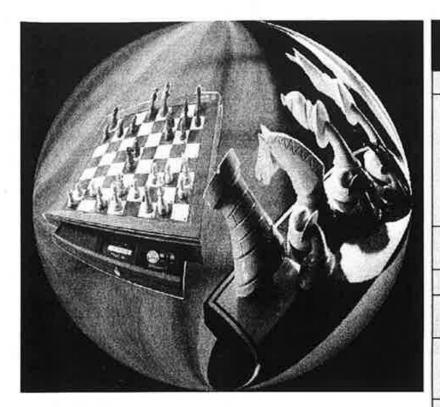
SELECTIVE SEARCH The Computer Chess Magazine

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- ARTICLES, REVIEWS, GAMES sent in by Readers, Distributors, Programmers etc are welcome.

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■ SELECTIVE SEARCH is produced by ERIC HALLSWORTH.

All CORRESPONDENCE and SUBSCRIPTIONS to Eric please at The Red House, 46 High St., Wilburton, Cambs CB6 3RA. Or E-MAIL: enc@elhchess.demon.co.uk

■ All COMPUTER CHESS PRODUCTS are available from COUNTRYWIDE COMPUTERS Victoria House, 1 High Street, Wilburton, Cambs CB6 3RB.



■ Readers can ring ERIC at COUNTRYWIDE, Mon-Fri, 1.00-5.00. INTERNET WEB PAGES: http://www.elhchess.demon.co.uk/





COMPUTER & PC... BEST BUY Ideas!

RATINGS for these computers and programs can be found on the SS back pages. This is not a complete product listing - these are what I consider to be current BEST BUYS bearing in mind price points, playing

strength, features + quality.

Further info/photos can be found in Countrywide's CATALOGUE - see their address/phone on the front page if you want one. Beware those whose prices seem cheaper, but there's a post & packing charge at the end! Our insured delivery p&p is FREE. Adaptors are £9 extra. Subscribers Offer: You can deduct 5% off software and 10% off dedicated computer prices when you buy from Countrywide - you'll need to mention 55.

■ PORTABLE COMPUTERS ■ [por]

Kasparov

BULLET - Talking coach - £49 - talks + travels! COSMOS - £99! - great value, 4½"x4½" plug-in board + display

Novag

AMBER £139 - excellent plug-in, strong as Cosmos with great features and display SAPPHIRE2 £224 - strong calculator style, 32MHz H8. Incl. magnetic disc set - excellent

TABLE-TOP PRESS SENSORY [ps]

Kasparov

EXECUTIVE £99 - GK-2000 Morsch prog. Display etc. plus lid cover. Terrific value!

COUGAR - £129! - top quality Morsch program, clever display, recommended

Novag

TURQUOISE £149 - the Amber/Emerald Classic Plus program in modern style board

EMERALD CLASSIC PLUS £179 - beautiful wood-look board, wood pieces. Display etc.

DIAMOND2 £279 - strong, very good features, big 120,000 opening book and A1 for value!

Mephisto

MILANO PRO £249 - Morsch at RISC speed, strong, good features and display

ATLANTA £379 - the fast hash-table version of Milano Pro=even greater strength. 64 led board

WOOD AUTO SENSORY = [as]

Kasparov

PRESIDENT £299 - top value wood board ever
 good range of features, scrolling display

Mephisto

EXCLUSIVE all wood board, felted pieces with MM6 - President program £449 with SENATOR - Milano Pro program £649 with MAGELLAN - Atlanta program £749

Novag

SAPPHIRE2 DE LUXE £449 includes Novag Sapphire2, lovely wood UNIVERSAL board, WChess PC program, all connection cables and adaptor. Excellent value and quite brilliant!

PC PROGRAMS on CD

HIARCS7 - for PC and MAC! - most human-like playing style, very strong, great analysis features and player help. 488,000 Opening Book, user adjustable/extendable. Full learning! £89

REBEL10 - £44.95 - A real Schroder 'special' - anti-GM mode beat Anand! New graphics. Wonderful analytical features incl. Game Overview. ENCYCLOPAEDIA OF CHESS for Rebel 10. 1 million games database plus 50 million opening tree! Incredible for study. £39

FRITZ5.32 (2 CD's) £45 - by Franz Morsch: improved knowledge + strength, superb features and graphics. Voice mode. A1 printing abilities For FRITZ5: PowerBook set £45

JUNIOR5 - £45 - Fritz-like interface & features, another very strong fast-searching program.

GENIUS6 - £89 - by Richard Lang. High quality graphics, strength. Ability to run WChess 2000 and others within it. Games database. Printing. For GENIUS6: W Chess engine £45

Also NIMZO99 £45, SHREDDER3 £79, MChessPR08 £69, CS_Tal £39 (disc). Please allow 7 days for delivery on these.

CLASSIC GAMES COLLECTION for PC!
SAGE 4000 DRAUGHTS (a very strong program!), includes DRAUGHTS variations, 10x10,
Flip It (OTHELLO) and other games! £39!

PC DATABASES on CD m

CHESSBASE 7.0 for Windows £225 NEW 32-bit high speed, 875,000 games, position trees and stats. Crafty analysis chess eng

"The" games and work DATABASE,

"Multi-media and with Player 'cyclopaedia.
'BASIC' package 300.000 games. A bargain!

'BASIC' package 300,000 games. A bargain!

Analysis modules, to use within CBase6 (or Fritz5): HIARCS6 £45, or JUNIOR4.6 £45

With CHESSBASE 6.0 you can UPGRADE to CHESSBASE 7.0 for £87.50!

PC TUTORIALS =

Chess MENTOR - number '1' for chess training COMPREHENSIVE: novice/hobby £59.95
ADVANCED: best for SS readers!? Strategy and Technique for study or pleasure £59.95
FULL DE LUXE: The COMPREHENSIVE COURSE plus all 11! available modules £225

= SECOND-HAND & EX-DEMO =

all with 9 month guarantee and free adaptor Fidelity CLUB 68000 [ps] £75

Kasparov SIMULTANO [ps] £69

Novag DIAMOND1 [ps] £139

Mephisto MONTE CARLO + case [as] £159 Mephisto ACADEMY (as new) [as] £295

Mephisto LONDON 68000 [ps] £385

Mephisto LONDON PRO 68020 [ps] £495 Fidelity ELITE MACH4 2325 [as] £549

NEWS and RESULTS

REBEL 10 won the strong Clodra tournament in December, ahead of FRITZ5 and HIARCS7. There were 15 pairs of participants, so 30 programs played altogether.

A detailed report is elsewhere in this Is-

sue of SS.

Still with REBEL, the EOC was delayed until mid-January, and I apologise to all those who were kept waiting for so long!

Reg COX was a recent recipient of *Selective Search's* 'free to subscribers' **REBEL DECADE2** CD, and has sent me a series of results for rating, which are very useful.

Most of the other results I have for RD2 are on a standard Pentium, in the 100 to 133MHz range, on which it currently grades in SS at 2319 Elo. Thus it usually just fails to get into the top 48 in the SS PC Rating List. Of course its rating will be rather more on a P2/300 - well over 2400 I expect, much as Reg's results suggest!

	40/2	G/60
Tasc R30-1995 active Rebel DECADE2 P2/300	3½ 3½	1 3
Tasc R30-1995 solid Rebel DECADE2 P2/300	2 2	0
Tasc R30-1995 offensive Rebel DECADE2 P2/300	1½ 3½	3½ 3½

New DGT board driver

There is a new driver for the DGT board which is reported to enable all <u>Windows</u> chess programs to run with it. I will test it with various programs such as Genius5/6 when I have the chance, and a DGT board available. Of course most programs outside the FRITZ series wont have voice announcement, so reference to the PC screen will be needed to read the computer moves.

FRITZ 5.32 copy protection

The GOOD and the BAD! If you buy FRITZ 5.32, you can also refuel your old version 5 with it. So if you decide to keep your 16-bit version on hard disk, you can maintain both from the one CD if you want. However when I used 5.32 to refresh 5.16,

the 5.16 engine stopped working within the 5.32 environment a few days later, and insisted on my putting the original 5.16 CD in to make it work again.

Good job I hadn't been naughty and sold

it to someone else! Beware!

DUTCH CHAMPIONSHIP - THE KING MAKES A COME-BACK!!

Johan de Koning has just won his national championship for the fourth time, having previously come 1st. in 1991, 1993 and 1995. THE KING program used is in TASCBASE, and a version is also in the CHESSMASTER 5000- 5500-6000 series!

Ranking after 11 Round Dutch Open Computer-Chess Championship 1998

		-Chess Chain	promonip	-,,,
Pos	Seed	Prog	Tot/11	Ties
1	3	The King	9	
2	2	CilkChess	8	
3=	4	Arthur	71/2	70
	5	Kallisto2 exp	71/2	67
	11	Bionic Impakt	71/2	62
6=	1	Nimzo99	61/2	71
	7	Alexs	61/2	61
	9	Diep	61/2	61
	13	Patzer	61/2	56
10=	6	Ant	51/2	54
	10	Rookie2.0+	51/2	54
12	8	Dappet	5	
13	16	BugChess	31/2	
14=	12	Zzzzz] 1/2	57
	14	Morphy3.0	11/2	56
16	15	Delta	0	

The programmers of the new versions of highly rated NIMZO (especially) and KAL-LISTO must have been disappointed with their failure to get closer. However our Rating List already shows that Kallisto2 is failing by a long way to live up to the stirring result it got at AEGON97. Meanwhile Nimzo99 is struggling so far to get results which match those of Nimzo98!

ALEXS is an interesting one - it has a specialised learning function, which is not the standard type. 'Standard' is basically where a program 'learns', from a sudden evaluation collapse and loss, that a move played in a particular position must have been wrong. It stores the position and evaluation, ready for any future occurrence, so that it can try and improve next time. However ALEXS actually adjusts its algorithms relating to evaluations in accordance with results.

I have seen this at work in NOUGHTS & CROSSES - I even programmed one myself where the program initially knows only the Rules and what constitutes a win or a loss... so you can beat it for the first game or two. But as it assimilates the results and methods, it learns correct play for itself and very quickly becomes unbeatable. However, programming this for chess must be a different kettle of fish!

The programmer has sent me a copy of AL-EXS with his little (almost incomprehensible-to-me) book on neural networking, and I have promised him I'll do a Review soon (unless there's a volunteer out there who already knows a little about the subject, and who'd like a crack at it!?).

NIMZO99: NEWS FLASH.

Chrilly Donninger unhappy with quality of play

For 'quality of play' probably read 'results'!

Perhaps the most amazing News Flash of recent times was the one announcing a new version of NIMZO99, I think it was barely 3 weeks after its initial launch!

Almost as soon as I received the (original) new Donninger program, I played a 20 game match at G/60 between NIMZO99 and JUNIOR5, with the latter winning 13½-6½.

I have now replayed the match, and the new result, with NIMZO99[a], saw JUNIOR5 win again, this time 12½-7½.

Too small a sample from which to reach many conclusions, but it was a slight improvement for NIMZO. However neither result is very encouraging and suggests that Donninger's own NIMZO98 is better than the new ChessBase Nimzo99 conversion.

Enrique IRAZOQUI has replaced the

original NIMZO99 with NIMZO99[a] in his massive tournament series.

The complete, current 'state-of-play' in Irazoqui's 40/40 tournament series is shown elsewhere in SS, but here is a TABLE comparing the results of the two NIMZO versions:

S/10	Jun5	Hiar7	MCP8	Tiger	F532	F516	Reb10
N99	4	3	2	31/2	•:	5	51/2
N99a	5	31/2	3	31/2	5	6	5

Enrique comments that 'it has a more attractive style than the original NIMZO, but it doesn't score better'. In fact the above table shows it does score a little better, but still not to the sort of standard N98 has been achieving.

The upgrade to NIMZO99[a] is available from the *ChessBase* web pages. Any *SS* reader without Internet access and wanting the update .zip file could send £5 to me and I'll put it onto a floppy disk for them.

Another G/60 match I have played recently involved **HIARCS7** and its predecessor HIARCS6.

My score for this went 13-7 in favour of the new version.

Programmer Mark UNIACKE played a similar match using 40/60mins, and the score was a little closer at 12-8.

NOW OUT:

SHREDDER3 and GENIUS6 have come out a little earlier than expected.

I haven't seen SHREDDER3 as yet, but the news relating to GENIUS6 is, perhaps, a little disappointing in one sense.

Richard LANG had intended to bring the new 32-bit GENIUS6 out with the Genius program itself running in 32-bit code. Indeed he has had a version just about upand-behaving for a few months.

However the result, for G6, of the 16->32-bit conversion produced little or nothing extra in the way of speed, and Richard tells me that the 32-bit coding occasionally malfunctioned.

In the end, therefore, he decided to stay with the 16-bit version which Richard told me 'contains some changes and

improvements, but does not seem to produce much difference in terms of overall strength'.

So whilst **Genius6** will be a 'good buy' contender for first-time buyers, it may not be so attractive as an upgrade for Genius5 owners from the strength point of view. But it would still be well worth considering for folk who wanted to have **Shredder**, **W Chess**, **Nimzo** or **Zarkov** running under the Genius interface, with the Genius screen + features, database system, and printing facilities etc.

The W Chess 2000 engine is already available - price £44.95. I will put details somewhere in SS relating to other engines, if I get price and availability info. in time.

Harald FABER's 'half-time score' in his mammoth NIMZO98 v MCHESS PRO7 match was reported in our last Issue.

With NIMZO playing the first 30 games as White, the score was 17½-12½ in its fa-

vour.

The result with MCP7 as White is now in, and again NIMZO got the win, this time by $16\frac{1}{2}$ - $13\frac{1}{2}$, so the total score was:

Nimzo98 34-26 MChess Pro7

However I had not realised that there was a machine discrepancy, in that NIMZO played all its games on an AMD K6/200, whereas MCP7 was on a P/166. Harald says that this is a speed advantage of about 50% to NIMZO, so the result is not reliable for the Rating List anyway... but it supports Harald's view that - if they were given equal equipment - there would not be as much between them as the Rating List gap actually indicates.

MEPHISTO'S NEW MAGELLAN IM-PRESSES: At Countrywide's offices we were keen to check out the new modules for

the **Mephisto Exclusive** boards.

In the midst of the unavoidable pandemonium of the Christmas period, Mike HEALEY still managed to get a 10 game match completed at G/60 between the new MAGELLAN (which is the conversion of the very strong ATLANTA) program), and a Mephisto ACADEMY.

You may ask 'Why the rather elderly Academy?' In fact one had been in for

repair and needed testing, so this seemed a good way to do that... and it does stand at 173 BCF/1985 Elo on our List. The result, however, was an exceptional one for the new program:

Meph MAGELLAN 9-1 Meph ACADEMY

I have also recently received a list of the latest ATLANTA scores from the SSDF testers, and their results (at 40/2) suggest that the SS rating (mainly based on my own testing at G/60), may not have been doing the Atlanta full justice!

Anyway, when Mike's MAGELLAN result and the SSDF figures were all included, the rating shot up by nearly 30 Elo!

TIGER-REBEL combine!

Ed Schroder (REBEL) has announced that he and Christophe Theron (CHESS TI-GER) are co-operating in some of their pro-

gramming work.

The aim is to develop their chess programs together, aiming to improve the strength of both by seeking out the best knowledge and practical methods from each other's program.

There is more information on this elsewhere in SS.

I believe that the next CHESS COM-PUTER WORLD CHAMPIONSHIP will be held in Germany.

The 1999 event will be the **9th. CHAM-PIONSHIP**, and is expected to take place in Paderborn, probably during June.

Fuller details, and the list of entrants when it starts to take shape, will be reported in SS as usual, of course.

CHESS MENTOR have just announced another **new module** for their excellent course.

Entitled "Roots of Positional Understanding", it is by the popular IM and renowned chess teacher, Jeremy Silman.

The new course is intended for intermediate/advanced players - though I still believe the teaching and help method used in Chess Mentor also enables weaker players to make good use of such modules.

The Internet's Komputer Korner

(Canada's Alan Tomalty) rates the new module as 'outstanding'.

He says: 'If you already have Chess Mentor you simply must have this new module. Some of the positional concepts that are explained are very advanced, but as usual Silman explains what is wrong with most of the bad moves that you attempt.

'That is the real strength of Chess Mentor: it tells you WHY your bad moves are wrong. Silman anticipates the patzer's bad moves, and tells you why they are no good.

'300 different positional concepts are

covered in this latest module... that's why this course is tremendous - no book in the world has been written to explain why YOUR bad moves do not shape up positionally or strategically'.

The "Roots of Positional Understanding" is priced at the usual £21.95 on its own, as an extra MODULE for folk who already have Chess Mentor Comprehensive, Advanced or de Luxe. Anyone buying the Comprehensive (£59.95) or Advanced (£59.95) new could include 'ROOTS...' and add exactly £21, total £80.95.

Enrique IRAZOQUI's massive auto232 40/40 AII-PLAY-ALL TOURNAMENT for NEW PROGRAMS. PCs=P2/400MHz

Program	H7	J5	MP8	TII	F532	R10	F516	N99a	G6	C161	Total
Hiarcs7	-	4	31/2	4	41/2	7	8	61/2	8	71/2	53
Junior5	6		6	61/2	51/2	5	41/2	5	31/2	81/2	501/2
MCPro8	61/2	4	- 155	51/2	31/2	5½	5	7	61/2	7	501/2
Tiger 11.7	6	31/2	41/2	S	5	6	5½	61/2	6	7	50
Fritz5.32	51/2	41/2	61/2	5		4	41/2	5	7	7	49
Rebel-10	3	5	41/2	4	6		51/2	5	6	51/2	441/2
Fritz5.16	2	51/2	5	41/2	51/2	41/2		4	51/2	8	441/2
Nimzo99a	31/2	5	3	31/2	5	5	6		51/2	61/2	43
Genius6	2	61/2	31/2	4	3	4	41/2	41/2		4	36
Crafty 16.1	21/2	1½	3	3	3	41/2	2	31/2	6		29

Enrique's valuable TOURNAMENT has now really taken shape, and gives a compelling insight into the likely order at the top amongst the new programs.

Of course all of his results are included in the SS Rating List, but it is still very worthwhile to view Enrique's TABLE in its own right. The 40 moves in 40 mins time control is also a good choice. As the programs are running on two very fast P2/400 machines, it is the equivalent of between 40/60 and even 40/80 for many other testers with P/200-233 machines.

Some NOTES are necessary:

1. A beta version of HIARCS7 was used in its early matches. Time permitting its results may be updated at the end of the Tournament, by replaying the first

matches with the final version.

- 2. CRAFTY16.1 is playing as an engine within Nimzo99. Because of the way the 'send move' instruction works under the Nimzo, Fritz and Junior interface arrangement they are all the same Crafty clears all of its hash tables at the same time (i.e. after every move, as if it was playing engine-v-engine on the one computer). Therefore it is operating under a definite handicap, compared with its likely strength as a standalone DOS program.
- 3. The original NIMZO99 was withdrawn part-way through its matches, and replaced by NIMZO99a. All of the first series of matches were replayed, and the results above are <u>all</u> for Nimzo99a. See page 4 for a comparison between Nimzo99 and Nimzo99a results.

CHESS in the U.K.

My page 2 article in SS79, under the heading HARA-KIRI in the CHESS PC world brought a sympathetic and concerned re-

sponse from many readers.

There IS a major concern over the state and future of the computer chess industry. and the new, low price structure means there are likely to be casualties, which noone (outside the industry!) wants.

Those inside the industry don't want it either, if the casualty is likely to be them!

In the UK the place and state of CHESS itself is giving rise to concern in some quarters: falling club membership; a Federation headed by a snooker professional instead of a chess professional; the major Hastings Congress inviting a foreign prodigy to their tournament forcing our own, Luke McShane, to go abroad to earn some money; little press coverage (though I must say that the Telegraph does have good daily and week-end news, games and comment); and no TV coverage at all.

There are some plusses: the Telegraph coverage I've mentioned; Britain is still, probably, the world's no.2 chess nation, despite recent Olympiad shortcomings; two excellent chess periodicals in 'CHESS' and 'The BRITISH CHESS MAGAZINE', SAITEK's enthusiastic support of British Junior chess; and Gary Kasparov!

SAITEK

With the UK Chess Challenge attracting 34,500 players from over 1,000 schools, organiser Mike Basman has confirmed Saitek 'the world's leading producer of portable chess computers as the sponsor for 1999.

Yes, chess should be one of the most popular and challenging games for youngsters, who generally first take up the game at school. It is now widely accepted that chess offers educational and social benefits to youngsters in terms of improved concentration, alert and adaptable thinking and perseverance.

In committing themselves to encouraging chess amongst the youth of this country, Saitek are following the lead some years ago of Mephisto in Germany. The

realisation there of the value of chess from the youngest of age levels was a part of the continuing chess boom in German schools, leading right through to their massive chess Bundesliga... so large and important that many British GM and IM players are over there, earning a living playing and teaching, coaching the school and club players, far more than they are over here!

Saitek's other approach has been to sponsor the England Junior Chess Team, providing funding for coaching and giving the opportunity for more of our young players to be represented in major international and team tournaments.

This has involved a five figure sponsorship deal, and it is really good to see a computer chess company supporting and encouraging chess in this way. I hope the venture will have an enduring impact on youth chess in this country, and that Saitek will get a good reward for their endeavours.

The timing might prove to be just right chess was in the news again with a recent call from our MPs for more government support for the game in the U.K. and for recognition by the Sports Council. Could Britain get gold in the first Olympics of the new millennium? Which leads us nicely to:

KASPAROV

'Chess is a SPORT. It deserves to be recognised as such by the Government, and should be given as prominent a place in the school curriculum as football or cricket. The media should give chess the coverage that it deserves as the most international and inclusive of all sports' said Kasparov, speaking in London before Christmas.

Good stuff... maybe he should be our British Chess Federation President!?

The world champion was visiting our shores again, this time supporting BT in the launch of a new Internet service called 'Wireplay' which plans to put chess on-line to every school in Britain. It is worth noting that he has already pioneered chess as an integral part of the curriculum in other countries (e.g. Israel and Argentina amongst others). I guess he got the idea because, for the last few decades, every

Russion schoolboy has played and loved the great game - including the names of Botvinnik, Keres, Bronstein, Smyslov, Petrosian, Spassky, Korchnoi, Karpov - yes, and Kasparov. A sequence of great Russian champions, or nearly champions, broken only briefly by one man, Bobby Fischer.

And Russia is still the world's no.1 chess-playing nation, despite donating countless top 'former Soviet' players to other nations in more recent times.

So teaching the kids to play chess at a young age works, and the arrival, as we approach the 21st. century, of a good range of cheap (under £150 certainly, some under £100) dedicated chess computers ideally suited to help equip them - as we have seen done in Germany - makes the potential all the greater. And that's still not to mention that we're also in the incredible age of the PC, and all it has to offer the chess player.

On paper, we seem to be on the verge of an explosion in junior chess in this country.

WHY DO CHILDREN LIKE CHESS?

Daniel Johnson, writing in the Daily Telegraph recently, said: 'Why do children like chess? They are good at it: apart from music and mathematics, chess is the only field

that produces genuine prodigies.

It is intensely competitive, yet nonviolent. At chess, children sit still and are silent without realising it. And, despite its image, chess is actually a fast-moving, adrenalin-generating activity: at speed or blitz chess in particular, where a whole game may be played in only 10 minutes.

Kasparov (35 now) thinks he would be lucky to hang on to his title until age 40.

Kasparov has also signed a petition calling for chess to be recognised as a sport in Britain, a motion which already has the support of some 100 MPs. Johnson says: 'The opposition to this long overdue recognition comes from the sports establishment, which does not want chess to compete for scarce public funds'.

CHESS can compete for attention! The

massive rise of interest during the

Kasparov-Short match in 1993 proved so, in no uncertain terms. Massive media interest, with daily TV coverage showing a positive lead, gave us a few weeks of sheer joy.

Part of the explosion in the UK, of course,

was caused by the involvement of a British challenger. Now, in Michael Adams and Matthew Sadler, we have two more top GM's who may well mount a renewed serious challenge from the UK in the future.

Amongst the youngsters, best known is Luke McShane; but Nicholas Pert recently won the World U-18 Boys Gold medal, whilst Ruth Sheldon won the World Girls U-18 Gold! And if you haven't heard of Murugan Thiruchelvam yet, you probably will in 2 or 3 years!

The second contributory factor to the UK chess explosion of 1993 was the fact it was held in London, and the third was the presence of Kasparov himself! I don't think his drawing power should ever be underestimated.

I mention 2 and 3 above, because it may yet be that the next World Title challenge involving Kasparov could be back in London once more. Certainly Kasparov seems to think this is the best place.

Of course the World Championship 'cycles' are in some disarray again - a bit like the World Heavyweight Boxing Title/s!

Kasparov wants to defend his WCC

Title - 'you can't take it away from me by decree - somebody is going to have to sit down across the table from me, and beat me'. These remarks came as he defended the failure of the match against Shirov to materialise. Shirov was the successful candidate after surprisingly beating Kramnik in Cazoria, but funding for the match to take place in Spain or the USA could not be found. Few experts give Shirov a chance.

As far as the FIDE Title is concerned, Karpov is now unhappy that it is supposed to be an annual event - he wants to only face a challenger every two years. He's probably also unhappy that he will have to enter the competition in one of the earlier rounds, rather than see his challenger flown straight over after 1 month of tough, incessant chess against the world's top players, to meet a fresh Karpov the very next day!

To help, they've put the date back from the intended last month (that's obvious isn't it!), to 'sometime in 1999', but Karpov may

still not play.

The best hope is that the very popular Vishy Anand, currently playing better than ever, will win it... to set up a Title unification match with Kasparov... in London. Wishful thinking? We'll see!

CLODRA, 1998

Pretty much an ANNUAL EVENT now, this year **CLODRA** was a very strong SWISS TOURNAMENT, and it resulted in a win for **REBEL-10**!

The TIME CONTROL was G/180. Here is the **FINAL TABLE**, but please read NOTES afterwards, and also check out the SECOND TABLE showing combined scores!

Pos	Program	R1	R2	R3	R4	R5	R6	R7	Tot/7
1	Rebel-10 Bauer	B+ M8t	W+ G3d	B= N35	W+ VC2h	B= C6g	W+ H7b	W= M8f	51/2
2=	M-Chess Pro8 Fuhrwer	W= S3h	B= R10f	W+ K2c	B= F5p	W+ Z4k	W+ C6g	B= R10b	5
	Fritz5 Gnnes	B= H7m	W= Z4k	B= G5	W= Z4g	B+ G3d	W+ K2s	B+ C6g	5
4=	Virtual Chess2 Her	W+ C6r	B+ J5f	W= F5p	B- R10b	W= R10f	B= J5b	W+ Z4g	41/2
	Rebel-10 Friedrich	B= N99k	W= M8f	W+ CSTb	B= J5b	B= VC2h	W+ J5f	W= F5p	41/2
	Fritz5 Poetsch	W+ G3k	B+ CSTf	B= VC2h	W= M8f	B= H7b	W= N35	B= R10f	41/2
	Nimzo99 Kostner	W= R10f	B- S3h	B+ VC2r	W- G5	B+ R30b	W+ C6r	B+ CSTf	41/2
	Hiarcs7beta Mitsdurfer	W= F5g	B- S3b	B- G5b	W+ R30b	B+ CSTb	W+ G3d	B+ N35	41/2
9=	ChessMaster 6000 Gru	B+ G5a	W= Z4g	B+ Z4k	W+ N35	W= R10b	B- M8f	W- F5g	4
	Zarkov4.3 Gmmes	W+ J5b	B= C6g	W= S3b	B= F5g	B= N35	W+ G5	B- VC2h	4
	Genius5 P/60	W- C6g	B+ R30a	W= F5g	B+ N99k	W= J5b	B- Z4g	W+ G3k	4
	Hiarcs7beta Bauer	W- K2c	B+ G3k	W+ S3h	B+ S3b	W= F5p	B- R10b	W= J5b	4
	Junior5 Benstein	B- Z4g	W+ VC2r	B+ G3d	W= R10f	B= G5	W= VC2h	B= H7b	4
	Shredder3 Herklotz	B= M8f	W+ N99k	В- Н7Ь	W- K2s	B+ M8t	W= Z4k	B+ J5f	4
	Kallisto2 Serfling	B- G3d	W+ M8t	W= CSTf	B+ S3h	W= S3b	B- F5g	B+ Z4k	4
16=	Nimzo3.5	W+ R30a	B+ K2c	W= R10b	B- C6g	W= Z4g	B= F5p	W- H7m	31/2
	CS_Tal Fuh	W+ G5b	W- F5p	B= K2s	B= J5f	W= R30a	B+ S3b	W- N99k	31/2
	ChessMaster 6000 Rie	B- VC2h	W+ R30b	W= J5f	B- Z4k	W+ K2c	B- N99k	M+S3P	31/2
19=	Zarkov4.3 Keuter	W+ CSTb	B= F5g	W- C6g	W+ C6r	B- M8f	B= S3h	W- K2s	3
	Junior5 Feverbaum	B+ R30b	W- VC2	B= C6r	W= CSTf	B+ G3k	B- R10f	W- S3h	3
	CS_Tal Bau	B- Z4k	W+ G5b	B- R10f	B= K2c	W- H7m	W+ VC2r	B= G3d	3
	Gandalf3 Kostner	B- F5p	W- H7b	B+ R30b	W+ M8t	W- J5f	B+ G5b	B- G5	3
23=	Gandalf3 Didzuhn	W+ K2s	B- R10b	W- J5b	B+ G5b	W- F5g	B- H7m	W= CSTb	21/2
	Shredder3 Bauermeist	B= VC2r	W+ H7m	B= Z4g	W- H7b	B= K2s	W- CSTf	B- C6r	21/2
	Genius5b P/60	B- CSTf	B- CSTb	W+ H7m	W- G3d	B= VC2r	W- G3k	B+ R30a	21/2
	Virtual Chess2 Rie	W= S3b	B- J5b	W- N99k	B= R30a	W= G5b	B- CSTb	B+ R30b	21/2
27=	Kallisto2 Cyrix	B+ H7b	W- N35	B- M8f	W= CSTb	B- C6r	B- R30a	W= M8t	2
	MChess Pro8 Tauber	W- R10b	B- K2s	W+ R30a	B- G3k	W- S3h	W= R30b	B= K2c	2
	Tasc R30-1995a	B- N35	W- G5a	B- M8t	W= VC2r	B= CSTf	W+ K2c	W- G5b	2
30	Tasc R30-1995b	W- J5f	B- C6r	W- G3k	B- H7m	W- N99k	B= M8t	W- VC2r	1/2

 The main organiser of the CLODRA event is Karsten Bauermeister, and our thanks are due to him for the original basic version of the above CROSS-TABLE.

 The names <u>after</u> each entrant in the PROGRAM listing define the OPERATOR for each version. I have created a shortened form for each in the round-by-round results columns, so that readers can know exactly who played who.

3. The games are played in pubs in villages around Clodra, Germany - but all the operators

are long-time chess computer experts.

4. The PC's in use depend on their respective owners - most were Pentium Pros or MMX machines at 200-233MHz. Thus there is a special reference to Genius5, which ran on a mere P/60!

5. The <u>Hiarcs7beta Bauer</u> was on a K6 which crashed several times, handicapping its result by an undisclosed amount.

Readers will notice that each program was represented TWICE, so there were in a sense 15 programs playing 14 games, rather than 30 programs playing 7! Much more useful for assessing the value of the results.

There was one exception: NIMZO. The operator had used Nimzo3.5 in the previous Clodra event, believing he had improved it by adjustments to the playing style etc., and so

was given agreement to use it again.

Here, then, are the 'TEAM-PAIRING' RANKINGS:

Pos	Program	Score/14	Tie-Break
]	Rebel 10	10	
2	Fritz 5.16	91/2	
3	Hiarcs 7 beta	81/2	
4	Nimzo 99/3.5	8	
5	ChessMaster 6000	71/2	
6=	Zarkov 4.3	7	56
	Junior5	7	49.5
	MChess Pro 8	7	49.5
	Virtual Chess 2	7	46
10=	Shredder 3	61/2	51.5
	Genius 5 (P/60)	61/2	47.5
	Chess System_Tal	61/2	44.5
13	Kallisto 2	6	
14	Gandalf 3	51/2	
15	Tasc R30-1995	21/2	

Karsten Bauermeister adds the following comments as his report: "All participants were in agreement that Rebel-10 played the best chess. It went though the event undefeated, and its win was well-earned!

We were a little disappointed by the play of Nimzo, Shredder and Junior, who did not play as we expected. Hiarcs, Fritz and some others played well, but in a field this strong nearly every one could win. Positive surprises were Zarkov and the new ChessMaster."

As far as I can gather, in addition to Genius5's involvement on clearly inferior hardware, and one of the Hiarcs7 PC's crashing at intervals, the others also used a variety of different processors. Therefore I have decided not to add the results into my RATING LIST as yet.

ENDGAME: Issues & Studies By GRAHAM WHITE

This article is in 2 parts:

[1] ENDGAME STUDIES [2] ENDGAME TACTICAL POSITIONS

In every case it is <u>WHITE to move</u>, and <u>win</u>, with the exception of the very last one.

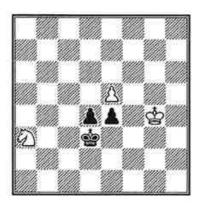
[1] ENDGAME STUDIES

Having recently purchased a couple of the new 32 bit PC engines, JUNIOR5 and REBEL-10, one of the first things I decided to do was to test, with my "old" favourite GENIUS5, a few positions from Jon Speelman's book, "TEST YOUR ENDGAME ABILITY".

Speelman's book is a collection of distinguished Endgame Studies, so I was absolutely amazed to discover (or should I say, be shown!) that, out of a more or less random selection of about 70 positions, no fewer than 8 were faulty in one sense or another!

In this article I would like to show you the following interesting endgames:

GW endstudy1 [Zalkind, 1915]

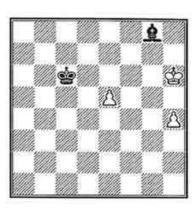


The composer's solution runs: 1.e6 e3 2.e7 e2 3.e8\box\text{\omega} \phi d2 4.\begin{aligned}
\omega d3 5.\beta d4 \\
\omega d4 6.\box\text{\omega} a8 e1\bor\text{\omega} 7.\box\text{\omega} a1 + \omega d2 8.\beta f3 +

However the programs demonstrate an alternative (easier) way to win at move 4: 4.2c4+ \psi d1 5.2b2+ \psi d2 6.2d3 \psi xd3 7.\psi f3

Simple! Remember a 'dual' solution invalidates an Endgame Study.

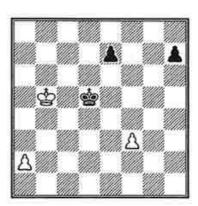
GW endstudy2 [Unknown]



The composer's solution: 1.\$\psig7 \$\oxint{Q}\$c4 2.\$\hsights \$\oxint{Q}\$d3 3.\$\hsights \$\oxint{Q}\$d7 4.\$\oxint{Q}\$f7 \$\oxint{Q}\$c4+ 5.\$\oxint{e}\$f6 \$\oxint{Q}\$g8 7.\$\oxint{Q}\$g7 \$\oxint{Q}\$d5 8.\$\hsights \$\oxint{A}\$

However... **3.e6 ∲d6 4.∲f6**is another 'dual'.

GW endstudy3 [Kupchevsky, 1931]



The intended solution: 1.a4 \pside d6 2.\psi b6 \pside d7

Note that 2...h5 3.a5 h4 etc will result in the same forcing checks as in the intended line, so that is not a real problem. 3.\Phib 7 h5 4.a5 h4 5.a6 h3 6.a7 h2 7.a8\Phi h1\Pmu 8.\Pc8+\Phid 6 9.\Pc6+\Phie 5 10.f4+

However this time there is actually a clear fault! What if Black heads for d7 using a different route?

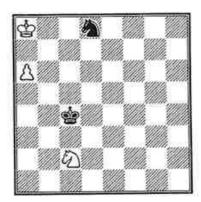
1...фe6!

and there is no win. E.g.

2.**Φb6 h5**

is now perfectly safe: the checks cannot force the Black \$\Phi\$ e5 any more.

GW endstudy4 [Reti, 1929]



Here there is another clear fault. Intended was: 1.\$\psi\$b8 \$\psi\$b5 2.\$\partial b4 \$\psi\$xb4 3.\$\psi\$c7 \$\partial e6+ 4.\$\psi\$b6 ၈ c5 5.a7

Yes, that would win. But if Black instead plays...

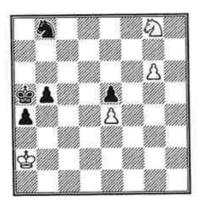
2...2c6+!

the game is clearly drawn! And we haven't finished yet! White does have a win, but not with 1.\$\phi\$b8. Look at this: 1.\$\psi a7! \$\psi b5 2.\$\psi b4 \$\psi a5 3.\$\psi b8 \$\psi c6+ 4.\$\psi b7

Now Black doesn't have 2a5+, so must resort to an alternative, non-successful check, and White wins...

4...9d8+ 5.\$\psi\$c7 \Def{0}e6+ 6.\$\psi\$b8 \\$\psi\$b6 7.a7

GW endstudy5 [Rinck, 1942]



The intended solution: 1.එe7 එd7 2.එc6+ \$b6 3.\$xe5 \$f6 4.\$d7+ 9xd7 5.e5 etc.

Unfortunately in this case there are 2 separate duals!

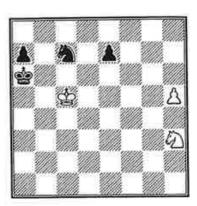
[1]. 1.2h6! also wins. 1...2d7 (or 1...2c6

2.9f5) 2.9g4

[2]. In the main line, after 1.2e7 2d7, 2.2d5 also wins - in fact much more easily: **2...b4 3.g7**

In actual fact, I find it incredible that this second dual at least has always been missed.

GW endstudy6 [Troitsky, 1924]



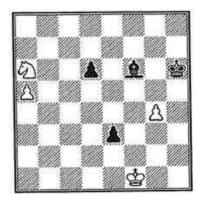
The composer's solution: 1.ହାରୁ ୭ ହିଳ୍ଫ 2.ହାର୍ଥ ହାରୁ 7 3.h6 ହାର୍ଚ୍ଚ 4.ହାର୍ଥ ହାରୁ 8 5.2c5+ \$b6 6.2d7+ 2xd7 7.h7

But what if Black plays the much tougher:

4...2f4!

I have not been able to find a way for White to win. E.gs: 5.2c5+ (5.h7 2g6 6.2c3) 5...\$b6 6.2d7+ Фc7 7.h7 2g6

GW endstudy7 [V & M Platov, 1908]



The intended solution is: 1.g5+ \$\psi\$xg5 2.\$\partial c5 \mathref{\text{g}} d4 3.\$\partial e6+ \$\phi\$f6 4.\$\partial xd4

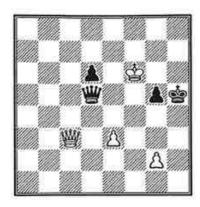
However Black has a much better 2nd. move:

2...∳g4!

This draws, as White must continue with 3. \$\phi\$e2, as 3.a6?? loses to \$\phi\$f3 etc.

In fact 1.2c7 is probably the best winning chance from the initial position.

GW endstudy8 [Prokes, 1947]



The solution: 1.e4! ₩xe4 2.₩h3+ ₩h4 3.g4+ Φh6 4.₩xh4+

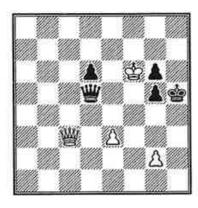
followed by a rather mundane pawn race and skewer:
4...gxh4 5.g5+

However, all of the programs prefer an impressively dominating finish for White at move 4, in:

4. ₩g2!! ₩e1
The threat was ₩g2-a8-h8 mate.
5. ₩h2+

I thought this would be a very nice ending, so I composed another position which removes Prokes' inferior/boring dual finish.

GW endstudy9 [White, 1998]



The solution is the same:
1.e4 ₩xe4 2.₩h3+ ₩h4 3.g4+ Φh6
and now only
4.₩g2! completes the win!

I would conclude that, given the number of faults found within a relatively small sample of positions, and the names of the distinguished authors in this article alone (Prokes, Platov, Troitsky, Rinck and Reti!),

it must be worthwhile, even necessary, to double-check by computer every Endgame Study known.

John Nunn, for example, has bravely admitted to doing this with the analysis in his most recent books, and in particular with his forthcoming and eagerly awaited title, 'NUNN's CHESS OPENINGS'.

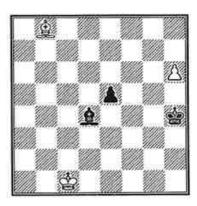
[2] TACTICAL ENDGAME POSITIONS

These are, perhaps misleadingly, marked White-Hallsworth. In fact Graham has sent me a total of 60 positions, with timings on his Pentium200 for Genius5, Rebel-10, and Junior5. But he omitted to send the solutions!

So I started to put those which had caused one or more of Graham's programs a bit of trouble into .cbh format within my Fritz5. Thus the solutions which follow are as per *Fritz5-Hallsworth* - if I've got any wrong, someone will no doubt let me know!

Whether to check up on my efforts, or for the sheer fun of the chess, I do hope readers will put these on their own computers and have a go at them - there are only a few pieces on the board in each case, so they're easily set-up.

GW endgame8 [White-Hallsworth]



Graham: Junior 7secs. Genius needed 30secs. Rebel still trying after 4mins.

1.**⊕a7**

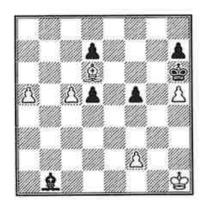
You can see why this works: Black's a must stay on the al-h8 diagonal. If he can do this and play e4 before the h-pawn reaches h8, the game is won by Black. Now taking White's bishop fails, as does any effort to maintain the al-h8 diagonal.

a. 1...♀xa7 2.h7 wins b. 1...♀c3 2.∳c2 ♀a1 3.⊕d4 ♀xd4 (3...exd4 4.\psid3 blocking the pawn and preventing Black's bishop from protecting h8.) 4.\psid3 \psib2 (4...\psig5 5.h7 e4+ 6.\psixd4) 5.\psie4 and the h-pawn can't be stopped;

c. 1...Qa1 2.\dvb1 \Qc3 3.\dvc2 \Qa1 4.\Qd4

is the same as previous line.

GW endgame10 [White-Hallsworth]



Graham: Junior did this in 20secs. Neither Rebel nor Genius had solved it after 4mins.

1.c6

This works for a similar reason to the previous position. In this case White's move forces Black to diagonally double blocking pawns along the crucial h1–a8, enabling White's a-pawn to run.

1...dxc6 2.a6 ⊕e4+

Black appears to have the necessary 2 tempii to move the c and d pawns! But:

3.f3! \(\pmxf3+4.\pm\)h2 c5

One gone. 5.\$\psig3 \text{ \text{\ti}\text{\texi{\text{\texi}\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\texi}\text{\text{\texi}\text{\text{\text{\text{\texi{\texi{\texi{\texi{\texi{\texi{\texi{\texi}\text{\texi{\texi{\texi{\texi{\texi{\texi}\texi{\texi{\texi{\texi

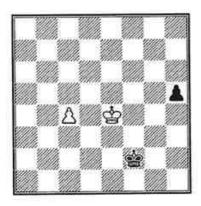
Super – it threatens @f8 mate!

6...\$g7 7.\@e5+ \psif7 8.\@d4!

Cleverly blocking movement off the diagonal again, winning the game.

8...cxd4 9.a7 d3 10.a8

GW endgame11 [White-Hallsworth]

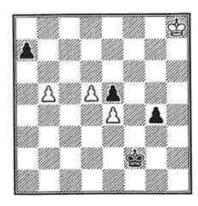


Graham: Rebel was just fastest on 14secs. Genius 22secs. and Junior last on 32secs.

A simple enough case of the 'opposition', though some programs do not get this as immediately as you might expect! 1...h4 2.\particle g4

Black's h-pawn is contained, whilst White's c-pawn cannot be stopped.

GW endgame17 /White-Hallsworth]



Graham: Rebel fastest with 11secs, Junior managed 45secs. Genius failed altogether.

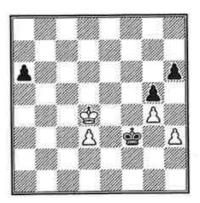
1.b6

A beginner could nearly finish this off, as it's virtually all forced. We need to analyse the apparent alternative, and show why

it (probably) fails:

1.d6? g3 2.d7 (2.b6 is better — but Black doesn't need to play axb6 now: 2...g2 3.bxa7 g1世 4.a8世 世h2+ and White may well win, but there's a long way to go and it's not clear!) 2...g2 3.d8世 g1世 4.世f6+1...axb6 2.d6 g3 3.d7 g2 4.d8世 g1世 5.世xb6+ 堂g2 6.世xg1+ 堂xg1 7.堂g7 堂f2 8.堂f6 堂f3 9.堂xe5

GW endgame18 [White-Hallsworth]



Graham: Genius was easily best with 19secs. Junior needed nearly 3mins and Rebel just over 3mins.

1.Фc4

The king must cover Black's a-pawn and by going to the only correct square. Then it's really just a matter of square calculation, so you'd expect them all to get it easily and quickly. 1.\$\phi\$c3?? a5 2.d4 \$\phi\$f4;

1.\$\psi\$c5? a5 2.d4 a4 3.\d5 (3.\$\psi\$b4 \$\psi\$e4)

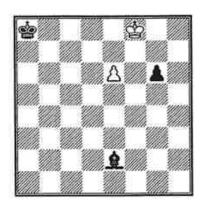
3...a3;

1.Фe5?? a5

1...a5

1... \$\psig 3 2.d4; 1... \$\psif 4 2.d4 a5 3.d5 \$\psie 5\$ 4.Фc5

GW endgame26 /White-Hallsworth]



In this one, White's task is to find and recognise the only drawing move.

Graham: A hard one. Genius needed 2m50, Rebel 3m57 and Junior failed to solve it within the 5mins.

1.Фe7

Let's see how the draw is reached:

1...g5 2.\psid6 g4 3.e7 \@b5 4.\psic5

Now the bishop must cover along the a4-e8 diagonal, and White goes \$\psi d4\$ from where it can stop Black's g-pawn from queening.

Thanks, Graham for your work on these positions, especially those in part [1] showing age-old solutions to be incomplete/faulty!

We'll have a look at a few more from the 2nd. Section in the next Issue. I'll look out for another 'find the draw' position, and we can try to see if the Junior 'contempt factor' gives it a problem with these.

[Pos.1] Tactical (king safety) Test

The following position, from an actual game, appeared on the Internet a few weeks ago.

We know that h-file danger-awareness problems still exist in some programs, so it is useful to have a position involving the theme, and see how they vary. What is White's winning move:



1.**盒xh**6!

On various processors in the P/200-P350 range, some results I've collected are: Zarkov4 Om1s! Fritz5.32 Om19s. Hiarcs6 Om49s. Higrcs7 Om43s. Nimzo98 Om21s. Nimzo99 Om7s. Junior5 20m20s. Rebel-10 3m41s. Crafty16.1 3m18s. CM6000 0m35s. Genius5 12m44. MCPro7 1m50s.

[Pos.2] Kasparov - Deep Blue2

In game 5, after 1.包f3 d5 2.g3 臭g4 3.臭g2 包d7 4.h3 ዿxf3 5.ዿxf3 c6 6.d3 e6 7.e4 ©e5 8. g2 dxe4 9. gxe4 包f6 10. g2 gb4+ 11. 2 d2 the following position was reached:



11...h5!

Kasparov has always questioned the validity of DB2's choice of 11...h5, stating that: "No computer plays this, it is too positional". Thereby he suggests that a human was occasionally intervening in the match, and over-riding DB2's moves (very daring!!). However JUNIOR5 does find and stay with this, at around 30secs on my machine. Of course J5 was not out at the time of the match. Play continued 12. We2 Wc7 13.c3 \$e7 and the game was eventually drawn.

Frank HOLT - LATEST RESULTS from SELECTIVE SEARCH'S REGULAR CONTRIBUTOR!

Frank continues to give SS valuable support with his regular testing and reporting of results.

As always he's sent me some of the best games - and the two I have chosen are particularly interesting, so I've made Frank's report into its own separate article this time.

Having been a Rebel8+9 fan for the past couple of years, readers will have noticed that more recently Frank has started playing the majority of his matches with Nimzo98.

With almost every letter Frank confirms that, for strength, it's 'his no.1!' and I have included a full list of Frank's results with Nimzo98 within this article.

But first his result against high-flying Junior5 has produced quite a shock! As both programs only have the one basic playing style - i.e there are no Solid or Aggressive settings, unless you experiment with various fairly non-obvious features to simulate them - Frank played three series of match on identical settings each time, and the results were:

1	Nimzo98	8-4	Junior5
j.	Nimzo98	8-4	Junior5
3	Nimzo98	81/2-31/2	Junior5

Nimzo98 241/2-111/2 Junior5 Total:

Goodness! In all Nimzo98 won 18, drew 13 and lost only 5, scoring better, in fact, against Junior5 than it did against Junior4.6.

Here is one of its wins, from a rather large selection!

Nimzo98 P/200 - Junior5 P/200 60/60 [E55] NimzoIndian Def

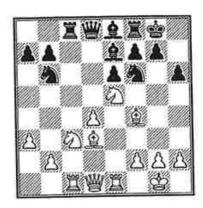
1.d4 刘f6 2.c4 e6 3.刘c3 Ϣb4 4.e3 0–0 5.刘f3 c5 6.@d3 d5 7.0-0 dxc4 8.@xc4 2bd7 9.a3 cxd4 10.exd4 @e7 11.\ext{\mathbb{Z}}e1

Not in my book! 11. @a2 อิb6 12. De5 is usual.

11...2b6 12.⊈d3 ⊈d7 13.2e5 \(\mathbb{Z}\)c8 14.\(\mathbb{L}\)g5 h6 15.£f4 £e8

It's equal so far. 15... £c6 16.2xc6 \(\mathbb{Z}\)xc6 17. e5 is also level.

16.\c1



16...∳h8?

A fairly diappointing and passive choice, to which Nimzo responds by immediately creating a sudden and rather nice kingside attack.

Best was 16...2bd5 17.2xd5 2xd5

17. 曾d2! **包bd5**?

This is also poor, even under pressure, and virtually gives it away. I checked J5 myself to see what it expected, and it actually had the moves which N98 played in its analysis, but with only a -26 evaluation. Not 17...⊎xd4 18.@xh6 ᡚg4 19.@f4 I

assess as White +100.

However 17...g5! is proposed by Hiarcs7 as the best option, and I think it's right, though it expected \$\omega e3... which is fine and probably equal, but not as exciting as this: 18.\(\text{Qxg5!}\) hxg5 19.\(\text{Uxg5}\) \(\text{Dh7}\) 20.\(\text{Uh6}\) f5 21.\(\text{Uxe6}\) \(\text{Ef6}\) 622.\(\text{Uxe7}\) \(\text{Uxe7}\) favours White as it wins either the b7-pawn or, if \$\mathbb{H}\$f7 \$\mathbb{H}\$xf7 \$\mathbb{L}\$xf7, the f5-pawn.) 24.\$\mathbb{H}\$xe7=. A great variation, well worth playing through! Can anyone find an improvement?!

18.\(\pmax\)xh6!

Well played Nimzo.

18...2xc3

18...ව්d7 would be no good as 19.ව්g4! seals Black's fate: 19... 軍g8 20.全xd5 軍xc1 21. ₩xc1 exd5 22. Ze3 heading victoriously to h3!

19.⊕xg7+! Excellent again.

19...∲xg7 20.₩g5+ фh8 21.₩h6+! фg8 22.bxc3



The typical sac' of a dying program, but I can't see anything which could delay the threat of \(\mathbb{I}\)h3 more than this.

Mate threats loom everywhere: now £15 would release the c3—rook to go to h3.

23... ₩xd4 24. ጃc4 ᡚe4 24... ₩xc4 25. ᡚxc4 is m/6.

25.\(\mathbb{Z}\)xe4 \(\mathbb{U}\)a1+ 26.\(\mathbb{Q}\)f1!
Announcing m/6.

26..." 27. 宣h4

27... 2xh4 28. 2xh4 2xf1+ 29. 4xf1 2b5+ 30. 4e1 f5 31. 4h7#. Phew! 1-0

Frank has been hoping for a real improvement being found for the **Genius** series, and I think he had fully intended to upgrade his Genius5 to Genius6. The news that its own engine is still 16-bit with few program changes persuaded him otherwise, so he decided the only answer was to check out the latest **Rebel**.

Again there are 3 sets of results, but whilst Nimzo98 can only play on the one style, Rebel-10 offers easily selected variations. As always, only the <u>default</u> setting goes into the SS Rating List, but the others are included for interest.

Nimzo98 normal 6-6 Rebel-10 normal Nimzo98 normal 4½-7½ Rebel-10 aggress Nimzo98 normal 7½-4½ Rebel-10 solid

Frank comments: "So Nimzo98 has at last

now found an equal in Rebel-10.

"I feel the reason Rebel is doing so well is the Unusual Moves and Sacrifices it produces (with anti-GM mode), but in the endgame I don't think it plays as well as it did before."

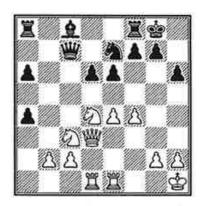
The game choice is one of **Rebel**'s wins, to demonstrate its positive style, set on Aggressive, anti-GM on... including a sac'!

Rebel-10 P/200 agg - Nimzo98 P/200 [B51] Sicilian Rossolimo. G/90

1.e4 c5 2.Ձf3 d6 3.Ձb5+ Ձd7 4.d4 Ձgf6 5.Ձc3 a6 6.Ձxd7+ Ձxd7 7.0-0 e6 8.Ձg5 ৬c7 9.還e1 cxd4 10.Ձxd4!?

Unusual. 10. ₩xd4 2e5 11. Zad1 is the standard continuation.

10...2e5 11.f4 2c6 12.Φh1 h6 13.⊕h4 ⊕e7 14.⊕xe7 2xe7 15.⊎d3 0–0 16.≌ad1 b5 17.a4 bxa4



18.f5

Rebel plays with aggression and gains space, which is one of its characteristics. Most programs choose the more mundane 18.2xa4 e5 19.至e2 exf4 20.世xd6 世xc2 21.至c5 星e8 22.b3 世b2 23.星d2 which seems to give White little or nothing.

18...a3

18... d7 is another idea.

19.bxa3 \(\mathbb{I}\)d8 20.\(\mathbb{I}\)f1!

Rebel's positive play continues to impresses. Watch how Black's king protection is destroyed over the next few moves.

20... **运b8** 21.f6! **全**g6 22.fxg7 **全**xg7 23.**增f3** 23.**全**ce2 **中**h7 24.**运**f6 was another idea, leading to fairly equal chances.

23...**∮e**5

The knight is well-paced on e5, but the key issue is now Black's exposed king.

24. 世g3+ 中h7 25. 宣f6 逗g8 26. 宣xh6+!

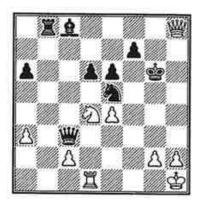
A bold (brilliant?) sacrifice (knight for pawn) to maintain the attack and divert Black's queen from the main action!

26.營h3 單g6 27.單f4 might have been possible to also pursue the full point. However 26.營f4? doesn't look much

However 26.豐f4? doesn't look much good to me: 26...還g6 27.還xg6 ②xg6 28.৬d2 and the attack is ended with Black having the better endgame prospects.

At first 27...2g6 looks to be a suitable solution. But then 28.g4! — with thanks to Hiarcs7 for finding this fine move which secures the advantage for White. Then 28...e5 is best, but 29.g5+ \$\psix\$xg5 30.\$\partial d5\$ winning.

28.₩h8+ фg6



Because of White's back-rank vulner-ability, Black strongly threatens #xd4 here. But Rebel has a refutation ready and waiting... you CAN have the knight!

Now White also threatens mate!

29...2g4

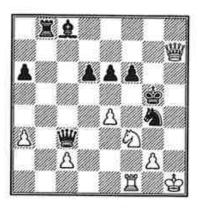
30.h4

30...f6

Black's last hope now is if he should get a chance to play \$\odots f2+.

31. ₩g8+ Φh6 32.h5

Threatening mate once more.



This is a most unpleasant check, following which the game is effectively over.

34...∳f4 35.∮h2+! ∲e3

Now that Black has the chance to play 35... ②f2+... it's no good! 36. 其xf2+ 中e3 37. ②g4+ 中d4 38. 場a7+ wins.

36.ᡚxg4+! ₾d2 37.⊮a7!

And a new mate threat: #f2

37.... **世c5**

38.\u00e4xb8! f5

38... 告h5+ is simply met by 39. 全h2

39. ሞb3! fxe4 40. ሞb2 ሞከ5+ 41. ውg1!

Mate follows: 41... \(\psi xg4 \) 42. \(\psi d4 + \psi xc2 \) 43. \(\psi f2 + \psi e2 \) 44. \(\psi xe2 + \psi c1 \) 45. \(\psi a1 #. \) A really superb game from Rebel-10 1-0

To finish, here is the TABLE I promised of **Nimzo98**'s impressive results on Franks' P/200 machines.

		Default	Other	Total
Nimzo98	Rebel-10	6-6	12-12	18-18
Nimzo98	Fritz5.16	181/2-171/2		181/2-171/2
Nimzo98	MCPro7	6-6	131/2-101/2	191/2-161/2
Nimzo98	Rebel9	8-4	12-12	20-16
Nimzo98	Hiarcs6	71/2-41/2	131/2-101/2	21-15
Nimzo98	Rebel8	71/2-41/2	15-9	221/2-131/2
Nimzo98	Junior4.6	231/2-121/2		231/2-121/2
Nimzo98	Genius5	10-2	131/2-101/2	231/2-121/2
Nimzo98	Junior5	241/2-111/2		241/2-111/2
Nimzo98	MCPro6	71/2-41/2	181/2-51/2	26-10

The REBEL - TIGER Project A MAJOR COLLABORATION

The REBEL-TIGER project, by Ed Schroder and the Rebel team

Making a chess program that plays legal chess is no. one, writing a chess program to play a human-alike chess style is no. two, and third beating the world's second best player Vishy Anand... makes one wonder if the sky is still higher!

Anyway Ed Schroder, founder of the RE-BEL company, managed to achieve one, two and three.

It took him 17 years to come that far. Now how to proceed? Can REBEL be made even stronger? Of course it can.

One of the weak points of computer chess programming is the fact that there are only a few good chess programmers in the world, and they all have to do the work alone. Why not solve this weak point first?

Why not join forces?

Why not share knowledge?

Why should top-programmers not share ideas that has made their chess program so strong?

This is exactly the MAIN point of the REBEL-TIGER approach! With this purpose in mind, REBEL programmer Ed Schroder and CHESS-TIGER programmer Christophe Thieron



joined forces a few months ago.

Already it is crystal clear that both programs will benefit from this approach - the first results are very promising.

GOALS of the CO-OPERATION

- Include REBEL's strong points in CHESS-TIGER. The result: an even stronger CHESS-TIGER.
- Include CHESS-TIGER's strong points into REBEL. The result: more playing strength for REBEL.
- Release CHESS-TIGER as a stand-alone version in the REBEL

interface, also using a Rebel-type opening book (the present Tiger book is very small!)

Create a program that includes both engines, and develop a smart algorithm (a kind of referee) that decides which engine will be used for the current board position. The result: an even higher quality of moves (games).

About CHESS TIGER

As CHESS TIGER has not been commercially available, many SS readers will only know about it from somewhat occasional results printed in the magazine.

Christophe Thieron, author of CHESS-TIGER, did not even make it into 'MEET THE PROGRAMMERS' in issue 79! A major omission, but we forgive you, Eric!:-) The following 'CHESS-TIGER Hall of Fame' points to its credentials already:-

 2nd place in the French microcomputer championship in Oct 97.

 3rd place in Paderborn (Germany) Feb 98, beating 2 multiprocessor programs (Zugzwang and P.CoNNerS).

 1st place in Torsten Schoop's amateur programs tournament (Sep 98).

 3rd place in the French microcomputer championship (Sep 98).

 1st place in the Spanish microcomputer championship (Sep 98).

 1st place so far in Shep's 1998 championship III.

Christophe started chess programming at the age of 17 in 1982. Like Ed himself, Christophe also started with his chess program on the good old TRS-80 1.77 MHz. In those days this was the only available Personal Computer!

Today CHESS-TIGER is a super strong chess program that especially excels in playing other computer opponents. For an impression of CHESS-TIGER's current playing strength, readers can check the NEWS PAGES and see how it is progressing in Enrique Irazoqui's 40/40 tournament.

The REBEL-TIGER results page on the

REBEL web pages site also show that the current CHESS-TIGER can definitely compete against the world's strongest PC chess programs. These results are:

Match		40/2	Game 1hr
TIGER	NIMZO98	131/2-131/2	311/2-261/2
TIGER	GENIUS5	12-9	301/2-191/2
TIGER	SHREDDER2	101/2-91/2	20-12
TIGER	HIARCS6	71/2-61/2	231/2-201/2

New results will be added when CHESS-TIGER is running in the REBEL interface, when it will automatically have all the advantages of REBEL's big opening book and learning algorithm, and we will see how fruitful are the first ideas of the "Ed/ Christophe" cooperation within the TIGER!

EXPECTATIONS

One of CHESS-TIGER's search algorithms has now been implemented in REBEL, and then been further improved by Ed Schroder, giving a speed-up in some REBEL work by a factor of 2-3! The first results are very promising and, for the moment, the conclusion is that Christophe's idea has given RE-BEL an Elo jump of at least 30 points, and perhaps as much as 50 points.

Christophe is already investigating if Ed's own improvements to the search algorithm for REBEL will also work for TIGER!

One definite improvement incorporated for the future TIGER is the implementation of REBEL-10's king safety methods.

This is very encouraging for us. We expect the continuing cooperation between the two leading chess programmers will make both REBEL and CHESS-TIGER much stronger chess players. Our expectations are high. The whole idea (to combine 17 and 16 years individual chess programming ideas) is estimated to have an eventual potential of perhaps 100-150 Elo points progress!

REBEL and other INTERNET matters

by Eric

It is becoming common practice to put update program versions as .zip files on the Internet. Sometimes - as in the case of Nimzo99a - these are program updgrades. More frequently they are to correct a userreported 'bug' (which probably only affects 1 in 100 owners, due to some particularly unusual PC configuration or setup). On other occasions they may make a feature easier to use in some way, or improve compatability for importing files from other souces for testing or whatever.

If you're on the **Internet** then it's easy enough to get these for yourself.

From the ChessBase site http://www.chessbase.com and go to the **Download** section there is:

 ChessBase Light (free, cut-down version of CB6.0)

 Crafty16.2 (the latest Crafty engine at the time of writing, though Crafty16.3 expected any day)EXchess2.51 improved version

 Fritz5.32 update which corrects crashes in engine tournament cross-table on some computers, and auto232 saving

CometA98 improved version Nimzo99a... 'stronger engine'

From the Rebel site [for subscribers only]:

 RebelBase updates, to keep your top Rebel database up-to-date with games from latest major tournaments

 Analysed Opening books EOC chess trees - currently for Fischer,

Kasparov, Anand and Timman Rebel-10 engine for EPD2DIAG. Your

R-10 CD has a Rebel9 engine for use within EPD2DIAG. The R-10 engine is fine tuned for this work and even faster. Rebel-10 engine for ECTOOL. Same

comments as for the EPD2DIAG above this engine uses the new Tiger algorithm which has improved Rebel.

Rebel-10b. 'Fixes some bugs; adds support for the Kasparov-Mephisto autoboards; better Elo calculation; automatic game annotator whilst playing, and other small improvements

From the Novag site

[http://www.novag.com] there is: New Universal board driver for

FRITZ5.16!

If all goes to plan, drivers for FRITZ5.32, ĤIARCS7 and REBEL-10 should be there soon!

FRANCESCA at the Chess Club

TOM KING takes his good lady to the CHESS CLUB!

There was reference in SS79 to the improved form of FRANCESCA since programmer Tom KING had decided there was a need for more knowledge.

Recently Tom wrote to say he had taken 'her' down to his CHESS CLUB and challenged players there to a game. Although only on a P/133, the score went 9-0=0 in favour of Francesca - some going.

Tom is going to put together an article for us soon, but I am doing the first one, with a couple of games, as his wife is 7 months pregnant and Tom is 'rather busy' just at the moment.

Before the games, here are some latest computer-computer results from Francesca. This is his latest version - 0.63 - which also runs with Tim Mann's Winboard interface, which aids automated testing.

		Time	Score
Francesca0.63a	Comet A90	40/2	101/2-91/2
Francesca0.63a	Comet A90	60/1	7-10
Francesca0.63a	Gnu4.77	60/1	41/2-11/2
Francesca0.63a	GunWinboard	?	81/2-11/2
Francesca0.63a	Crazy Bishop	?	41/2-31/2
Francesca0.63a	Comet A97	?	4-4

As Tom says, "Things are looking good."

Here are two games:

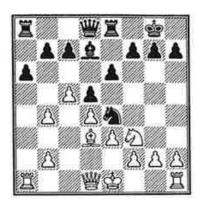
Club 140 - Francesca P/133 [E20] NimzoIndian Def. G/5

1.c4 ②f6 2.d4 e6 3.②c3 ②b4 4.②d2?!
Probably not the best way to proceed.
4.e3 4.₩c2 or 4.②f3 are all more usual.
4...0–0 5.a3 ②xc3 6.②xc3 d5

New to me. 6...b6 7.e3 2e4 is book. 7.2b4 2e8 8.e3 2c6 9.2f3 2xb4 10.axb4 2d7

10...dxc4 11.\(\exists xc4\) \(\begin{array}{c}\delta d6\) was worth considering − the Club player takes the opportunity now to gain some space and a small advantage.

11.c5 De4 12. Qd3 a6!



A very necessary prophylactic move, preventing intrustion by b5.

13.\\\\ xe4?!

13.世c2!? 包f6 14.包g5 would have left White with a small initiative.

13...dxe4 14.2e5?!

14.全d2 was needed to stop Francesca's next, which really puts White in long—term trouble. However 14...e5 (14...全b5 15.全xe4全c6 16.全g3 is unclear) 15.d5 世g5 still looks better for Black.

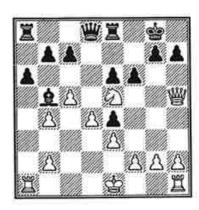
14...**£b**5!

Trapping the king in the centre.

15.**智h**5?!

White fails to accept that his potential attack doesn't exist any more, and that reorganisation is the new order of the day. Better was 15.\(\mathbb{L}\)c2 f6 16.\(\Dar\)c4 e5\(\overline{\pi}\); or even the quiet 15.b3

15...f6



16. 当f7+

How hard it is – especially against a computer program written by a friend – to retreat. But every new advance digs the hole deeper. 16.2g4 was better, leaving the queen on h5 where it would be safer and might yet intervene when Black attacks.

16...中的8 17.全g4 型d5!

Apparently final destruction by threat-ening mate: #d5-c4-e2.

18.\alphac1

White had a rather interesting reponse available here: 18.全h6!? threatening its own mate as 18...世c4???? 19.世g8+ 異xg8



Programmer Tom King

20.217# is the well-known smothered mate.

UnfortunatelyBlack has an unpleasant surprise available in 18... d7! when White has no choice but to play 19. dxd7 exd7 20. g4 and now 20... h5 wins the knight and the game.

Also in reply to 18.2h6!? I believe 18...gxh6 19.\text{\text{\text{g}}}\text{xf6+ \text{\text{\text{\text{\text{g}}}}}\text{8} 20.\text{\text{\text{\text{w}}}\text{xh6} \text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{g}}}}}\text{8}}

wins.

The 19.2h6 trap was still preferable – although we have seen that it wont work from a mate point of view, it gives White his best chances.. 19...gxh6 20. ₩xf6+ фg8 etc.

19...\u00e4xb2!

Freed from the mate trap/threat, Francesca plays its own killer move, which is actually a forced m/7. We'll follow it through...

20.2xe8??

Horrible — it allows m/1! But let's check the alternatives: [a] 20.罩c2 \(\psi \) xc2 21.\(\psi \) h5 \(\psi \) c3+ 22.\(\psi \) d1 \(\psi \) a4+ 23.\(\psi \) c2+ 24.\(\psi \) f1 \(\psi \) c1+ 25.\(\psi \) c2 \(\psi \) xc4 \(\psi \) xc

Playing through this game brought to my memory some of the "GOLDEN don't-do-this RULES" for chess players!

Here are some of those I can remember or still have a note about from my younger days:-

 Don't try to do too much until you've developed your pieces

Don't forget to castle

Don't expose your king by the rash pushing of pawns

Don't try for a first round knockout

Don't waste time defending against threats that aren't there

6. Don't snatch pawns unless you're sure

7. Don't ignore pins - they need to be broken

Don't just ignore your opponent's last move

 Don't disregard the thinking and analysis you've done by playing a move that suddenly pops into your head

None of these are new ideas, but I think I should speak to myself again about some of them, especially no.9! I'm sure our **Club** 140 player would agree as well!

Another issue emerging from both games is the question of opening play. The book openings we have learned are there because they are tried and tested, but memorisation alone wont produce a 200 BCF grade. We have to know something of the strategy of the lines we choose:

1. What is the right pawn structure in my

opening?

2. Which are the key pawns and key squares?

3. What pawn weaknesses such as isolated, doubled or backward pawns exist on either side of the board?

Where do the pieces belong, and what are

they supposed to be doing?

Has my opponent placed a pawn or a piece

where it shouldn't go?

6. Am I supposed to play aggressively, steadily or quietly in my opening - do I need to do things now, nurture small advantages, put pressure on an enemy weakness, or is my position designed for an advantageous endgame?

Okay, so I know we have to survive the TACTICS however nice our plan is! But when we know what the aims of an opening are, we'll understand better which lines actually suit our style! Knowing the strategy of an opening will result in our play becoming more balanced.

Let's see what the next game brings!

Francesca P/133 - Club 140 [A40] Unusual replies to d4. G/5.

1.d4 2c6

Classed as 'unusual replies to d4'!

2.d5

Not top-rated in the view of theory experts – but I think the space White obtains with this suits computers quite well, so I'd be happy for Hiarcs to play it.

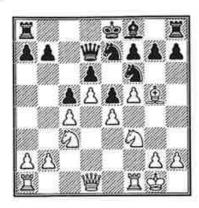
2.e4 e5 3.2f3; 2.2f3 d5 3.c4; and 2.c4 d5

3.2f3 are 'the' book lines.

2...2e5 3.e4 d6

Here 3...e6 is 'book', but 4.dxe6 dxe6 5.\psi xd8+\psi xd8 6.f4 \(\hat{2}\)c6 7.\hat{2}\forall f3 is hardly something to look forward to for Black. So why not try something new?

4.f4 \(\hat{2}\)g6 5.\hat{2}\)f3 \(\hat{2}\)g4 6.\(\hat{2}\)b5+\(\hat{2}\)d7 7.\(\hat{2}\)xd7+\(\hat{2}\)xd7 8.0-0 e5 9.f5 \(\hat{2}\)6e7 10.c4 \(\hat{2}\)f6 11.\(\hat{2}\)c3 c5 12.\(\hat{2}\)g5



Not a position any of us is likely to have seen before! Black has been allowed to block the centre, so might have some time to sort his restricted position out. Unfortunately the other outcome is that he has the wrong-coloured bishop, which is also struggling to even get into the game.

12...h6? 13.\(\text{Qxf6 gxf6 14.}\(\text{Db5 a6 15.}\)\(\text{Ba4}\)

This seems a bad idea – the king indeed will end up slowly walking to a7. Blocked centres allow more negotiating time, but there are limits.

Better must have been 15...0–0–0!? 16.2c3 \(\frac{1}{2}\)xa4 (to take the sting out of any proposed q—side attack which might arise in Francesca's move—list since 0–0–0) 17.2\(\frac{1}{2}\)xa4 and now h5 to get the bishop out at last, via h6.

16. la5+ dc8 17. dc3 llc7

A good idea, as in my note to 15...\$\psi d8. However here White can simply refuse! 18.\psi a4 \psi b8 19.\psi e8+?

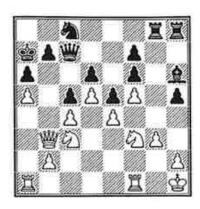
A waste, letting Black back into the game. Opening up the q-side with 19.b4 looks correct to me. Then 19...cxb4 20.\(\mathbb{U}\xxb4\) h5 21.\(\mathbb{Z}\ablab1\) \(\emptyreantine{\mathbb{U}}\alpha\) 6 22.\(\mathbb{Z}\alpha\) fel maintains a clear advantage.

19...එc8 20.ФhĨ ⊉g7 21.₩a4 එb6 22.₩b3 Фa7

Black's rooks are connected at last and, whilst White has some advantage due to Black's still-bad bishop, the game is much closer than it was.

23.a4 \(\mag\)8
The Club player, having nearly equalised, immediately gets over—optimistic!
24.a5! \(\hat{2}\)c8 25.\(\mathbr{E}\)fd1 h5 26.g3 \(\mathbr{E}\)h6

Free at last! 27.\mathbb{I}f1



27...**⊉e3?**

There are usually various possibilities in a position waiting to be unearthed, but this is not the one on this occasion.

Instead 27...h4 is definitely interesting: $28.\mathfrak{D}xh4$ ($28.\mathfrak{D}b5+?$ axb5 29.cxb5 $\Psi d7$) $28...\mathfrak{D}f4!$ which is rather nice, though White still has an advantage after 29. $\mathbb{Z}g1$

Hiarcs7 suggested 27... \(\mathbb{E}\)g4!? could be played first, to prepare h4. It took me quite a while to find that 28.\(\mathbb{E}\)g1 h4 29.\(\mathbb{D}\)xh4 \(\mathbb{E}\)f4 30.\(\mathbb{E}\)g2 is still in White's favour.

28.9b5+!

This is a very unpleasant check which leaves Black with no choice but to remove the knight.

28...axb5 29.cxb5! \dd d7 30.b6+

Great play by Francesca.
30...\$\phi\$b8 31.\$\psi\$xe3 \$\mathbb{Z}\$g4 32.\$\mathbb{Z}\$fc1 \$\psi\$b5 33.b3
\$\psi\$b4 34.\$\mathbb{Z}\$c4! \$\psi\$b5 35.\$\psi\$c3 \$\alpha\$e7 36.\$\mathbb{Z}\$g1?!

There is no need for this moment of uncertainty. It was quite safe to play 36.\(\mathbb{Z}\)c1 \(\mathbb{Z}\)hg8 37.b4 straight away.

36...\(\mathbb{Z}\)hg8

Black's small misjudgement gave Black time for 36... Ec8! 37. Ec1 Egg8 which gives better chances for survival.

37.\(\mathbb{G}\)c1 \(\mathbb{G}\)8g7?! 38.b4! \(\mathbb{G}\)g8

38... ፵xf5 makes no difference: 39.exf5 ፲xc4 40. ፵xc4 ሧxb4 41. ሧxb4 cxb4 42. ፵d2 ፲g4 to stop ፵e4! 43. ፲c7!+39.bxc5 dxc5 40. ፵xe5

40. \(\mathbb{I}\)xc5 \(\mathbb{H}\)e8 41. \(\mathbb{I}\)c7 is even stronger... but it's all over whichever way!

40...2xd5 41.exd5 fxe5?

Black could have played 41... \(\mathbb{Z}\)xc4 \(42.\mathbb{D}\)xc4 \(\mathbb{Z}\)d2...\(\mathbb{D}\)xc4 \(43.\mathbb{D}\)xc4 \(\mathbb{E}\)e8 taking into a hopeless endgame, which would only delay the inevitable, and Black may well have had enough!

42. ₩xe5+ фa8 43. \(\mathbb{Z}\)xc5 \(\mathbb{U}\)d7 44.a6! \(\mathbb{Z}\)e8

45.\u00e4xe8+!

Announcing m/3. 1–0

HIARCS7 REVIEWED

Editor's note: Most folk know that I am involved part-time with the HIARCS team... a team which is, in fact, all 'part-time' doing 'proper' jobs to earn a living. My place in the HIARCS set-up is as the Opening Book programmer.

For this reason I did not want to write the H7 REVIEW myself, so persuaded two friends (also addicts!) to do it for me. Here is what I've been sent - the authors remain anonymous and I've made some small changes. A very similar article will appear in Schach & Spiele.

REVIEW OF HIARCS 7.0

Hiarcs has been among the elite programs of the chess software World for a number of years now, and in mid December 1998 the eagerly awaited Hiarcs 7.0 was released to

the public.

In 1997 Hiarcs 6.0 took the rating lists by storm and led the *SSDF* and *SS* rating lists throughout most of 1997. Hence, as you can imagine, after waiting 18 months for the new Hiarcs version a lot is expected. After literally hundreds of test games we expected that the promise of an even stronger chess engine would have been achieved and, from Enrique Irazoqui's recent REVIEW, it is clear we have not been disappointed!...

"In a computer chess world increasingly dominated by the fast searchers, it has been refreshing to see Hiarcs 7 winning the mammoth tournament I just played with all the commercial leading programs.

At some 35K nodes per second on a PII/400, Hiarcs is up to 11 times slower than other programs, but it knows more and it is not caught by the fast monsters in tactical complications.

It has a very active and attractive playing style and it is second to none in the endgame. It is faster in tactics, more knowledgeable and stronger overall than Hiarcs 6, which is already one of the 3 or 4 best programs around. Hiarcs 7 is my current program of choice when I need help to evaluate a position and it will probably become the new leader in computer rating lists.

"Once upon a time, such a slow searcher

would need slow time controls to perform at its best when playing other programs, but this is not the case any longer.

At game in 5 minutes, Hiarcs 7 defeated Junior 5 by 25-9 and Fritz 5 by

15-9.

At slow time controls, Hiarcs 7 just won very convincingly in my last tournament, ahead of Junior 5, Mchess 8, Fritz 5.32, Chess Tiger, Shredder 3, Rebel 10, Fritz 5, Nimzo 99, Genius 6 and Crafty.

"I have some reservations regarding king safety, which was already a problem in Hiarcs 6. Hiarcs 7 seems more than happy about leaving its king unprotected if this lets him seize the initiative, and since programs are notoriously incapable of having long term plans Hiarcs gets away with murder when playing against them. I wonder if strong human players would be as graciously forgiving".

THE PACKAGE

Hiarcs 7.0 comes on one CD-ROM together with two user manuals and a quick reference card. It runs under MS-DOS, Windows 3.11, 95, 98 and WindowsNT. To top this off, it even runs on Macintosh computers, and is the only top chess program converted to do this.

On the Macintosh Hiarcs 7.0 is much stronger than any of its rivals, in fact strength wise it currently hasn't got a serious rival on the Apple computer! [An 8-2 win by Hiarcs 6 over its nearest competitor, MacChess, was reported on the Internet recently.... Eric].

PC owners should note that Hiarcs 7.0 remains a 16-bit DOS program. With a DOS shell under Windows typically 128Kb of hash tables is achieved, which is enough for the casual user. For the power user top strength is achieved through extended memory hash tables.

This is easily done by booting-up the computer to safe mode using the [F8] trick,

command prompt only.

In this way no memory managers are loaded, so running Hiarcs by [hiarcs -x] or [hiarcs -b] lets the program grab all the memory for itself!

Hiarcs 7.0 supports multiple languages: English, German, French and Spanish. It is copy protected using CD-ROM refuels rather like Fritz and Genius.

On the Macintosh only English and German are supported but there is NO copy

protection.

The CD-ROM also includes the Hiarcs 6.0 version for the PC and the Macintosh.

THE CHESS ENGINE

The chess strength has clearly improved in HIARCS 7.0, so much so that the claimed +55-60 Elo improvement by the Hiarcs team may be quite accurate. This seems amazing when I think about how strong Hiarcs 6.0 is!

The chess engine is certainly faster - approximately a 20% speed up I reckon - and the improved tactical search is often much quicker to see combinations. The positional evaluations seem a little better too, more accurate throughout and also giving even stronger endgame play.

So, the chess strength is superb and the well known human-like playing style is retained with its obvious unrelenting will to

win. Sometimes the chess can be unorthodox (or even outrageous) but it certainly seems to get results, even against the toughest opposition.

Isn't it surprising that even in this day and age of 32-bit programs that a 16-bit DOS

Eric and Mark Uniacke working hard on Hiarcs7

program still may be the strongest!

NEW FEATURES

Enough of the chess engine for now, what of the new features I hear you ask.

Well, Hiarcs boasts a huge, almost 490,000 position opening book which has been hand tuned with some of the latest chess theory, apparently including a number of true theoretical novelties (Eric says!).

I think it refreshing that some opening books are not relying purely on IM/GM games databases for their construction. To complement the extensive book Hiarcs 7.0 contains an improved book learning algorithm.

A very important addition to Higher 7.0 is Positional Learning. Hiarcs is now capable of learning from its experiences when out of book! This feature is extremely useful for the user in analysing positions as Hiarcs learns more about the position the more you work through the variations.

In fact just playing through a variation in Monitor mode can be enough to completely change Hiarcs' opinion of the origi-

nal position - it really learns!

Another significant new feature is the Anti-Human option, which makes Hiarcs try to create the type of positions humans find difficult to handle against a computer, like complex open positions.

Perhaps even more important, the feature makes Hiarcs try to avoid the traditional anti-computer strategies such as

locked pawn chains etc!

In this mode it is reckoned that Hiarcs possibly plays something like 50 Elo weaker against computer opponents, but maybe stronger against flesh and blood opponents. While the evaluations are different and it does seem to create more difficult or complicated positions - I am not con-

> vinced it plays better against human opponents - but it's hard to tell when you lose most of the time anyway! Anyway, until more testing has been done, I am sticking to the default playing style when I'm analysing games, to make sure.

Apart from these two main features there are a number of smaller improvements:

1. Current 'time on move' clocks are now provided to give information about the last move times of each side.

2. Book move values can be displayed in the move list, clearly showing book values for all the game moves - this makes it surprisingly easy to see if I have made a bad book move!

New VCR type short cut buttons are provided on screen, and older principle variations can be displayed with multi-line analysis.

4. It is also now possible to run the book

editor with extended memory hash tables running. Book editing in Hiarcs6 had to be done with minimum hash, which slowed it down quite considerably, so this is a great bonus for all of us who enjoy trying to add to or improve on the supplied 490,000 book.

One of the smaller improvements which I especially like is that Hiarcs 7.0 now displays the current **hash table efficiency** on screen as a percentage. 100% indicates the hash table is operating optimally then, as time progresses, this number slowly drops.

According to the programming team all figures above 75% are fine, but once lower numbers start appearing they indicate a reduction in hash performance - fascinating stuff!

Yet another nice improvement is that book and analysis moves in Monitor mode, and Hint moves in both Monitor and Normal play, are all selectable with the mouse, so I can play these moves immediately. This also includes mouse selection of any move in 'K-variation mode' (discussed below).

USING HIARCS 7.0

While the appearance of Hiarcs 7.0 is clearly DOS-like it has all the features of drop down menus, on-screen buttons, dialogues etc which we have all come to expect from a good quality ches program

ches program.
While the User interface is not in the class of the very best like Fritz it is very business like and easy to use.
Also plenty of file

formats are supported for the exchange of chess data, like HSV (Hiarcs' own format), EPD, PGN and CBF.

On the database front it is simple to create or update PGN and CBF databases, and limited database search filtering is possible on fields, e.g. player names, ECO codes etc.

Another great feature in Hiarcs is the ability to play through games in Monitor mode where Hiarcs will automatically analyse each position as moves are being played.

This is further augmented by the ability to simultaneously compute what Ingo Althoeffer's articles in *Selective Search* some time ago termed 'the best K variations', i.e it can show the evaluations and analysis for the best 2 or the best 3 moves (in its opinion) by working on them simultaneously. This slows the search down a little, compared with asking Hiarcs to analyse for only the best move, but in many positions the extra information can be quite illuminating and helpful.

The engine itself can be customised in a number of ways with three selectable search styles and six different search selectivities, starting from 0 the old Brute Force.

Hiarcs is also one of the few programs to also support the Fischer variation of **Shuffle chess** with the exception of Fischer castling. It certainly makes for an interesting and sometimes quite perplexing game, if you are bored with all the opening theory of traditional chess! Perhaps Eric (who is our esteemed **SS** editor as well as the Hiarcs opening book editor) will start work on new

opening books for all of the possible Fischer variation set-ups!... errrr. only joking Eric!

One of the things that strikes you most after using Hiarcs 7.0 for a good while is that this program is as rock solid as you could imagine any software to be. Clicking the mouse wildly all over screen brings nothing but faithful com-

pliance. Eric says that in 18 months of really heavy usage Hiarcs has never crashed or exhibited any unusual behaviour at all! My experience in using Hiarcs is the same.

Overall I believe **Hiarcs 7.0** should be on the "MUST BUY" list of all chess players wanting one of the absolute strongest, if not the strongest chess programs - and with a really entertaining and genuine playing style. Highly recommended.

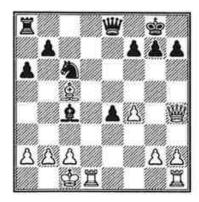


Screenshot from the Hiarcs7 v Fritz5.32 game, featured later in this article

Here's the HIARCS-FRITZ game, referred to in the REVIEW article - one of THE BEST computer-computer games I've seen for a long time!

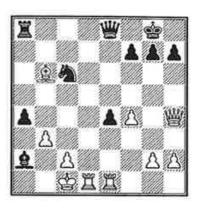
Hiarcs7 P2/400 - Fritz5.32 P2/400 [B95 Sicilian] Irazoqui 40/40 (game 2)

1.e4 c5 2.2f3 d6 3.d4 cxd4 4.2xd4 2f6 5.2c3 a6 6.2g5 e6 7.2c4 Usual book moves, in popularity order, are 7.f4 (top by a long way), 7. 4d2, 7. 4f3, 7. 2e2, 7. 4d3 and only then 7.2c4 (which does not have a particularly good +=- score to support it. However we had decided, on the basis of a couple of GM games, to give it a reason—able profile in Hiarcs7! 7...@e7 The most usual and best reply, although 7...b5 also has a good record. However H7's 7.2c4 has caught Fritz out, and it had to find the move itself. 8.f4 2xe4?! This time Fritz goes wrong. The difficult line for White is where Black plays 8...h6, though I probably shouldn't tell you this, as I know some of my opening book competitors with Fritz, Rebel, MCP, Genius and company read SS! I'll have to leave you to work it out. In this game both programs are now out of book. 9.2xe4 d5 10. g4 dxe4 11.0-0-0 0-0?! This visibly walks into trouble. The difficulty is in finding something better! 11...@xg5 has been played - and it won! but I'd not be too keen to try it! 12.2xe6! **48** 12...fxe6?? 13.\(\textit{Qxe6}\)+ \(\textit{Qxe6}\) 14.\(\textit{Uxe6}\)+ ♠h8 15.\(\mathbb{Z}\)xd8 wins easily.; 12...\(\mathbb{Q}\)xe6!? 13.@xe6 \u20agec7 might well be better, though I think White still has a useful advantage after 14.9f5 13.9xe7 9xe6 14.9h4 9xc4 15. 2xf8 2c6 Blocking the attack on d8 by 15...f6 was another possibility. 16.Qc5

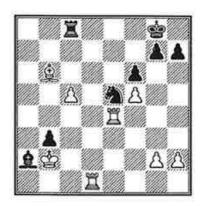


16... \(\Delta xa2?! \) What should we say about this? In fact the bishop is never captured, but it is effectively removed from the game by Hiarcs' immediate response. Like Bobby Fischer, all those years ago, who thought he'd be able to effect the bishop's escape,

Fritz will also launch an interesting rescue attempt. 17.b3 b6!? I couldn't immediately decide whether this was very clever... or not! But the more I've looked at the next few moves, I had to decide that both sides were very clever hereabouts! The immediate 17...a5 provokes 18.\ddotbb2 a4! (if 18...\ddotbb4 19.\ddotbe7! is very strong!) 19.\ddotbxa2 axb3+20.\ddot\doxbb3\ddotb 18.\ddot\doxbb6 a5 19.\ddot\doxbbe1! 19.\ddot\doxbb2? a4! 20.\ddot\doxbbxa2 \ddotbb8!! 19...a4!



We have to have another diagram because, let's be honest, this is really fascinating... the bishop looks as if it might get away! What will Hiarcs do now?! 20.f5! axb3 21. ₩xe4! ₩xe4 No choice. 22. ☒xe4 f6 22...bxc2? 23. ☒d6! 23.c4 ♠e5 24. ♠b2 ☒c8 25.c5



Thorsten CZUB's CHRISTMAS TOURNAMENT PROGRESS

As Thorsten is known on the Internet as **mclane**, his full title for the tournament, now spreading itself well into the New Year, is **mclane's christmas tournament**.

Games are played on Thorsten's two K6/200 machines, and there will be 11 rounds altogether. Latest scores (mid-Jan):

Pos	Program	Score/7	Tie-Break
1	Hiarcs7 beta	51/2	
2	Chess Tiger 11.7	5	
3=	Genius6	4	28.5
	Rebel-10	4	28
	CS_Tal Win95	4	26.5
	Fritz5.16	4	25
8=	Shredder3	31/2	28
	MChessPro8	31/2	25
	Junior5	31/2	23
	Zarkov5	31/2	19.5
12=	The King2.55	3	21
	WChess 2000	3	20.5
14=	Gandalf3	21/2	23
	Crafty 16.3	21/2	22
16	Diep1.60	1/2	

Notes. In round 6:

Genius5 was replaced by Genius6.

 Zarkov4.3 was replaced by Zarkov5, the 'Genius' Millennium version.

■ WChess 1.04 was replaced by WChess 2000, the 'Genius' Millennium version.

Early results in for **round 8** are:

Fritz5.16 v Hiarcs7 beta 0-1 Chess Tiger 11.7 v Junior5 1-0 Genius6 v Rebel-10 0-1 CS Tal v Nimzo98 ½-½ MCPro8 v Diep 0-1 !?!?

Here's a Hiarcs game from an early round.

Nimzo98 K6/200 - Hiarcs7 K6/200 40/120. C36 KGambit Modern.

1.e4 e5 2.f4?!

Oueried only because it's a bold

choice, computer v computer – not that Nimzo would know that!

2...exf4 3.2f3 d5 4.exd5 2f6 5.2c4 2xd5 6.0-0 c6 7.\(\text{Z} e1+

New to me. I have 7.\(\psi\)b3 \(\psi\)d6 8.c4

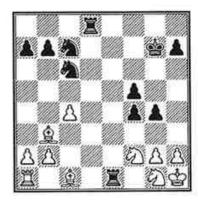
Not 15... 全xf3? 16. 世xf3 包xc6 17. 量d1 with an initiative for White.

16.₩xd8 ≌axd8 17.ᡚf6+ фg7 18.ᡚxg4 ⊕xe1 19.ᡚxe1 ≌fe8



Note the back—rank mate threat which Hiarcs uses to really go on the attack.

20.ᢓif3 f5! 21.ᢓif2 g4! 22.ᢓig1 \(\mathbb{E}\)e1



Looking at Nimzo's pieces you'd think Hiarcs had read Bill Reid's article on 'Statics' in our last issue!

23.g3 **∲g6!**

I would think H7 must nearly have played 23...2d4 from the on-screen analysis when I played through this game. If so 24.2d1 2xd1 25.2xd1 2c2 26.2xf4 2xa1 also gives a useful advantage.

24.gxf4 **全**d4

Now the Black knights are wreaking havoc. White must get out of the pin.

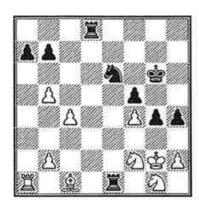
25. g2 gxb3 26.axb3 ge6! 27.b4? 27.h3 looks more to the point, though Black could still play 27...h5 then 28.h4 to

Black could still play 27...h5 then 28.h4 to block the pawns and slow the attack, though 28... \(\mathbb{\textit{H}}\)d4 has got to be winning!

27...h5 28.b5?!

Trying to make it exciting, but 28.h4 2xf4+29.2xf4 \(\mathbb{Z}\)xa1 30.2e2 would be better, though it still leaves Black winning.

28...h4!



29.h3 ②xf4+ 30.@xf4 \(\mathbb{Z}\)xa1 31.hxg4 fxg4 32.c5

32.皇3 wouldn't change the outcome: 32...h3+ 33.皇gxh3 *(33.皇h2? g3+ 34.皇xg3* 臣xg1+; 33.皇h1?? 皇f5!) 33...gxh3+ 34.皇xh3 臣8 followed by 皇f5.

32...∲f5 33.Ձd6 g3 34.Ձfh3 ਵa2 35.∯f3 ਵxb2 36.Ձe2 ≘b3+ 37.ჶg2 ჶg4!

Complete infiltration! The game finished:

38.2hg1 \(\mathbb{I}\)e8

Hiarcs prefers mate threats to the material—winning 38... \sum xb5

41. ⊕f1 ≅h2 and Nimzo has resigned, acknowledging the mate.

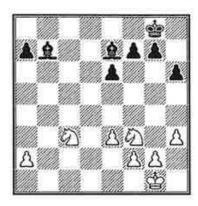
A pretty destructive performance by Hiarcs. 0-1

EVALUATING BISHOPS AND KNIGHTS

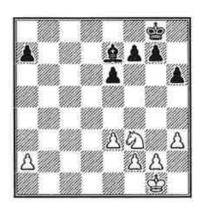
Here's something quick for readers to have a look at, to see how the various programmers rate the **Bishop v Knight** issue.

Positions 2 and 3 are little different to no.1 - just change bishops for knights, or vice-versa. The 2 evaluations we want are [a] the FIRST one you see! and [b] the evaluation AFTER 1 minute, to see if searching has affected the initial preprogrammed knowledge. Please send me your results for a review in SS81.

Position 1. Eval: 2n v 2b. White to move.



Position 2. Eval: 1n v 1b. White to move.



Position 3. Eval: b+n v b+b. White's move.



LATE-January NEWS!

IRAZOQUI'S 40/40 UPDATE

The results for SHREDDER3 have just come in. The matches finished just too late for me to update the RATING LIST, but that will be taken care of for the next Issue for both Shredder and Genius6. Also I will update the IRAZOQUI Tournament Table in SS/81.

	Opponent	Score
Shredder3	Hiarcs7	4-6
Shredder3	Junior5	41/2-51/2
Shredder3	MChess Pro8	41/2-51/2
Shredder3	Fritz5.32	31/2-61/2
Shredder3	Chess Tiger	41/2-51/2
Shredder3	Rebel-10	6-4
Shredder3	Fritz5.16	6-4
Shredder3	Nimzo99a	5-5
Shredder3	Genius6	6-4
Shredder3	Crafty 16.1	7-3

This should give SHREDDER3 quite a decent rating, somewhere around 2560, and nicely above that of the previous version Shredder2, which is on 2535.

Unfortunately the latest results are bad news for GENIUS6, which looks almost certain to have a lower rating than Genius5.

CS_TAL WINDOWS

Bert SEIFRIZ's excellent **GambitSoft** web site reports that CHESS SYSTEM_TAL2, the Win95/98 version, will be released by Oxford Softworks in mid-February 1999.

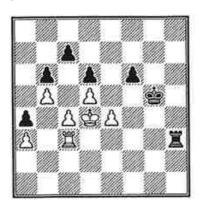
The CS_Tal2 interface will also be Auto232 and Internet Chess Server compatible.

Thorsten CZUB's results in both his Summer and Christmas tournaments indicate that the latest version of this radical and speculative program might also be producing results to attract new buyers.

ANOTHER NEW FRITZ5.32 DOWNLOAD!

A further 'improvement/bug fix' version arrived on the ChessBase web site on 21st.

January! One of the fixes included an en passant bug, found by your editor and reported by him on the 'net earlier in January.



It's Black to play, and the correct move is the obvious 63... \(\text{X} \times 23. \) However FRITZ5.32 has been choosing 63... \(\text{c5} + \text{ with a false mate in 5 announcement, apparently unaware of either dxc or bxc en passant. Given the position as White it immediately recognises that \(\text{d} \times 65 \) en passant is winning for White.

The very latest version is reported to correct this, and also add the ability to mate with bishop and knight, but I haven't had the time to test it yet.

That FRITZ5.32 is not quite functioning at 100% is indicated by its place below FRITZ5.16 on our **Rating List**, despite the fact that the new 32-bit version does give a small speed-up and better maximum hash tables. Quite a few Fritz engine testers have consistently had 5.16 outscoring 5.32. **Anatoli SIROTA** recently reported this:-

G/6 mins	F5.16	F5.32	J5	Total
Fritz5.16	***	321/2	381/2	71
Fritz5.32	271/2	***	361/2	64
Junior5	211/2	231/2	***	45

The new version's first result, from SS reader Mike HURD, has Fritz5.32 beating Fritz5.16 by 14½-5½ at G/60! At last?!

HIARCS6 WINS German 40/2 TOURNY

Hiarcs6 had 11½/18, ahead of MChess Pro8 on tie-break. Fritz5.32 was 3rd. on 11, ahead of Junior5, Nimzo99, Genius5, Nimzo98, Rebel9, Shredder3 & CometA97.

RATING LISTS and NOTES

A brief guide to the purpose of each of the HEADINGS should prove helpful for everybody.

BCF. These are British Chess Federation ratings. They can be calculated from Elo figures by (Elo - 600) /8, or from USCF figures by (USCF - 720) /8. Elo. This is the Rating figure which is in popular use Worldwide. The BCF and Elo figures shown in SE-LECTIVE SEARCH are calculated by combining each Computer's results v computers with its results v humans. I believe this makes the SS Rating List the most accurate available for Computers and Programs anywhere in the world. +/-. The maximum likely future rating movement, up or down, for that particular machine. The figure is determined by the number of games played and calculated on standard deviation principles. **Games**. The total number of Games on which the computer's or program's rating is based. Human/Games. The Rating obtained and total no. of Games in Tournament play v rated humans.

İristan

A guide to PC Gradings: 386-PC represents a program running on an 80386 at approx. 33MHz with 4MB RAM. **486-PC** represents a program running on an 80486 at between 50-66MHz with 4-8MB RAM. **Pent-PC** represents a program on a Pentium at approx. 100-133MHz, with 8-16MB RAM.

PPro-PC represents a program on a Pentium Pro/200-233, or a Pentium MMX//200-233. Users will get slightly more (or less!) if the speed of their PC is significantly different. A doubling or halving in MHz speed = approx. 50 Elo; a doubling or halving in MB RAM = approx. 5 Elo.

Approx. guide if Pentium/100 = 0

- 10 br astr 2	<u> </u>	OHEIGHE TOO 9	
Pentium Pro/233	+80	PentMMX/233	+80
Pentium/166	+40	Pentium/133	+20
Pentium/100	0	486DX4/100	-60
486DX2/66	-80	486DX/50	-100
486DX-SX/33	-140	386DX/33	-200

RATING LIST (c) Eric Hallsworth. BCF Computer 255 HIARCS7 PPRO-PC 249 FRITZ5.16 PPRO-PC 248 JUNIOR5 PPRO-PC 248 NIMZO98 PPRO-PC 247 FRITZ5.32 PPRO-PC 247 HIARCS6 PPRO-PC 247 REBEL-10 PPRO-PC 248 REBEL-10 PPRO-PC 244 REBEL9 PPRO-PC 244 REBEL8 PPRO-PC 242 HCHESS PRO6 PPRO-PC 242 HCHESS PRO8 PPRO-PC 242 NIMZO99A PPRO-PC 243 SAREDDER2 PPRO-PC 236 JUNIOR4.6 PPRO-PC 236 HIARCS6 PENT-PC 235 FRITZ5.16 PENT-PC 235 FRITZ5.16 PENT-PC 231 CHESS GENIUS5 PENT-PC 233 CHESS GENIUS5 PENT-PC 231 CHESS GENIUS5 PENT-PC 231 CHESS GENIUS5 PENT-PC 231 CHESS GENIUS4 PENT-PC 231 CHESS GENIUS5 PENT-PC 231 CHESS GENIUS4 PENT-PC 231 CHESS FRO6 PENT-PC 231 CHESS FRO6 PENT-PC 232 REBEL6 PENT-PC 233 REBEL7 PENT-PC 230 REBEL7 PENT-PC 231 HIARCS4 PENT-PC 232 REBEL6 PENT-PC 233 REBEL7 PENT-PC 234 REBEL7 PENT-PC 235 FRITZ5 PENT-PC 236 CHESSMASTER 5000+5500 PENT-PC 227 HIARCS3 PENT-PC 228 HIARCS3 PENT-PC 229 MCHESS PRO5 PENT-PC 227 HIARCS3 PENT-PC 228 FRITZ4 PENT-PC 227 HIARCS3 PENT-PC 227 HIARCS3 PENT-PC 228 FRITZ4 PENT-PC 229 MCHESS PRO4 PENT-PC 221 REBEL7 486-PC 222 MEPH GENIUS2 486-PC 223 FRITZ4 PENT-PC 224 CHESS PRO5 PENT-PC 225 MCHESS PRO5 PENT-PC 226 MCHESS PRO5 PENT-PC 227 HIARCS3 PENT-PC 228 HEPH GENIUS2 486-PC 229 MCHESS PRO5 PENT-PC 220 MCHESS PRO5 PENT-PC 221 REBEL7 486-PC 222 MEPH GENIUS2 486-PC 223 FRITZ4 PENT-PC 224 REBEL7 486-PC 225 MCHESS PRO5 PENT-PC 226 MCHESS PRO5 PENT-PC 227 MEPH GENIUS2 486-PC 228 HERCH 7 886-PC 229 MCHESS PRO5 PENT-PC 220 MCHESS PRO5 PENT-PC 221 REBEL7 486-PC 222 MEPH GENIUS2 486-PC 223 HERCH 7 886-PC 224 REBELF 7 886-PC 225 MCHESS PRO5 PENT-PC 226 MCHESS PRO5 PENT-PC 227 MEPH GENIUS2 486-PC 228 MEPH GENIUS2 486-PC 229 MCHESS PRO5 PENT-PC 220 MCHESS PRO5 PENT-PC 221 REBEL7 486-PC 222 MEPH GENIUS2 486-PC 223 HERCH 7 886-PC 224 REBEL8 PENT-PC 225 MCHESS PRO5 PENT-PC 226 MCHESS PRO5 PENT-PC 227 MEPH GENIUS2 486-PC 228 MEPH PC 229 MCHESS PRO5 PENT-PC 229 MCHESS PRO5 PENT-PC 220 MCHESS PRO5 PENT-PC 221 REBEL7 HERCH PC 222 MEPH GENIUS2 HERCH PC 223 MCHEST PC 224 REBELF PC 225 MCHEST PC 226 MCHEST PC 227 MCHEST PC	SS80 Feb	1999 +/-	Canon	0.0		16
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248 NIMZO98 PPRO-PC	2589	13	1152	A	2405	10
247 HIARCS6 PPRO-PC	2576	60 15	60 921	2	2502	18
245 REBEL-10 PPRO-PC	2565	39 15	142 914	7	2595	2
244 MCHESS PRO7 PPRO-PC	2554	16	829	9	2619 2530	6
244 REBEL8 PPRO-PC 243 MCHESS PRO6 PPRO-PC	2552 2546	22 18	442 643	10	2474	12
242 MCHESS PRO8 PPRO-PC	2542	21	488	12		12
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241 SHREDDER2 PPRO-PC	2535	16 27	755 277	15	2148	6
236 JUNIOR4.6 PPRO-PC	2495	45	105	16 17		
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235 HIARCS5 PENT-PC	2483	19	565	20		
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234 REBELS PENT-PC	2477	10	2020	23		
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231 MCHESS PRO6 PENT-PC	2454	12	1501	26	2316	4
230 HIARCS4 PENT-PC	2431	14	1187 1008	27 28	2348	16 6
230 REBEL7 PENT-PC	2445		1082 594	29	2242	11
229 MCHESS PRO5 PENT-PC	2443	15	921	30 31	2403 2423	6 19
228 CHESSMASTER 5000+5500 PENT-PC	2431		314	32	2372	6
228 JUNIOR4.0 PENT-PC	2427	17	854 738	33 34	2426	6
22/ NIMZO3.0 PENT-PC 22/ HIARCS3 PENT-PC	2422	16 18	843 628	35 36	2631	(
226 SHREDDER1 PENT-PC	2414	37	151	37	2068	6
226 CHESSMASTER 4000 PENT-PC 225 CHESS GENTUS4 486-PC	2409 2405		104 899	38	2394	12
225 MCHESS PRO4 PENT-PC	2400	19	597	40	2497	13
224 CHESS GENIUS3 486-PC	2400 2396	36 12	159 1382	41 42	2177	6 7
224 FRITZ4 PENT-PC	2394	18	628	40	2310	25
223 FRITZ3 PENT-PU 222 MEPH GENIUS2 486-PC	2385 2376	13 11	1267 1636	45	2382 2263	30 31
221 REBEL7 486-PC	2372	16	789	AL I		
220 MCHESS PENT-PC 220 MCHESS PRO5 486-PC	2367 2365		962 786	47 48	2321 2145	31
220 KALLISTO1.98 PENT-PC	2360	14	1017	49	2345	6
210 MIRKUSS 486-PL	2351	12	1349	50	2187	8

SELECTIVE SEARCH

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[e-mail]: eric@elhchess.demon.co.uk [www]: http://www.elhchess.demon.co.uk/

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RATING LIST (c) Eric Hallsworth. Start Tasc R30-1995 220 HEPH LONDON 68030 217 HASC R30-1993 217 HEPH GENIUS2 68030 218 HEPH LONDON PRO 68020/24 219 HEPH RISC2 1HB 211 HEPH BERLIN PRO 68020/24 209 HEPH RISC2 1HB 211 HEPH RISC2 1HB 212 HEPH RISC2 1HB 213 HEPH RISC2 1HB 204 HEPH LYON-VANC 68020/20 205 HEPH ATLANTA-HAGELLAN 205 HEPH RISC1 1HB 206 HEPH HONTREUX 207 HEPH LONDON 68020/12 208 HEPH HONTREUX 209 HEPH HONTREUX 209 HEPH HONTREUX 200 HEPH HONTREUX 200 HEPH HONTREUX 201 FID ELITE 68040-V10 200 HEPH PORTOROSE 68020/12 201 FID ELITE 68030-V9 202 HEPH HONTREZ-DIAMOND 203 HEPH HONTREZ-DIAMOND 204 HEPH HONTREZ-DIAMOND 205 HEPH HONTREZ-DIAMOND 206 HEPH HONTREZ-DIAMOND 207 HEPH HONTREZ-DIAMOND 208 HEPH HONTREZ-DIAMOND 209 HEPH HONTREZ-DIAMOND 200 HEPH HONTREZ-DIAMOND 200 HEPH HONTREZ-DIAMOND 201 HEPH HONTREZ-DIAMOND 202 HEPH HONTREZ-DIAMOND 203 HEPH HONTREZ-DIAMOND 204 HEPH HONTREZ-DIAMOND 205 HEPH HONTREZ-DIAMOND 206 HEPH HONTREZ-DIAMOND 207 HEPH HONTREZ-DIAMOND 208 HEPH HONTREZ-DIAMOND 209 HEPH HONTREZ-DIAMOND 209 HEPH HONTREZ-DIAMOND 200 HEPH HONTREZ-DIAMOND 200 HEPH HONTREZ-DIAMOND 200 HEPH HONTREZ-DIAMOND 201 HEPH HONTREZ-DIAMOND 201 HEPH HONTREZ-DIAMOND 202 HEPH HONTREZ-DIAMOND 203 HEPH HONTREZ-DIAMOND 204 HEPH HONTREZ-DIAMOND 205 HEPH HONTREZ-DIAMOND 206 HEPH HONTREZ-DIAMOND 207 HEPH HONTREZ-DIAMOND 208 HEPH HONTREZ-DIAMOND 209 HEPH HONTREZ-DIAMOND 200 HEPH HONTREZ-DIAM
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