2}\)c4 is usual. Another new move that might be worth checking out is 9.e5!?

9...ᡚg4 10.奠c4 ᡚxe3 11.fxe3 奠b7 12.0-0 e6 13.≌ad1 ∰e7 14.e5



Closes the lines for one bishop, opens them for the other!

14...c5 15.包b5 包c7 16.包xc7 豐xc7 17.包g5! There's a strong attack against f7 develop—

17...cxd4 18.exd4



18...h6??

The best ways of dealing with the f7 problem were either with [i] the precautionary 18.... 空h8 and if 19. 豐h3 h6 is now sound and 20. 单d3 罩ad8=

Or [ii] the counterattack 18... \(\mathbb{U}\)c6 and now 19.\(\mathbb{I}\)f2 \(\mathbb{I}\)ac8 which is also equal. The choice would depend on one's preferred style of play.

Unfortunately the move that has been played overlooked a deadly combination 19.2xf7!+- \mathbb{E}xf7?!

It's "what if?" time! The continuations are all similar.

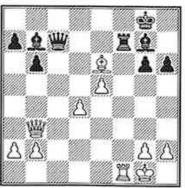
If 19...營c6 20.買f2 堂h7 21.奠xe6 1-0 Or 19...堂h7 20.奠xe6 營e7 21.買f2+-Or 19...營e7 20.奠xe6 营h7 21.買f2+-

20. Qxe6 罩af8 21. 罩xf7

Of course 21.\(\mathbb{2}\xf7+\) was also possible, also winning

21... 異xf7 22. 異f1





22...单f6

22... 查h8 was the only hope, but even then 23. Exf7 營c1+ 24. Ef1 營d2 25.d5 and White must win

Black could resign... what an attack by the Galaxy!

25...曹g7 26.曹b3! 查h8 27.閏f7 閏g8 28.閏xb7 曾c8 29.閏f7

I doubt the Galaxy managed to announce a mate here, but it is: 29.單f7 豐c1+30.單f1 豐c8 31.豐f7 a6 32.e6 豐g8 33.豐xg8+ 亞xg8 34.e7 h5 35.罩f8+ 亞h7 36.e8豐 a5 37.豐e7+ 亞h6 38.罩h8#. Black resigned anyway. 1-0

When I looked through the other participants, I didn't think the Galaxy would score many points. Computers like the Fidelity Elite Avant Garde 2, the SciSys Turbostar, and the Novag Super Expert B & C, are normally playing stronger than the Galaxy. I almost forgot to tell you that only chess computers with an Elo below 1900 were allowed to participate, and the clock time was 30 minutes for each computer. That means rapid chess and a Frans Morsch program has generally speaking no problems with these settings.

There was only time for five rounds with the participation of twelve chess computers. In

between, the CSVN hold their annual meeting. Without the interfering DACH tournament in Germany last year, and with the participation of twelve beautiful chess computers it felt like the revival of the first gebruikers tournaments at the beginning of this century.

In the other room at the 'Denksportcentrum' in Leiden, which means 'problem solving centre' there were the programmers and operators present of the very strong chess programs, running on fast High End PC's. They played the 10th International Chess Tournament. Programs like Rybka, who, of course, won the tournament, but also Don Dailey was here with his program from the USA called Komodo, and good old Harvey Williamson who operated Hiarcs for Mark Uniacke. They were all ready to bring their games to a higher level. Is that still possible, you might wonder?

Every time in Leiden, I'm amazed that I'm stating the fact that there are two different worlds of computer chess. When I enter the building, I see the programmers and operators seriously looking at their screens, following the moves of their chess programs. In the other room, there are the participants of the gebruikers tournament, not so seriously looking at their chess computers, talking and making jokes in a very pleasant atmosphere. Of course, they also want to win the tournament and score many points, but participating and enjoying the games is much more important for them. It's possible for the gebruikers and PC-programmers/operators to watch each others games, but for most of the time they stay in their own rooms and it almost looks as if they are living in separate worlds.

In the second round, my Galaxy had to play with black against the Fidelity Elite Avant Garde 2, owned by collector Hein Veldhuis. Hein is very proud of this beautiful machine, which he bought this year from a German collector at the annual tournament in the German city of Klingenberg. The Elite AG 2 is equipped with a Motorola 68000 – 16 MHz processor, running with the Mach III program of Kathe and Dan Spracklen (USA). However, the opening book is much more

extended than the original book of the Mach III. Again, I was surprised that the game ended up in a draw! So I went with fresh courage to the third round.



Avant Garde 2, Fidelity - Sphinx Galaxy, CXG C84: Closed Ruy Lopez: Unusual White 6th moves

1.e4 e5 2.ହ13 &c6 3.\$b5 a6 4.\$a4 &f6 5.d4 exd4 6.0-0 \$e7 7.\(\text{Be} 1 \) b5 8.e5 &xe5 9.\(\text{Exe5} \) bxa4 10.\(\text{Exe4} \) v44 0-0 11.\(\text{C} 2 \)

We are still in theory and, in general 11. 15 is considered better here, with an equal game

11...a3 The Fritz book recommends 11... 置e8 and I'd go along with that

12.bxa3 ଞe8 13.ଞb1 d6 14.විc6!

A clever response 14...曾d7 15.②xe7+ 含h8 16.②g6+ fxg6 17.罩e3 曾d8 18.②d5 皇g4



19.f3

The response 19.包xf6 was probably a bit too sophisticated for the older dedicated machines, but it turns out okay after 19...皇xd1 20.罩xe8+ 豐xe8 21.包xe8 罩xe8 22.皇e3 皇xc2 23.罩c1 皇f5 24.罩xc7=

19...包xd5 20.營xd5 急f5 21.営b7 **≜**xc2 22.營c4 鼍xe3 23.**≜**xe3 **≜**f5 24.營xc7 營xc7 25.鼍xc7

This rook can cause trouble here 25... \(\tilde{\mathbb{Z}} \) 6. \(\tilde{\mathbb{Z}} \) a 7! \(\tilde{\mathbb{Z}} \) 6 27. \(\tilde{\mathbb{Z}} \) d 4 h 5

The g7/pawn couldn't be saved, but Black gets lucky

28. 臭xg7+?!

White makes the capture with the wrong piece!

28.\(\mathbb{Z}\)xg7! threatening \(\mathbb{Z}\)c7 discovered check and winning Black's rook 28...\(\mathbb{Z}\)c4 29.\(\mathbb{L}\)f6+-leaves White a pawn up and it still has that rook on the 7th

28... 空g8 29. 单h6 d5! 30.a4 d4 31.h3 d3



32.g4 &c8 33.a3 罩d6 34.罩g7+ 垫h8 35.罩e7 &d7 36.&d2! hxg4 37.hxg4 垫g8 38.a5 垫f8 39.罩h7 垒g8 40.罩h2

White is still a pawn up, but now it's rook has been kicked off the 7th rank and as the extra pawn is doubled on the a-file, the game is effectively drawn

40... 查f7 41. 查f1 查f6 42. 置h7 查e5 43. 查e1 查d4 44. 置e7 置e6+ 45. 置xe6 象xe6 46. 查f1 查c5 47. 查f2 查d4 48. 查e1 象d5 49. f4 象e6 50. g5 查e4 51. 象c1 象f5 ½-½

This time, in the third round, the Galaxy had to play with white against the SciSys Turbostar 432 KSO of Theo Heukels. Theo Heukels bought his Turbostar 432 five years ago through an advertisement in a supermarket. The Turbostar 432 KSO was manufactured in 1984 by the Hong Kong SciSys company. It is equipped with a 6502 4 MHz 8 bit processor. SciSys is short for Scientific Systems. KSO is short for Kasparov Selected Openings and that is a special 8 Kb ROM (Read only Memory) opening module for this computer. Its Elo is 1760 and it was programmed by IM Julio Kaplan. The



Hans Mierlo with his Super Expert and the Saitek Corona, while Theo Heukels operates his Turbostar

Turbostar played very well with black, but made a strange move by playing d5-d4 at the 24th move. At the 37th move, the Galaxy exchanged his queen for the two black rooks. Finally the game ended up in a draw. That makes two points out of three games, so let's go to the fourth round.

SPHINX GALAXY, CXG - TURBOSTAR 432 KSO

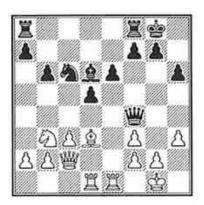
D03: 1 d4 d5 2 Nf3 Nf6 3 Bg5, including Torre Attack with early ...d5

1.ᡚf3 d5 2.d4 ᡚf6 3.쉁g5 쉁g4 4.h3

And 4. 2e5 \$h5 5.c4 2e4 6.\$f4

4...\(\precent{\prece

A rather slow way to develop. 6. 全d3 has been played, but not at the top level 6... 全d6 7. 当b3 b6 8. 包d2 0-0 9. 全d3 c5 10. dxc5 皇xc5 11. 当c2 h6 12. 皇xf6 当xf6 13.0-0 包c6 14. 互fe1 当h4 15. 包b3 皇d6 16. 互ad1 当f4



17.**单b5?**

If 17.g3 Black wins a pawn 17... 營xf3; 17. 查f1? 營h2 18.g3 a5, and Black isn't home and dry yet, but White cannot survive with his king in this mess!

17...包e7?!

Why not 17...營h2+! 18.全f1 and then 18...包e7 which would be close to winning already

18.g3!

The only move that might keep White in with a chance of a draw

18... **營xf3** 19. **公d4 營h5** 20. **查g2**

Again White finds the best defence! 20...a6 21.\(\frac{1}{2}\)d3



Throwing away the advantage. 21... 当g5 was still good for Black, though with 22. 当e2 the Galaxy would have nearly equalised 22. 包b3??

Oh dear, the Galaxy could have completely turned the tables on Black with 22.包f3! 包g6 23.兔xg6 營xg6 24.營xg6 fxg6 25.至xe6 when White's rooks are running the game

22...**\$**d6

22... **營g5!?**

23.包d4

Twofold repetition

23...罩fc8?

With this move Black loses all its



initiative.

Again 23... ₩g5 was best, and if 24. ₩e2 ₩f6∓ and there's not much in it 24. ♠f3



Rob questions Black's next move, so it is worth stopping for a moment and looking at the choices.

[1]. 24...心f5? and the knight drops: 25.g4 響g6 26.空h1 罩e8 27.gxf5

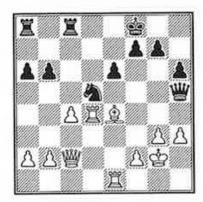
[2]. 24...负g6? 25.鼍xe6! and if 25...fxe6 26.≜xg6 pretty much forces 26...豐xf3+ 27.蛰xf3 鼍f8+ 28.蛰g2 and White will win with ease

[3]. 24...f5 seems to be the best alternative to d4, but then 25. 置xe6 置d8 26. 置de1 營f7 27. 公h4! is winning

24...d4 25.包xd4

25.\deltae4 was even better as, after 25...\deltaab8 26.\deltaxd4+--

25...包d5 26.皇h7+! 空f8 27.皇e4 皇c5 28.c4 皇xd4 29.罩xd4



Black is in big trouble. Best now is 29... \(\mathbb{B} ab \), but instead...

29...b5?

Surely the Galaxy must win with 30.\(\ddot{2}\)f3!! **30.c5**?

A move too late, but the advantage and initiative are still with White

31... **曾g5 32.c6 国ac8 33. 国ed1 国d6 34.c7?!** It was better to play 34. **总**xd5 exd5 first,

then 35.c7

34... 世e5! 35. 萬e4 世f6 36. 萬e2

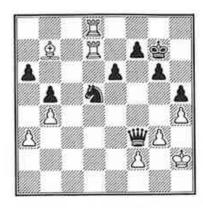
Now comes the Q for R exchanges mentioned by Rob 36... \(\mathbb{Z} \) xc7 \(\mathbb{Z} \) xc7 \(\mathbb{Z} \) xc7 \(\mathbb{Z} \) xd6



It's an unusual material balance which might favour White, but the Galaxy is neveer able to make anything out of it 38... 營e7 39. 鼍ed2 g6 40. 鼍d8+ 蛰g7 41. 鼍2d7?!

White's last chance for the win was here, with 41.\mathbb{\mathbb{Z}}8d7! \mathbb{\mathbb{\mathbb{C}}}c5 42.b4!

41...豐f6 42.b4 豐e5 43.h4 h5 44.臭b7 包d5 45.a3 豐e4+ 46.堂h2 豐f3



If anything the game has swung in Black's favour

In the fourth round, the Galaxy had to cross his sword with the Revelation Rebel 5.0 of Ruud Martin. You should probably think: 'The Revelation in a tournament with minus Elo 1900 chess computers?" Yes, that is really possible! The Revelation didn't use his 500 MHz Xscale power, or one of the modern strong chess programs. No, he used a special simulation of the Mephisto Rebel 5.0 module (Ed Schroder, 1986), running at 19 MHz. To explain something of the simulation process, I quote some parts of the interview; I did years ago with Ruud for Selective Search.

Ruud: All a processor does is read numbers from the memory, process them (add, subtract, divide) and put them back into other positions. If you take a closer look at this process, you'll see that the processor collects a piece of program code, executes it, collects another piece of code and again executes this. A simulation program can emulate the operation of a processor exactly. By running the chess program as a simulator it looks as if it is being executed by a virtual processor.

The processor in a chess computer also carries out instructions with the help of other elements, like the operating buttons, the presentation of information on the display and the read-contacts or sensor-fields of the chess board. By simulating all these functions with a so-called virtual processor, you

can emulate a fully functioning chess computer on the PC. You can compare it with a flight simulator. The cockpit of the aircraft can be seen on the screen of the PC by means of simulation, making is possible to make a virtual flight. With a chess simulation-program you can play virtual chess.

I have written a simulator for chess computers with a 6502 processor. In fact I can present a chess program to this simulator and let the program run on my PC. I can then see what the chess program reads and writes in the memory of the chess computer. By carefully studying this behaviour I can watch the program work and see things like the operating of the led-lamps on the chess board, reading the moving or taking of chess pieces, instructions by means of the operating buttons and presenting information of the display. All this happens virtually on my PC without it being connected to a chess computer. This is how I managed to simulate the chess program of the Mephisto Polgar (module set) with the wooden 'Exclusive' board on my PC.

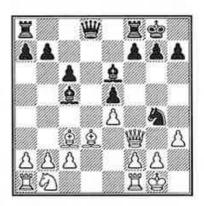
If you read the explanation of Ruud, you will probably understand that it was easy for him to simulate the Rebel 5.0 program on the Revelation, which has in fact a built-in operating system and works like a PC. How did the Galaxy play with the black pieces against Ruud's machine?

After a long and fierce combat, the Galaxy made some mistakes and almost lost the game. I said almost because after the 81st move of black, Ruud's Rebel wanted to promote the pawn on square A8. What happened after this move, we can describe as the narrow escape for the Galaxy. The display of the Revelation went off and Ruud looked at a black hole: no move was shown anymore. He was not able to tell the Galaxy and his operator to which piece the pawn should promote to. Ruud offered me a draw which I immediately accepted! Some minutes later, the display was functioning correctly again but by then the Galaxy was already preparing itself for the fifth and last round.

REVELATION REBEL 5.0, PHOENIX - SPHINX GALAXY, CXG

B44: Sicilian Taimanov

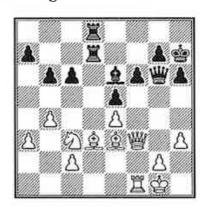
1.e4 c5 2.包f3 e6 3.d4 cxd4 4.包xd4 包f6 5.皇d3 包c6 6.包xc6 dxc6 7.皇e3 e5 8.0-0 包g4 9.皇d2 皇c5 10.營f3 0-0 11.皇c3 皇e6 12.h3



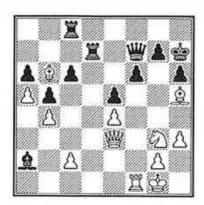
You wont be expecting the Galaxy's reply to this attack on its knight!

12... \(\Delta \text{xf2}?! \)

12...包f6 has to be better, even though a pawn drops with 13. 2xe5 because of 13...包d7 14. 2f4 營f6!



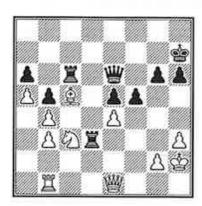
It would have been better to get the bishop closer to the action with 32...\$e6
33.\$h5!



33...g6?

Black should have just moved the queen with 33... 營g8 and if 34. 包f5 彙c4 though White is still winning here 34. 食e2?

Missing the clear early win with 34.包f5! 图h8 (34...gxh5 35.營xh6+; 34...gxf5 35.急xf7) 35.營xh6+ 空g8 36.急xg6 萬xh6 37.公xh6+ 空g7 38.逸xf7 兔xf7 39.①g4 1-0 34...兔e6 35.兔c5 萬cd8 36.營f3 空g7 37.兔d3 图 8 38.兔b6 營e7 39.兔e3 萬ed8 40.兔c5 營f7 41.營f2 萬e8 42.兔b6 營e7 43.兔e3 萬ed8 44.兔c5 營f7 45.兔b6 萬f8 46.空h2 兔b3 47.兔c5 萬fd8 48.兔e3 萬d6 49.兔b6 萬e8 50.營c5 營d7 51.兔xb5 cxb5 52.cxb3 萬c8 53.營f2 萬cc6 54.兔c5 萬d3 55.萬c1 空h7 56.萬b1 萬d2 57.營f1 萬d3 58.②e2 萬d2 59.公c3 f5 60.②d5 營e6 61.營e1 萬d3 62.②c3

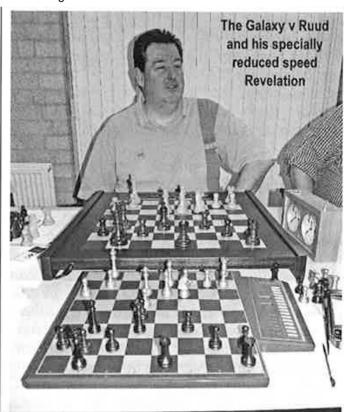


Since White's 34th, missing the win again, Black has been able to hold on very well. But now it goes wrong once more 62...fxe4?

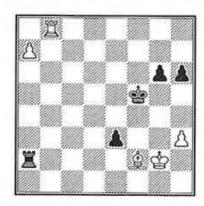
62... 三c8 63. 三c1 空g7 and White is still searching for a way to finish the game off 63. ②xe4 三c7?

63... Id7 left Black with slight drawing chances, though 64. 全e3 followed by Wh4 should lead to a win

64. 營f1 置xb3 65. 營f6 置xh3+ 66. gxh3 營a2+67. 公d2?



67.營f2 was MUCH better 67...營xd2+ 68.營f2 營xf2+ 69.食xf2 罩c2 70.全g3 全g7 71.罩d1 罩c4 72.罩d7+ 全f6 73.罩d6+ 全f5 74.罩xa6 罩xb4 75.罩d6 罩b3+ 76.全g2 b4 77.a6 罩a3 78.a7 b3 79.罩d3 罩a2 80.罩xb3 e4 81.罩b8 e3



Well, as I like to say, I could (probably!) beat Kasparov from here, but I'd have to announce a8=\(\frac{12}{32}\) which the Rebel failed to do, thus the draw! A strange sort of game, littered with mistakes by both sides, so maybe the \(\frac{1}{2}\)-\(\frac{1}{2}\) was a fair result?!

In the fifth round, the last opponent of the Galaxy was the Novag Super Expert B of Hans van Mierlo. Hans, who brought two chess computers to the tournament, is one of the best operators of the Netherlands and I'm

not exaggerating when I call him the "Best of the West"! He operated the mentioned Super Expert B, but also the Saitek Corona with the D+ module. The Galaxy didn't play against the Corona, but Hans was very willing to give me some information about this very nice looking chess computer.

Hans: The D+ program from IM Julio Kaplan is a strong program, but it needs time. Because we all had only 30 minutes on the clock, I used the setting 30 seconds per move. This is an average time level, so the computer likes to use frequently 45 seconds per move. I like the book in the Corona. Very exciting is his preference with white for the Petroff defence: 1. e4 e5 2. Nf3 Nf6 3. Nxe5 d6 4. Nxf7!! Unfortunately, during the gebruikers, his electronic opponents didn't give the Corona the chance to play this variation. The Saitek Corona, manufactured in 1988, is equipped with the 65C02 5 MHz processor and the D-program of Julio Kaplan. Some time ago, a good chess friend replaced some elements in my computer to make the machine a bit faster and stronger. That's why I participated at the gebruikers with the Corona, running on 8 MHz with the stronger D+ program. This program uses a good combination of brute force and selective search strategy. It plays more aggressive openings in stead of the boring moves. At the time, there should appear a D++ module on the market. The D++ should search much more selective than the D+. That could make games much more exciting, but there also is a chance that the program plays weaker moves. I think that's the main reason why it never appeared on the market.

The Galaxy, playing with the white pieces, was not afraid of the tactical play of the Dave Kittinger program, housed in the Novag Super Expert B. The Kittinger programs in the Novag Super Expert chess computers came on the market in the years 1987-1989. First in 1987 the A-version appeared and finally in 1989 the best of the three; the C-version. Gerrit Hoogeveen participated with the Novag Super Expert C, became second on the ranking list and in this tournament we can see why the C-version has less positional weaknesses than the B-version. Probably, the C-version is one of the best

programs written for the 65C02 processor, running at 6 MHz.

For a long time, my Galaxy had no problems with the Super Expert B, but he was so busy with attacking the hostile king, that he forgot to protect his own king. At the 38th move white played Rb7 and black could easily draw the game by playing Qf5+! Oh poor Galaxy, I think your mind was a bit in heaven to become overconfident and now you spoiled a half point. But three points out of five games without losing a game is a very good result. His operator was a proud man and with his head held high, he left the building!

SPHINX GALAXY, CXG - SUPER EXPERT B, NOVAG

A30: Symmetrical English: Double Fianchetto and Hedgehog

1.c4 c5 2.ᡚf3 ᡚc6 3.d4 cxd4 4.ᡚxd4 e6 5.ᡚxc6 bxc6 6.g3 ∰a5+N

6...d5 7.\deltag2 \delta f6 8.0-0 \delta e7 and now White usually plays 9.\delta c3 though there are other moves

7.**皇d2 營a6 8.營c2 包f6 9.皇g2 皇e7 10.0-0 0-0** 11.**皇g5 h6 12.皇**xf6?!

This yields the bishop pair of course, which is not really so good. Better was 12.\(\delta\)d2=

12... \$\dagger xf6 13. \$\dagger d2 \dagger d2 \dagger d2 \dagger d3 \dagger

Black is threatening \(\mathbb{E}\)b4xc4, but 14...d5!? was also worth considering: 15.cxd5 cxd5\(\bar{\pi}\)
15.\(\mathbb{E}\)fc1 d6 16.\(\mathbb{E}\)e4



16...**罩a4?!**

16... ₩a4!? looked better, then 17.e3 c5∓ **17.a3 \$\delta 67?!**

Releasing the pressure which 17...c5 would have maintained to some degree. After Black's last two moves the game is equal

18.c5 d5 19.ዿh7+ 含h8 20.臭d3 營b7 21.e3 買b8 22.包d4



22...\2xd4?

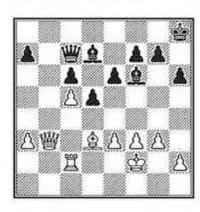
25.営c2?!

Mistakenly sacrificing the exchange. The game stayed equal with 22... 三xd4 23.exd4 ②xd4 (Of course Black must NOT be tempted by 23... 豐xb2?? because of 24. 三ab1! winning ভ for 三 24... 豐xb1 (24... 豐xa3?? 25. 三xb8+ m/3) 25. 三xb1 1-0) 24. 三ab1 e5= 23. 豐xa4 ②xb2 24. 三ab1 ভ 67?!

A mistake that doesn't get punished. Correct was 24... 營a8 25. 黨c2 奠e5 26. 黨xb8+ 營xb8 and now White must play 27. 黨c1 after which 27... 營c7 leaves Black ahead but still with work to do

25.營f4! and the game is almost won:
25...e5 (or 25...營d8 26.鼍c2! 兔e5 27.鼍xb8 營xb8 28.營xf7 營e8 29.營xe8+ 兔xe8 30.鼍c1 with 鼍b1 to follow, and a White win)
26.營xf7 e4. A clever defence, and White needs to find 27.兔xe4! 兔xc1 28.營xd7! and the 營 can't be taken because of 鼍xb8 allowing m/2! So 28...營d8 29.兔c2 兔xa3 30.鼍xb8 營xb8 31.營xc6 with 營xd5 to come which

should be enough for a 1-0 25...皇f6 26.選xb8+ 豐xb8 27.f3 豐e5 28.查f2 豐c7 29.豐b3



White's material advantage no longer guarantees the win, but Black still needs to



secure the back rank against \(\frac{1}{20}\) and/or \(\frac{1}{20}\) getting to b8 with the \(\frac{1}{2}\)/d3 covering h7 \(\frac{1}{29}\)...\(\frac{1}{2}\)er??

The threat on the pawn is nothing compared to the fact that the bishop no longer covers b2! Therefore 30.\mathbb{Z}b2! is called for

Instead with 29... 2e8 30. 型c1 空g8 31. 型b1 空f8 Black should hold 30. 空g2?

There is hardly a defence against 30. 型b2! maybe 30...g6 is best but then 31. 型b8+ 型xb8 32. 图xb8+ 型g7 33. 型b7! winning more material

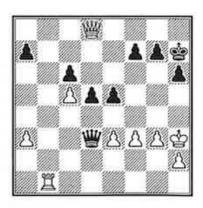
30....皇f6 31.罩c1

The game is back where it was at move 29, White advantage may not be sufficient to win... and Black must do something about the back rank by playing g6 or g5 31...e5?

Oh no, not again. And this time the Galaxy finds the winning line!
32. 国b1! 皇c8 33. 對b8 皇d8!

The best defence. If 33...增d8?! 34.增d6! 增e8 35.閏b8 1-0

34.營a8 營a5 35.營xc8 營d2+ 36.查h3 營xd3 37.營xd8+ 查h7



Suddenly White must be careful... the Galaxy has the win, but

38.罩b7?

Fritz in analysis mode says "Threatens to win material: Rb7xa7", but unfortunately it also allows perpetual!!

38.營b8! was best, and after 38...營xe3 39.營b2 and now whether 營xf3 or 營xa3, 40.營xe5 wins

I think 38.單b2 would also win: 38... 響f1+39. 堂g4 e4 40.f4 響f3+41. 堂h4. Can Black get a perpetual here? The best try would be 41...g6 but I think 42. 堂h3 still leaves White with the win

38... 增f5+ 39. 查g2 營c2+ 40. 查g1 營c1+ 41. 查f2 營d2+ 42. 查f1 營c1+ 43. 查e2 營c2+ 44. 查e1 營c1+ 45. 查f2 營c2+ 46. 查e1

Twofold repetition 46... \(\mathbb{U}\)c1+ 47. \(\delta\)f2 \(\frac{1}{2}\)-\(\frac{1}{2}\)

In a moment the **Final Results Table** and Rob's resume of the Event. But first I thought I would finish the Games coverage with the Tournament's shortest game.... though as the notes show, it could actually have been even shorter!

SUPER EXPERT C, NOVAG - ELITE AVANT GARDE, FIDELITY

D07: Queen's Gambit: Chigorin Defence

1.d4 d5 2.c4 \(\tilde{1}\) c6 3.\(\tilde{1}\) c3 dxc4 4.\(\tilde{1}\) f6 5.e4 \(\tilde{1}\) g4 6.\(\tilde{1}\) e3 \(\tilde{1}\) xf3 7.gxf3 e5 8.d5 \(\tilde{1}\) e7 9.\(\tilde{1}\) a4+ c6?!

This tends to be frowned upon, and better is 9...包d7 10.d6 包c6 10.单xc4



Black is already seriously underdeveloped and struggling, but now needs to try 10...a6 and hope to get 11...b5 in next. Instead 10...g6?N 11.\(\delta\)b3?!

This is okay, but White missed a marvel-lous chance in 11.\mathbb{\man



move 11. Perhaps 11... 包exd5 (11... 營c8? 12.d6! 包eg8 13. 營b3! 1-0) 12.包xd5 包xd5 13. 墨xd5. The c6/pawn is pinned so... 13... 營f6 and now White has the rather amusing 14. 皇a6! and Black can probably resign

11...a6 12.dxc6 包xc6 13. Ed1 置c7 14. 单g5



Well somehow Black is still in this game, but here needs to find 14... 2e7 to have any future hope

14...包h5??

14... 2e7 was necessary, but 15. 2h6 图b8 still hoping to get b5 in 16. 2g7 图g8 17. 2xf6 2xf6 18. 2d5 图d8 19. 图c4!+—. It's not over yet but Black will need to play extremely well to deny White's attack 15. 2d5!

Immediately hitting the vulnerable square the Black knight had been defending 15... **對 16. 對 24**! **對 47**

 and White is already a bishop up! 17. 2b6+

I haven't missed 17. 约b4+ which actually forces m/13, but the finish is good enough anyway

17... 查c7 18. ② xa8+ 營xa8 19. 營xf7+ 查b8 20. 營e8+ 查c7 21. 罩d7+

21... 查b6 22. 逾e3+ (22. 營xa8 isn't as good, Black gets the queen back with 22... 逾b4+23. 查f1 選xa8) 22... 逾c5 23. 逾xc5+ 卤xc5 24. 營e6 選d8 25. 營d6+ 查b6 26. 營c7+ 查a7 27. 營xc6 選xd7 28. 營xd7. 1-0

My friend **Peter Schimmelpennink** had also a wonderful time, but he wasn't very satisfied with the result of the Milano: only 1½ points. Afterwards, he thought that he used the wrong settings and maybe he is right about that or could it be just bad luck?

Competition regular, Ries van Leeuwen operated, like Hans van Mierlo, two chess computers, the Mephisto MM IV and the Saitek GK2000. Well done gentlemen, because I know it isn't easy to operate two computers at the same time with only 30 minutes on the clock.

We had a new participant, **Markus Pillen**, who came from Bocholt, which is a small city in Germany, not far from the Dutch border. He brought the Mephisto Super Mondial to the tournament which has an 8 bit 6502 - 4 MHz processor with a program of Frans Morsch. In 1986 it appeared on the market. Don't confuse this program with the Ed Schröder program, which was housed in the Mephisto Super Mondial II and was manufactured in 1989.

Markus told me that for 25 years ago, he was in the possession of 50 chess computers, but at the beginning of this century, he sold them to use the money for a brand new PC with chess software. Nowadays, he regrets that and he is trying to rebuild his former collection. That isn't very easy, but he already collected 10 of the oldies, so we can definitely call him a serious and sincere collector. As far as I can remember, it's the first time that a person from Germany participated at the 'gebruikers.' Fortunately, he enjoyed it very much and he is looking forward to the next tournament!



Rob at home with his Sphinx Galaxy, proudly seated in front of his dedicated computer cabinet

Also another new entrant at the gebruikers was Luuk Hofman. He is a well-known collector in the world of chess computers with a huge collection of very beautiful and rare pieces of electronic chess art. Well, he was present at former tournaments, but only as a visitor. Due to his state of health, he was not able to participate for two days. Because the tournament is only nowadays Saturday, he did participate with the Fidelity Avant Garde 2100. This computer, manufactured in 1986, is equipped with two displays on a very nice wooden chess board with reed contacts. Of course, the program is from Kathe and Dan Spracken. Luuk's computer scored only one point and ended up at the bottom of the ranking list, but he enjoyed his participation very much, even as we did.

Luuk has got a beautiful website, www.schaakcomputers.nl, where you also can find a part of Hein's chess computer database. Hein is still working on his database, adding every year some interesting old models to his part of the site. In the afternoon, Luuk's friend and webmaster, **Steven Oosterhuis**, also visited the tournament and enjoyed seeing Luuk and the others in action with the oldies!

Ruud Martin won the tournament with the Revelation Rebel 5.0, second became Gerrit Hoogeveen with the Novag Super Expert C and the third place was for Theo Heukels with his SciSys Turbostar 432 KSO. They received the cups and, just as all the other participants, a nice bottle of wine.

We all enjoyed the tournament very much and we certainly hope that the next gebruikers will be just as successful as this one. In my view, we certainly can speak about the revival of the gebruikers tournament!

Rob van Son, June 2010

RANKING LIST 20TH GEBRUIKERS TOURNAMENT

POS	CHESS COMPUTER	SCORE	TIE-BREAK SB
1=	REVELATION REBEL 5.0	31⁄2	10.5
	NOVAG SUPER EXPERT C	3½	7.5
3=	SCISYS TURBOSTAR 432 KSO	3	9.5
	Мернізто ММ4	3	7.25
	CXG SPHINX GALAXY	3	7
	SAITEK CORONA D+	3	4.5
7=	NOVAG SUPER EXPERT B	21/2	4.25
	MEPHISTO SUPER MONDIAL	21/2	3.5
9	FIDELITY ELITE AG2 68000	2	5.25
10=	SAITEK GK2000	11/2	3.5
	MEPHISTO MILANO	1½	2.75
12	FIDELITY ELITE AG 2100	1	2



Photos this page:

Top - Ries operating the Mephisto Modular MM4 and GK2000

Below - Ries van Leeuwen and Hein Veldhuis, regulars at gebruikers

Bottom - The prizewinners from the left: in 3nd. Theo Heukels (Turbostar), 1st. Ruud Martin (Revelation Rebel), and 2nd. Gerrit Hoogeveen (Super Expert C)





CHRIS GOULDEN'S UCI+WINBOARD ENGINES PAGES

LAST TIME

DIVISION 1 looked quite different. Glaurung (a regular winner over the past 2 years) had disappeared as it has now been assimilated into Stockfish, and Bright has been completely rewritten and is now known as Spark. In fact another new engine called Komodo won. This is by the American programmer Don Dailey working together with Larry Kaufman. It actually tied 1= with Stockfish1.63, which was the latest version at that time, but 1.71 and 1.8 are now current! Spark was 3rd., Thinker 4th., and another new one, Critter came 5th. This was Critter0.52, version 0.42 had gained promotion from division 2!

<u>DIVISION 2</u> also had new entrants, with **Frenzee** coming 1st., and SlowBlitz joining it for promotion. Chris planned to put two more new programs that are doing very well at

Hello again everybody

Once again there has been a lot of new strong engines coming through which has led to a drastic reshuffling of the divisions for the next issue. We will come on to Division 3 later.

2.32 in as the usual benchmark to see if any of the very strong amateurs are getting closer to it. Rybka was still two points clear of the field on this occasion. The first thing of note however is that Stockfish 1.63 managed 2nd place ahead of the commercial HIARCS 12.1 and the relatively new Deep Junior 11.1 uci. There are in fact new versions of all three of these engines since this tournament as HIARCS 13.1 uci, Stockfish 1.71 and Deep Junior 11.2 uci are all now available.

HIARCS had a good tournament considering



the company, and **Komodo** having recently won the 1st Division was surprisingly off of the pace here.

Down nearer the bottom **Protector 1.34** with its 8/18 was not so bad and will be one of two new additions that will go straight into Division 1 in the next issue, along with an engine known as Umko 0.9. There are also new versions of Spark and Critter since this round. Spark 0.4 is considerably stronger, as is Critter, now up to version 0.70.

PRO-AM

Pos	ENGINE	/18
1	Кувка 2.3.2	14
2	STOCKFISH 1.63	12
3	HIARCS 12.1	11
4	DEEP JUNIOR 11.1 UCI	10
5=	KOMODO 1.0BETA THINKER 5.4D INT'	9
7=	PROTECTOR 1.3.4 TOGA II 2.0se	8
9	SPARK 0.3A	51/2
10	CRITTER 0.52A	31/2

In <u>Division 3</u> the usual low scoring continued because there is not much between these engines. Frenzee was 1.5 points clear of the field. There will be no promotion from here again to make room for all the new engines, instead three engines will be relegated to make room for the new ones, and another one going in known as Daydreamer 1.75.

DIVISION 3

Pos	Engine	/18
1	ALFIL 8.11	13
2	Pseudo 0.7c	101/2
3=	SLOPPY 0.22 JA CHRONOS 1.970	10
5=	CRAFTY 23.1 HAMSTERS 0.7.1	91/2
7	WILDCAT 8	8
8=	Movei 0.08.438 SOS 5.1	7
10	ARISTARCH 4.50	51/2

Well I said we were in for another shake up because of the new engines in **Division 1**, and it has meant relegating two engines from Division 1 with no promotion from the 2nd Division, and three going down from Division 2 because of a new entrant in there, and a total of four engines relegated from Division 3 due to a new entrant and the knock on effect from above. The Divisions will look very different next time.

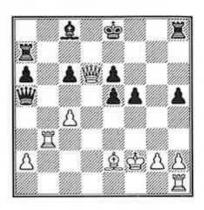
Cheers Eric, and to all the readers - Chris!

Here's a tricky game fro the ProAm:

JUNIOR 11.1A W32 UCI - CRITTER 0.52B

1.e4 c5 2.包f3 d6 3.d4 cxd4 4.包xd4 包f6 5.包c3 a6 6.皇g5 e6 7.f4 營b6 8.營d2 The Poisoned Pawn variation! 8.Nb3 would play it safe 8...營xb2 9.宮b1 營a3 10.f5 包c6 11.fxe6 fxe6 12.包xc6 bxc6 13.e5 If you ask the computer engines they reckon 13.Be2 is much better than this ove, to which they'd give a ?! Nevertheless it's the most popular line and has a good reputation 13...dxe5 14.ዿxf6

gxf6 15.包e4 &e7 15... 当xa2 16.囯d1 &e7 17.&e2 0-0 18.0-0 f5 is the very sharp alternative 16.&e2 h5 17.莒b3 曾a4 18.c4 f5 19.包d6+ &xd6 20.營xd6 智a5+ 21.全f2 莒a7



It's all theory, but that ends here, and computer evaluations prefer Black's 2 pawns to White's better Q+R activity 22.c5! 營c7 23.區d1 查f7 24. 图b8 I expect we'd all go for different ideas here: h4 to try and open up the White king, e4 to control the centre, Kf6 to support the pawns **24...a5?** If 24.. \$\div f6?! 25.\$\div xa6 \$\mathbb{Z}e8=\$. Then there's 24...h4?! 25.臭c4 罩e8 26.罩xc8 豐xc8 27.豐xe5 查g6 28.\(\mathbb{I}\)d6!=. Or finally 24...e4!? which might be best: 25. 世d4 世f4+ 26. 由g1 世h6章. 25. 皇c4! 国h6 here: then if 27. \(\mathbb{H}\)f8 it seems \(\mathbb{H}\)d7 might just hold. Now the advantage definitely swings to White as it finds a strong reply! 27. 图1b6! 置xd6 28.cxd6 单d7 29. \ 6b7 \ xb7 30. \ xb7 \ de8 31. \ b8+ &c8 h4 36.a4



This pawn will prove relentless 36... 全c5 37. 全e2 f4 38.a5 h3 39.gxh3 罩f7 40.a6 全d4 41. 置b8! c5?! 41... 罩a7 might have made White's task a little more difficult 42. 罩b7 罩f8 43.a7 e3+ 43... 罩a8 was better but wouldn't save the game: 44. 罩d7+ 全e5 45.h4 全f6 46.h5 全g5 47. 全c4 e3+ 48. 全f3 罩e8 49.h6 全xh6 50. 全xf4 winning 44. 全e1 罩a8 45. 全f3 全e5 46. 罩c7 罩g8 Black resigns. After 47.a8 罩xa8 48. 全xa8 White is winning easily. 1-0

RYBKA 3 wins in ARGENTINA

By our MAN ON THE SPOT, SELS READER CLAUDIO BOLLINI

I always enjoy hearing from **Claudio**, and I've mentioned before that we share a keen interest in Christianity as well as in Chess. In fact Claudio actually teaches Theology at a school in Argentina, so our e-mails are often very interesting (to us!).

He e-mailed in May to say that he had entered or, more correctly he had entered Rybka in a Tournament in the area where he and his wife moved to last year. Not only that, Claudio also gave a lecture on Computer Chess, and the whole event appeared both in the local papers as well as on local television, Claudio included. A proud time for him.

Of course I asked if there was any chance that he had copies of some of the games, one or two photos and if maybe he'd like to turn his e-mail into a little report for *Selective Search!*

Dear Eric:

Here I send you a more detailed report of the match and the lecture, as well as the following attachments: 1) a rar file with the 5 games against Rybka, and her evaluations and expected moves, 2) the jpg showing "A Table for some Chess Engines Personalities" which was part of my lecture, 3) some photos including a wonderful panorama of Bariloche lakes from the "Cerro Catedral", the playing room, the blindfold match, and me drinking a cup of tea in a wooden tea room!

It was on Sunday, May 2nd. that I participated in an interesting chess event with a computer.

We were celebrating the 108th anniversary of San Carlos de Bariloche town, the local chess club organised a semi-blitz (G/30) open tournament with many of the best chess players from the Patagonia area playing each other with the Swiss System.

Bariloche is an incredibly beautiful town, plenty of great lakes and snowy mountains near by the Argentine Southern Andes,



where my wife and I settled past year.

I took my dual core laptop and they were pleased for me to operate Deep Rybka 3 as a contestant! My chess table was set on a small platform, with a data projector and a big screen, in order to show to the audience Rybka's PVs and evaluations... Rybka won the tournament with a perfect 5/5.

Although the tournament was only attended by local masters from the region (about 40), most of those who were paired against the Rybka 3 engine fought tenaciously and produced good and exciting chess.

Here is a brief report of the five games won by Rybka with some analysis from Eric.

<u>1st game</u>: Rybka 3 vs. Ariel Gerez (B46: Sicilian, Taimanov Variation):

Black was mistaken when making defensive manoeuvres, weakening the king wing. This quickly led to a crushing king attack, crowned with a final mate queen sac.

Rybka 3 32-bit - Gerez, Ariel B46: Sicilian: Taimanov: 5 Nc3 a6

1.e4 c5 2.包f3 e6 3.d4 cxd4 4.包xd4 包c6 5.包c3 a6 6.包xc6 bxc6 7.皇d3 豐c7 8.0-0 包f6 9.f4 皇c5+ 10.由h1 d6 11.豐e1 0-0N

11...e5 is the standard reply, then 12.fxe5 (or 12.4a4 2a7 13.2g3 $2g4\pm$) 12...dxe5 13.2c4 (13.2h6!? might also be possible as,

if 13...gxh6? 14.\(\mathbb{Z}\)xf6) 13...\(\mathbb{L}\)e6 14.\(\mathbb{L}\)xe6 fxe6\(\mathbb{L}\)

12.e5!



Immediately taking the square Black should have occupied

12...dxe5?

Best was 12... ②d7 though White still has an advantage after 13.b4! ②a7 (not 13... ③xb4?? 14. 營e4! threatening 營xh7 mate) 14.exd6 營xd6 15. ②e4±

13.fxe5 包d5

Defending with 13... $\triangle e8$ was better, White still plays 14. $\underline{\mbox{$\mathbb{B}$}}$ $\underline{\mbox{$\mathbb{A}$}}$ then 14... $\underline{\mbox{$\mathbb{B}$}}$ $\underline{\mbox{$\mathbb{B}$}}$ $\underline{\mbox{$\mathbb{B}$}}$ $\underline{\mbox{$\mathbb{B}$}}$ $\underline{\mbox{$\mathbb{B}$}}$ $\underline{\mbox{$\mathbb{B}$}}$

14. ₩h4 g6?!

In fact 14...f5 15.exf6 ②xf6 would have been better, though 16.\(\mathbb{L}\)f4! \(\mathbb{M}\)e7 17.\(\mathbb{L}\)e5!+− would still leave White with a strong attack 15.\(\mathbb{L}\)e4!\(\mathbb{L}\)e7



16.包f6+! &xf6

17.exf6 \$\dot\delta\$h8 18.c4!

Best

18...**₺b6** 19.**쌀h6 罩g8**

Only move, anything else and Black is quickly mated

20.国f4 幽e5?



But this time Black plays the wrong move. The only way to delay mate was 20... \(\mathbb{\mathbb{M}}\) xf4 but of course 21. \(\mathbb{\mathbb{M}}\) xf4 leaves Rybka too far ahead materially

22... 增h5 23. 罩xh5# 1-0

<u>2nd game</u>: Lallana, Daniel vs. Rybka 3 (B40: Sicilian, unusual lines):

After the early loss of a couple of pawns (due to wrong tactical calculations), White stubbornly resisted but still reached an inevitably hopeless pawn endgame.

Lallana, Daniel - Rybka 3 32-bit B40: Sicilian: 2...e6, Unusual lines

7.d3 is okay, but 7.0-0 is the usual choice, then 7... \triangle c6 and now 8.c4 has a good record, though it seems that 8.cxd4 is more popular?!

7...②c6 8.0-0 ②ge7 9.a4?!N

Here I could only find 9.c4 and 9.\(\frac{1}{2}\)f4 on my database

9...dxc3 10.\(\Delta\)xc3



White's pawn structure is already a mess, Black can target 3 pawns: a4, d3 and e5.

But worse still would have been 10.bxc3? \(\text{\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$d8}!}}\) leaving White with really major problems very early into the game

10...包g6 11.曾e2 皇e7 12.囯d1 包d4 13.包xd4 cxd4 14.包b5 a6 15.包a3 豐xa4

One of the weak pawns gone 16.2d2 2xa3 17.2xa3 255 18.2e1?!

Making it too easy for Black to win a second pawn.

Okay, if 18. 幽e4 the b2/& drops instead, but after 18... 幽xb2 19. 閩aa1 0-0 White can start to regroup with 兔a5 or 20. 閩ab1

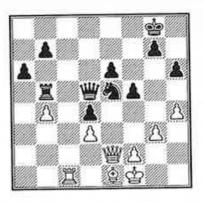
18...曹xe5 19.曹f3 曾b5 20.鼍da1 0-0 21.曹e2 鼍ac8 22.g3 鼍fd8 23.h4 h6 24.鼍d1 曹e5 25.曹f3 鼍d5 26.幸f1 曹c7 27.鼍aa1 曹d7 28.鼍ac1 鼍xc1 29.鼍xc1 鼍b5 30.b4 包e5

Lallana's resistance has indeed been stubborn, as Claudio says, and Rybka has made little progress at all since going 2 pawns up. Even so one feels the outcome for White is inescapable, and now a small inaccuracy pretty much condemns White to defeat

31.營e4?

31. 当e2!? is the better chance, and now 31... 白c6 32. 邑c4 continues to hang on! 31...f5! 32. 当e2 当d5!





Rybka misses nothing, the mate threat pretty much forces a queen exchange which leaves Black with an easily won endgame

33.f3 增xf3+ 34.增xf3 包xf3 35.置c5?

A poor choice, Black needs to avoid exchanges and this allows a series of them.

Of course the basic exchange can't be avoided as 35.\(\frac{a}{2}f2?!\) allows \(\frac{a}{2}xb4\), but 35.\(\frac{a}{2}f2\) was best and after 35...\(\frac{a}{2}xe1\) 36.\(\frac{a}{2}xe1\) at least White has kept the rooks on

35... Exc5 36.bxc5 包xe1 37. exe1 空f7

I'm not sure if Claudio was using Table—bases, I should have asked! If so then they would guarantee that this must end up a Black win

Rybka is being funny in some way, surely just 43...f2

44. 查e3 a3 45. 查xf3 a2 46. 查e4 g5

46...a1 \(\mathbb{\textra}\) of course is what 99.99% of us would play

47.hxg5 hxg5

After 48.d4 a1 \ would come with Table—base mate announcements. 0-1

3rd game: Rybka 3 vs. Pulgar, Cristian (D31: Queen's Gambit Declined, Semi-Slav):

After a wrong exchange of the good bishop and a small tactical oversight, Black had to suffer a strong pawn majority assault at the queen wing, which created a couple of connected passed pawns that gave Rybka a quick victory.

Rybka 3 32-bit - Pulgar, Cristian D31: Queen's Gambit Declined: Semi-Slav without Nf6

1.d4 d5 2.2f3 e6 3.c4 c6 4.2bd2 &d6?!

Dubious and rare. 4... \$\alpha\$ f6 is the top move, also 4...f5 gets played regularly

5.e4 dxe4 6. 🛭 xe4 🗗 f6?!

6... &e7 seems to be the right choice here, keeping the bishop with 7. &ed3 $\triangle f6$ usually to follow

7. ②xd6+ 豐xd6 8. e2 c5N

We weren't quite out of theory, others have tried playing without the f8/bishop, and here 8...0-0 9.0-0 b6 has been tried

9.0-0 0-0 10.皇e3 cxd4 11.營xd4 營xd4 12.憂xd4



White already has a queenside pawn majority and now the $a7/\triangle$ is under threat from $\triangle d4-b5$. Best now therefore is either the simple 12... $\triangle d7$, or 12...e5!? 13. $\triangle b5$ $\triangle c6$ 14. $\triangle ad1$ $\triangle e6$

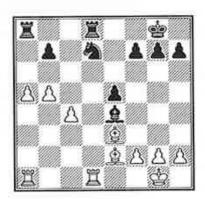
12...වbd7? 13.වb5 වb6?!

13...b6 was the only worthwhile try, then White should play 14.\(\hat{L}\)f3 and after 14...\(\hat{L}\)b8 15.\(\hat{D}\)xa7\(\hat{D}\)e5 16.\(\hat{L}\)e2\(\hat{L}\)a6 leaving Black with a difficult position a pawn down. But White has a problems of its own, extricating the knight!

14.b3 &d7 15.\(\Delta\)xa7 \(\Delta\)xa7 16.\(\Delta\)xb6 \(\Delta\)a8 17.a4! \(\Delta\)c6 18.a5 \(\Delta\)d7 19.\(\Delta\)e3 e5 20.b4 \(\Delta\)e4



21. 置fd1 置fd8 22.b5



22...f5

The desperate kingside 'counter-attack' has no chance, but what else could Black try?!

23. g5! f6 24. Exd8 + Exd8 25.f3 gc2 26.a6

Probably 26. £xf6 gxf6 27.c5! was better, but it doesn't matter, White wins either way

The immediate \begin{aligned} \text{ a8 wasn't so good, but} once the Black king leaves its protection of the \beta/d8 then it becomes the right move!

33...⊈d6

34.\a2

4th game: Pizarro, Pablo vs. Rybka 3 (D00: Unusual lines).

Perhaps trying to pose a solid opening, White set a sort of weird Stonewall System. Rybka immediately exploded the weakness of the black squares, squeezing White's mobility. After a double long castle, it (sorry, "she"!) managed to put pressure both in the centre and the queen wing. Eventually she broke White defences, entering in a winning endgame. This game was rewarded as being the best game against Rybka, Pablo made Rybka work hard to get its win.

Pizarro, Pablo - Rybka 3 32-bit D00: 1 d4 d5: Unusual lines

1.d4 d5 2.c3 \$\dag{2}\$ f6 3.e3 \$\dag{2}\$ c6!?

Rybka responds to White's unusual 3rd move with an even rarer one of its own!
4.f4

I actually have some Database games with this position, and Black next played either 4... \$\frac{1}{2}5\$ (good), or 4...\$\frac{1}{2}g4\$. But Rybka responds with one of its renowned early rook pawn pushes...

4...h5N 5.2f3 h4 6.h3?!

I don't see that this was necessary, it leaves an awful looking hole on g3. Preferable was 6.\(\delta\)d3 and if 6...h3 7.g3=

6... 2e4! 7. 2d3 2g3 8. 2g1 2f5 9. 2c2 e6 10. 2bd2 2f6 11. 2f1 2xd3 12. 2xd3 2e4



A rather nice knight outpost 13.\(\frac{1}{2}\)d2?!

I thought White really needed to kick the knight from e4 straightaway with 13. 公3d2, then 13...公d6 14. 公h2 0-0-0 15. 公g4 營e7 and now perhaps 16.b3 to try and extricate the bishop. However Rybka doesn't manage to make much progress against Pizarro's method

13...0-0-0 14.營e2 皇e7 15.0-0-0 營f5 16.皇e1 內b8 17.營c2 營h5 18.包1d2! f5 19.內b1



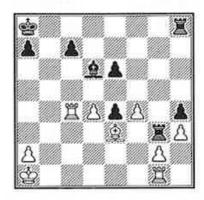
White is playing with great patience. Black looks to have the advantage but it is not clear if Rybka's next, an attempted kingside breakthrough, is enough

19...g5!? 20. වxe4 fxe4 21. වe5 gxf4 22. වxc6+ bxc6 23.exf4 c5 24. ይf2 c4

The fact that this game is still somewhat in the balance is shown by 24...cxd4? 25. &xd4 閏hf8 26. 閏a4 and now White is winning

25.b3 cxb3 26.豐xb3+?!

Probably 26.axb3!? was better, reducing the number of pawn islands. Then if $26... \Xi df 8 \ 27. \Xi d 2 \mp$



34. @f2?!

This looks like the natural choice, but in fact it seems 34. \(\Delta c1 \) was better. Then Black's best is 34... \(\Delta hg8 \) but with 35. \(\Delta c2 \) White is just about hanging on!

34... \(\mathbb{Z} d \) 35. \(\mathbb{Z} e 1 \) \(\mathbb{Z} g 8 \) 36. \(\mathbb{Z} x e 4 ? ! \)

I thought 36.\Bg1 might have been best, but 36...\Bd2! 37.\&e3 \Bdxg2 clearly looks good enough to win

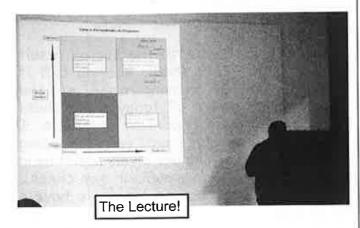
Nor is 36. 2xh4 3xg2 any better than the move played

36... \mathbb{Z} xg2 37. \mathbb{Z} c2 \mathbb{Z} xh3 38. \mathbb{Z} xe6 \mathbb{Z} h1+

39.db2 h3

There was no choice for White but to resign after this: 40. 283 国xc2+ 41. 查xc2 国e1 42. 查d3 2xf4 and Black can't be stopped. 0-1

Before the last round, I gave a short lecture which I had titled (translated from Spanish) "Chessplaying programs: Rivals or allies? How they work and how they can help us to improve our game".



I talked about the program's basic methods for searching and evaluating, briefly referred to personalities (i.e playing characters) of the main engines.

I showed a table where I attempted to demonstrate a personal classification of the styles and strengths for the best commercial engines -see photo- and showed an overview of how make the most advantageous use of the Chessbase playing and database interfaces.

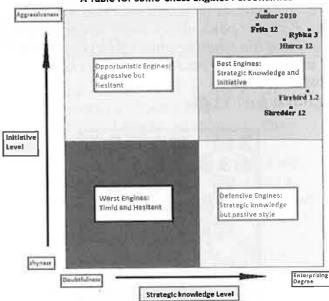
After the lecture, the Champion and Vice-Champion of Bariloche city gave an exhibition of blind chess, in a very thrilling game eventually won by the Champion.

5th game: Rybka 3 vs. Vazquez, Fernando (Bariloche town's Champion) (C45: Scotch Game):

Probably looking to take Rybka out of her book early, Black entered in a dubious defense, which caused a dangerous delay in his development. The unnecessary protection of the g-pawn aggravated this situation: the king ended stranded in the center and under attack.

Rybka's 16.fxe6!! - rejecting a harmless gain of black's rook - was awesome, I think

A Table for some Chess Engines Personalities



perhaps it was her best tactical blow of the entire match.

Rybka 3 - Vazquez, Fernando C45: Scotch Game

1.e4 \(\Delta c6 \) 2.d4 e5 3.\(\Delta f3 \) exd4 4.\(\Delta xd4 \(\Delta e5 ? ! \)

Very rarely seen and, may I say, for good reason! $\triangle f6$ and 2c5 are usual and the game is evenly balanced

5.包c3 单c5

5... \2b4 and d6 have both been played before... just once each at top level

6.包f5 g6?

To be honest I didn't think Rybka's 包f5 was all that great, I thought 6.f4 looked better. The main reason is that 6.包f5 gave Vazquez the chance to play 6...d6 here, and after the probable 7.包xg7+ 每f8 8.包f5 ②xf5 9.exf5 營h4! the strange opening would have resulted in an approximately equal position

7. \(\text{\pm} e3! \) \(\text{\pm} xe3 \)

Or 7...gxf5!? 8. &xc5 d6 9. &b5+ &d7
10. &d4 &xb5 11.f4 &a6 12.fxe5 dxe5
13. &xe5 營g5 14. 營d4 which results in an
interesting game. I think Black must play
14... 當d8 and White is probably winning with
15. 公d5 but it's very sharp

8.4\xe3

So Black has lost the bishop which, with his g-pawn on g6, should be on g7

8...d6 9.f4 勺c6 10.빨e2 勺d4 11.빨c4 勺e6?!

Perhaps protecting the knight with 11...c5

was better, and if the probable 12.0-0-0 $2e7\pm$. I believe Rybka is still winning here, and Vazquez can't afford many second best moves as his opening choices have left him in a somewhat precarious and blocked position



13... **營g**5?

There were better moves, though Black's position is already quite grim, as I've mentioned.

If the pawn is taken 13...gxf5 14.exf5 2g7 15. 至e1! looks very hard to meet. Perhaps 15... 全f8 16. 象d3 2f6 but White's pieces are too active for Black to survive long from here.

If the knight retreated with 13... 公g7 then 14. 曾d4! 曾f6 15. 曾b4 皇c6 16. 公ed5! This pretty much forces 16... 曾d8 and now the queen returns 17. 曾d4!+— which White's operator would have enjoyed for sure!

14. 2 cd5! b5?

Now if 14...gxf5 15.exf5 and after 15...\(\delta\)c6, which seems to be the best try, 16.h4!+-. Still, this would have been better than 14...b5

15.營c3 c6 16.fxe6!

16...cxd5 17.exd7+ \$\dot\pxd7

17.... 也f8 was better but it hardly matters, both replies 18. 鱼xb5 and 邑xd5 are winning easily anyway

22.exd6+

Quicker was 22. 對xc8 包h6 23. 對xh8 對xf1+ 24. 包xf1 含e6 25. 置xd6+ 含f5 26. 對f6+ 含e4 27. 2d3#

22...**⊈**d8?

A mistake as 22... \alpha xd6 would have left White's fastest finish as 23. \alpha xc8 m/7

23.營a5+

I was very pleased with the overall result of the event. With Rybka scoring 5/5 it was not only a demonstration of the overwhelming power of today's top chess engines but, more important I believe, I was able to make my point: far from being our enemies, they can decisively assist us in countless ways to improve our own chess... and at the same time enable us to have a lot of fun!

Please, confirm me if you received everything OK and of course I wish all the very best for your family and you in Our Lord,

Claudio

Of course I e-mailed Claudio immediately with my thanks. I especially loved the photo of him calm and relaxed with his cup of tea, full of confidence (i.e. letting Rybka do all the work!).

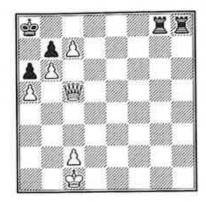
I really do like it when there are contributions such as this from our subscribers, and even more so when they are managing to effectively promote computer chess amongst Club players where they live.

I also enjoyed putting some light notes into the games to add to Claudio's introductions, but all the credit is his for getting involved with a local chess club over there, and letting them and us see just what a strong chess program is capable of.

BILL REID'S "TIME FOR ADJUDICATION"

TOUGH POSITIONS FOR COMPUTERS... (AND US!)

In our last issue Bill gave us the following position to consider, first with "Black to play and get a draw", then with "White to play and get a win"! It wouldn't make any difference to the PC engines which order you did it in, but the idea was that solving the Black part first should help readers solve the White part!



- Stockfish 11: 1... 質h1+ 0.00/26 1:33
- Deep Fritz 11+12: 1... \(\bar{\text{\subset}}\) h1+ 0.00/32
- Deep Shredder 11+12: 1... 5h1+ 0.00/20
- Rybka 3 32-bit: 1...\#h1+ 0.00/26
- Naum 4mp2: 1... \Bh1+ 0.00/28
- Zappa Mexico II: 1...\\(\mathbb{I}\)h1+ 0.00/17
- Deep Sjeng WC2008: 1... \ h1+ 0.00/17
- HIARCS 13 MP: 1...\\(\mathbb{I}\)h1+ 0.00/32

They've all found the draw! Here's a line of analysis to show how it works:

2.**查b2** 2.**查**d2 **B**h2+ 3.**查**c3 **B**xc2+ 4.**查**xc2 **B**g2+ 5.**查**d3 **B**d2+ 2...**B**b1+ 3.**查**xb1 **B**g1+ 4.**查**b2 4.**B**xg1 stalemate 4...**B**b1+ 5.**D**c3 **B**b3+ ½-½

Our problem arose when it became White to play and win. Our solution — which is correct — was for White to play 1.\$\delta\$b2 to avoid the initial check. The trouble is when we gave it to the engines they found 4 moves that would win for White... or at least they thought they did. It was very interesting checking it all out!

- Deep Fritz 11: 1. Deep Fritz
- Deep Shredder 11 UCI: 1. 2d4! +13.45
- Deep Sjeng WC2008: 1.營d6? +3.57 FAILS: 1...፱h1+2.Φb2 ፱b1+ 3.Φxb1 ፱g1+ 4.Φb2 ፱b1+

draws

- Naum 4mp2: 1.含b2! +4.41 1...星c8 2.營e7 (2.營d6 is better) 2...星ce8 3.營d7
- Rybka 3 32-bit: 1.營f5?? +5.12 but 1...তh1+ 0.00 2.空b2 তb1+ etc is a draw 0.00!
- Toga II 1.4 beta5c: 1.營d6?? showing #14 with 1...宣f8 2.全b2 宣hg8 3.營d3 国h8 4.全b3. But it FAILS, there is NO MATE: 1...宣h1+ 0.00 draws!
- Zappa Mexico II: 1.增d4! #17 1。. 互f8 (1... 互h1+2. 含b2 互b1+3.含a2 #5) 2.增d3 etc
- HIARCS 12.302 MP: 1.營d4! #14 1...띨h1+ 2.党b2 etc
- Stockfish 1.8 JA top 2 lines produced quickly: 1) 1.☆b2! #17 1...堂c8 2.c4 罩h2+ 3.☆c3 罩h3+ 4.☆b4 罩h1 5.營d5 罩b1+ 6.☆c3 罩c1+ 7.☆b2 etc; and 2) 1.營d4! #18 1...堂c8 2.☆b2 罩h2 3.☆b3 罩h3+ 4.☆a4 罩h1 5.c4
- Deep Rybka 4 on top 2 lines soon produced: 1) 1.營d4! +15.02 1...互c8 2.查b2 etc, and 2) 1.查b2 +15.02 1...互f8 2.營d4

Other example lines after 1. 2d4:

- 1...室h1+ 2.含b2 医hh8 3.營d3 国e8 4.c4 国hf8 5.含b3 国c8 6.c5 国f6 7.c6 国xc6 8.營d8 国6xc7 9.bxc7 国xd8 10.cxd8營+ 含a7 11.含c3 b5 12.axb6+ 含b7 13.營c7+ 含a8 14.營c8#
- 1...宣c8 2.含b2 莒h5 3.營d7 莒hh8 4.營d3 莒hf8 5.含b3 莒h8 6.c4 莒ce8 7.c5 莒h3 8.c8莒+ 莒xc8 9.營xh3 莒f8 10.營d7 莒f3+ 11.含c4 莒f4+ 12.含d5 莒f8 13.c6 bxc6+ 14.營xc6+ 含b8 15.營c7+ 含a8 16.營a7#

And after 1. db2:

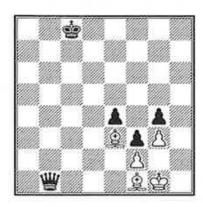
■ 1.空b2 互e8 2.營d4 互hf8 3.營d3 互h8 4.c4 互hg8 5.全b3 互h8 6.c5 互h3 7.c8互+ 互xc8 8.營xh3 互f8 9.營d3 互e8 10.c6 互e3 11.營xe3 bxc6 12.營e7 全b8 13.營c7+ 全a8 14.營a7# so #14

When Bill and I realised that there was a double Solution (but not triple as Toga, Sjeng and Rybka3 would like to think!), we tried various adjustments. The nearest we got was moving the White king to c2 and pushing the pawn on c2 to c3, and putting the Black rooks on e8 and g8. That way we only had one mate solution for White, 1.Kb3... but the engines found 3 ways of drawing for Black: 1...Rg2+, 1...Re2+ and 1...Rh8! So far no reader has managed to come up with anything better.

Here was Bill's introduction to his latest, tough position in *Sel Search 148*...

"In Selective Search 142 I showed a position where the programs were convinced that they had a win, whereas the human eye could see that it was a draw. The position I am showing this time is one where programs and humans can agree - it is a win for Black.

Black to move



"However a big difference comes when the humans and the programs are challenged to play with the Black pieces and get the win!

"So why not sit yourself down, take the White pieces and invite your program to demonstrate the win! The evaluation is probably +4.00 or even +5.00, but can it succeed?! I think not! But swap round, you take the Black pieces and give White to your program. What will happen this time? I'm betting you will see how to win!"

And Bill was right. "And if I am right", says Bill, "why is it that humans were able to do better than the programs in spite of having much lower calculating ability?". We will look at the answer to that in some detail in a moment, but first let's demonstrate a winning line for Black, so you can compare it with what the engines want to do.

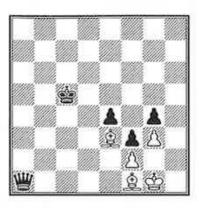
All of the engines start off fine moving the king to c6: 1... 全c7 and after 2. 全d4 全c6 and you think maybe they've got the idea as

they're all showing around -5.00 or more, certain that Black is winning. But as you look down the principle move listing you soon see that instead of the king marching Kc7-c6-c5-b4-b3-c2 etc. they have the monarch wandering to d5 at best, then back to maybe e6 or worse. None of them see at this stage that the king must march all the way down the board if the game is to be won! Let's check a few more moves:

3.**皇e3 豐a**1

Here's an e.g line from Stockfish showing the king retreating: 3.... 空d5 4. 全g5 營d1 5. 全g3 空c6 6. 全f4 空b6 7. 全g5 空b7 -6.06. Instead Queen moves need to be played when the bishops stop the king's next advancement. When the bishop goes away and the king moves again!

4.鼻f4 空c5 5.鼻e3+



Now perhaps the key moment to check if the engines are getting the idea yet?!

- HIARCS 13.131 MP: 5... **☆b4** -6.33/32

Three now have it, Rybak4 even showing mate. Other engines I tested were still

uncertain what to do with the king!

6.单d2+ 如b3

Let's check the hesitant Fritz and Shredder again, with the king now at b3 it should be much easier.

- Deep Fritz 12: **6... 6b3** 7. **2**e3 營e5 8. **2**h2 營b2 9. **2**g1 **2**b6 10. **2**a7 營c2 11. **2**b6 營d1 12. **2**a7 營e1 13. **2**e3 營b1 14. **2**d4 **2**b3 15. **2**e3 營d1 16. **2**c5 **2**c3 17. **2**e3 營d5 18. **2**b4 19. **2**g1 營a2 20. **2**d4 營d2 21. **2**e3 -5.86/41

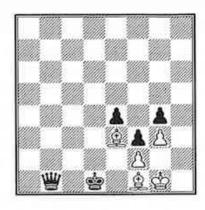
They've all grasped the idea now, so that's good... but NONE of them would have got here without Bill giving them a few moves to get the Black king into White's half of the board!

7.皇g5 中c2 8.皇f4 曾d1 9.皇g5 曾d3 10.皇e3 中d1 11.皇c5 曾d5 12.皇a7 中e1 Fritz in showing -#41 is the last to see it will be mated, though it wont take 41 moves! The others knew a couple of moves ago. 13.皇b6 13...曾d6 14.皇e3 曾d3 15.皇xd3 If 15.皇c5 曾xf1+-#2, or 15.皇g2 fxg2 -#5, and 15.皇h3 gxh3 -#5 15...exd3 16.皇d4 d2 17.皇c3 中e2 18.皇xd2 曾xd2 19.曾f1 曾d1 20.曾g1 曾e1 21.曾h1 曾xf2 22.曾h2 曾e1 23.曾g1 f2+24.曾h2 曾e2 25.曾g2 f1曾+ and that is mate in 5, all Black must be careful about is not to leave a stalemate!

Here is Bill's explanation of how a human would have been examining the position:

"Why is it that humans were able to do better than the programs in spite of having much lower calculating ability?" The answer is that, while in most positions higher calculating ability will find better moves, there are some where those better moves can only be discovered through an ability to visualise and that, as far as I know, cannot be put into a program. The human eye can see that in this position Black can only win by overloading the Black square bishop, and that this can only come about if the king gets into the action.

So let's imagine that the king is not on c8 but on d1!"



"Now the immediate threat is Qd3, and if White plays Bxd3, Black has a won ending with 1...exd. But if the Black square bishop moves, after a further Black queen move all sorts of opportunities open up for threats of mate after 2.Kel or a break-up of the White pawns after e3. When they are shown what the human eye has visualised, the programs all agree with that! My old friend Fritz8 thinks Black is winning in our original position and after 3 mins shows +4.16 but doesn't know how to win it. But put the Black king on d1 and that shoots up to +9.31! What the human player needs to see at the outset is that the Black king can cross over the diagonals the bishops are trying to control and get to the first rank. Not so difficult as we've seen. Here's another way to do it":

1... gb7 2. gd4 gc6 3. ga7 ga1 4. ge3 gd5

5.**2**b6 **2**d6 6.**2**e3 **2**c6 7.**2**f4 **2**b6 8.**2**d2 **2**d1, and now 9.**2**c3 **2**d6, or 9.**2**b4 e3 are both winning for Black. Therefore the bishop has to move off the e1-a5 diagonal; and then the Black king marches through.

"So, from that position with the Black king on d1, what might happen? Well, for example":

1.2d4 **ed3 (Hiarcs13 follows this line exactly and here announces m/19!) 2.2c5 **ed5 3.2e3 **ee1 4.2b6 **ed6. And now, if 5.2e3 or 2a7, then 5...**ed3 forces a won ending. And after 5.2a5+ **ed1 Fritz8 announces mate in 15 (Hiarcs13 says it's actually m/7!).

"Some comfort there for humans in their battles with machines? Will machines ever acquire an ability to visualise - look beyond the limits of calculating power? But that calculating power has now become so strong that their lack of it will only rarely cause them a problem!"

RYBKA WINS THE ICT 10 EVENT IN LEIDEN

Rybka's remarkable big tournament success story of the last 3 years continued in June as it recently won yet another title in the *International Computer Chess Tournament (ICT)*. It was basically the new Rybka 4 chess engine just before its commercial release, but with special programming to run on a 128 Core Cluster!

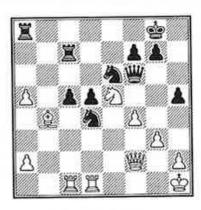
The 14 strong field included other very strong opposition as well: there was **Sjeng** (which also ran on a 128 Core Cluster), the new version of the famous **Junior** engine which was supposed to be on 24 Cores but I think ran on 12 in the end, as did the British programmed **Hiarcs** by Mark Uniacke. **Shredder** was on an 8 Core machine, plus there were other well-known programs such as **The King** and **Pandix** as well as the emerging **Spark** and **Komodo** engines.

The latter is a new engine by the USA's Don Dailey which he has been working in collaboration with G.M Larry Kaufman. Larry was featured in this magazine when he won his GM title last year, and used to work with Vasik Rajlich on Rybka, specialising in particular on the pawn and piece values! But so far they've only got Komodo running in SP mode, so it was very seriously under-powered in this company!

The Rybka Cluster got off to a "flyer' with 5 straight wins, so there was much intrigue and discussion during the later stages of the event over the manner of its defeat in round 6 to the Sjeng Cluster, when it made a very quick and incorrect recapture. Rybka's opening book programmer for the event, Jeroen Noomens, even walked out of the tournament room in disgust when he saw the move Rybka had played, though he later apologised to the game winners for not being there to congratulate them on their victory. What had gone wrong?!

The mistake/blunder it made was due to an 'instant move' exchange sacrifice played at a depth of only 7 ply, after which its game soon went downhill. However it was caused by a fault in the coding for the special Cluster software, and the commercial Rybka4 shows <u>no</u> interest in playing this wrong move! I knew you'd want to know that!!

Rybka - Deep Sjeng



38.萬xc5? My Deep Rybka 4 w32 plays only 38.호xc5 showing a small advantage for White 38...②xc5 39.호xc5 公c6 40.호b6 逗e7 41.逗xd5 豆ae8 42.호d4 公xe5 43.☆g1 營c6 44.弖xe5 弖xe5 45.fxe5 弖d8 46.營f4 營c4 47.호e3 弖d1+ 48.☆g2 營xa2+ 49.營f2 營xa5 50.營f5 營a2+ 51.內h3 弖h1 52.營c8+ 內h7 53.營f5+ g6 54.營f2 營e6+ 55.ሷg2 營c6+ 56.內h3 營d7+ 57.ሷg2 營d5+ 58.內h3 ሷg8 59.호b6 營xe5 60.호c5 營e6+ 61.ሷg2 0-1

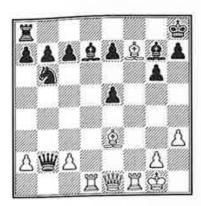
What this win did was bring Sjeng to within a ½ point of Rybka and, for a short while, it looked as if this reverse might result in a close finish to the Tournament.

Unfortunately for Sjeng it drew too many of its games against the machines placed just below it and Rybka, which managed to win ALL of its other games, soon pulled clear again, finally scoring 8/9.

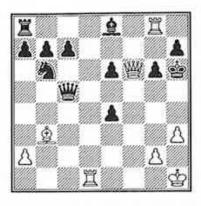
Programmer Vasik Rajlich has aimed for small improvements in all areas of its play and especially to make this Rybka version more active/aggressive. This is largely being achieved by giving it a better understanding of king attacks. Here is a very good example of this as Rybka seizes on its opponent's slow development by sacrificing a couple of pawns for a strong initiative which soon leads to an overwhelming attack!

RYBKA - KOMODO

1.e4 d6 2.d4 g6 3.包c3 皇g7 4.f4 The Austrian Attack! 4...包f6 5.包f3 0-0 6.皇d3 包c6 7.e5 dxe5 8.fxe5 包d7 Quite rare though it has been played before at GM level. Perhaps though it is the start of Black's problems as Komodo's position is now rather cramped. Understandably, I think, 包h5 or



The material imbalance might favour Black, but Rybka's swift piece development gives Komodo no chance to relax and already it is in some trouble 19... ②e8 20. 当h4 当xc2 21. ②b3 当c3 22. ②h6 22. 三f3! also looks good here 22... 当c5+ 23. 全h1 e4 24. ②xg7+ 全xg7 25. 三f8! e6 25... 全xf8?? 26. 当h6# 26. 当f6+ 全h6 27. 三g8!



Black is helpless against Rybka's fine attack, and the game is soon over 27... **a4 28. Exa8 Axa8 29. a4 26 B a5 29. a4 28 B a5 29. a6 29**

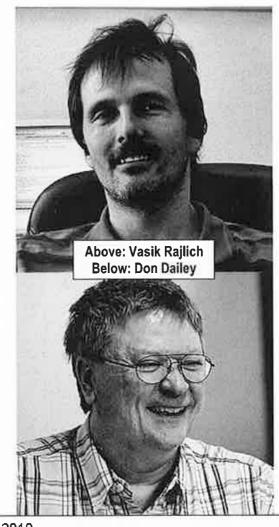
Rybka played all of the 9 engines which finished in the final top 10, so its 8/9 score was earned the hard way.

As already mentioned Sjeng drew its 4 games against the engines just below it, which cost it vital points, but it is still clearly a strong program though – and I say this after looking at rating lists where similar or equal hardware is used – much

of its strength in Leiden was certainly owed to its very fast hardware.

Hiarcs and Shredder also did very well on their more conservative PC set—ups and, in truth, the processor speed gap makes it very hard for them to compete against the much faster specialised Cluster set—ups. This comment of course applies even more so to the single processor Komodo which still somehow managed to come 6= with 5/9! Another fact worth mentioning is that only 13 of the 63 games ended in a draw!

More games coverage/comment next time!



	IOT 40 1 1	_	_	204	^			113.	17.50	"=		a comment	ns	11.8			
	ICT 10 Lei	aer	1 2	201	U												i i
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0	1	2	3	4		
1	Rybka [•	0	1	. 1.	1	1	1	1	1	1					80/9	
2	Deep Sieng	1		35	16	И	36			1			1	1	1	70/9	
3	Hiarcs	0	羟		½	1/2	1		1	1/2	1	1				60/9	28 25
4	Deep Shredder	0	14	H	*	94	.1				16	1	1		1	60/9	23 75
5	Deep Junior	0	34	35	8	*	36	1	1	34				1		5.5 / 9	
6	Komodo	0	烃	0	0	34	4	1			1	1	1			50/9	22.25
7	Pandix	0				0	0		1	1		0	1	1:	1	50/9	13.00
Β	The Baron	0		0		0		0	100		1/2	1	1	1	1	45/9	
9	Spark	0	0	肾		14		0	9		1		0	1	1.	4.0/9	10.75
10	The King	0		0	14		0		34	0		11		1	1	4.0/9	9.75
11	Kallisto			0	0		0	1	0		0		1/2	1	1	35/9	7.75
12	Almond		0		0		0	0	0	1		4	*	1	1	35/9	6.75
13	RedQueen		0			0		0	0	0	0.	0	0	*	½	0.579	0.25
14	Joker		0		Û			0	0	0	0	0	0	И		05/9	0.25

THE CCRL AND CEGT RATING LISTS!

The very interesting CCRL & CEGT Website Groups have COMPLETE RATING LISTS for a wide range of PC hardware, and include old, new, interim and free versions, though they don't always both test the SAME engines! I extract from the lists the ratings for available engines when they're running on a *Single* 32-bit Processor.

CEGT 40/20 32-bit 1 cpu Rating List

The CEGT web address, worth visiting, is:

http://www.husvankempen.de/nunn

_ 1144P					
Pos	ENGINE		RATING		
1.	Рувка 4		3113		
2	S тоскызн 1.8	3101			
3	STOCKFISH 1.7.1	3060			
4	Рувка 3		3047		
5	SHREDDEER 12		3015		
6	Naum 4.2		3012		
7	Naum 4/4.1		2985		
8	CRITTER 0.70		2970		
9	Рувка 2.3.2 а		2961		
10	Коморо 1.2		2960		
11	DEEP FRITZ 12		2960		
12	HIARCS 13.1		2937		
13	DEEP FRITZ 11		2932		
14	Кувка 1.2 ғ		2928		
15	FRITZ 12		2924		
16	FRITZ 11		2914		
17	SHREDDER WM (BO	ONN) EDITION	2908		
18	THINKER 5.40 INER	2890			
19	Naum 3/3.1	2890			
20	SHREDDER 11	2887			
21	CYCLONE 3.4	2874			
22	DEEP SJENG WC2	2864			
23	HIARCS 12/12.1	2861			
24	GRAPEFRUIT 1.0	2858			
25	TOGA II 1.4 BETA5	2856			
26	SPARK 0.4	2844			
27	DEEP SJENG 3.0		2839		
28	ZAPPA MEXICO 2		2836		
29	HIARCS PADERBORI	N 2007	2835		
30	HIARCS 11.1/11.2		2835		
31	Onno 1.1.1		2832		
32	D осн 09.980	Our usual	2826		
33	Вківнт 0.5с	DEDICATED	2823		
34	Naum 2.2	COMPUTER	2819		
35	FRITZ 10	2819			
36	ZAPPA MEXICO I	List will return next Issue!	2816		
37	LOOP 10.32F		2810		
38	SHREDDER 10/10.1	2805			
39	FRUIT 2.3.1	2796			
40	GLAURUNG 2.2		2792		
41	ZAP! ZANZIBAR		2787		
42	KTULU 9		2787		
43	SPIKE 1.2 TURIN		2770		
	1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -				

CCRL 40/40 32-bit 1 cpu Rating List

The CCRL web address, worth visiting, is:

http://www.computerchess.org.uk/ccrl

Pos	Engine	RATING
1	К УВКА 4	3114
2	Кувка 3	3098
3	STOCKFISH 1.7.1	3075
4	Naum 4.2	3068
5	Naum 4/4.1	3048
6	Sтоскгізн 1.6.3	3033
7	SHREDDER 12 OA=ON	3029
8	Кувка 2.3.2 а	3020
9	Коморо 1.2	2997
10	CRITTER 0.70	2989
11	FRITZ 12	2986
12	HIARCS 13.1	2980
13	Rувка 1.2F	2978
14	STOCKFISH 1.5.1	2967
15	Naum 3/3.1	2967
16	FRITZ 11	2960
17	THINKER 5.4D INERT	2956
18	Doch 1.3.4	2950
19	PROTECTOR 1.3.5	2940
20	SHREDDER 11	2937
21	GRAPEFRUIT 1.0	2933
22	CRITTER 0.60	2933
23	Toga II 1.4.1 se	2932
24	DEEP JUNIOR 11.1A	2932
25	CYCLONE XTREME	2932
26	DEEP SJENG WC2008	2928
27	SPARK 0.4	2920
28	Hiarcs 12/12.1	2920
29	ZAPPA MEXICO 2	2915
30	DEEP SJENG 3.0	2914
31	DEEP JUNIOR 10	2911
32	Onno 1.0/1.1	2906
33	HIARCS PADERBORN 2007	2899
34	D осн 09.980	2899
35	Naum 2.2	2896
36	HIARCS 11.1/11.2	2893
37	ZAPPA MEXICO	2890
38	FRUIT 2.3.1	2888
39	FRITZ 10	2885
40	ZAP! ZANZIBAR	2882
41	BRIGHT 0.5c	2881
42	Loop 13.6/2007	2880
43	SHREDDER 10/10.1	2874
40	OUKEDDEK IO/10.1	2014